63 - 71 HIGH STREET HAMPTON HILL TW12 1NH LANDSCAPE DESIGN STATEMENT



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INTRODUCTION



Bradley-Hole Schoenaich Landscape Architects, have been appointed by Greatplanet Limited to prepare the hard and soft landscape design to the areas of public realm and communal / private courtyards for the redevelopment of 63 – 71 high Street Hampton Hill.

This Landscape Design Statement (LDS) describes the existing site, its local context and the landscape design response to the proposed redevelopment. This LDS is a stand-alone document, but is also to be read in conjunction with the Planning Application Drawings, the Planning, Design and Access Statement and the Architectural Design Statement

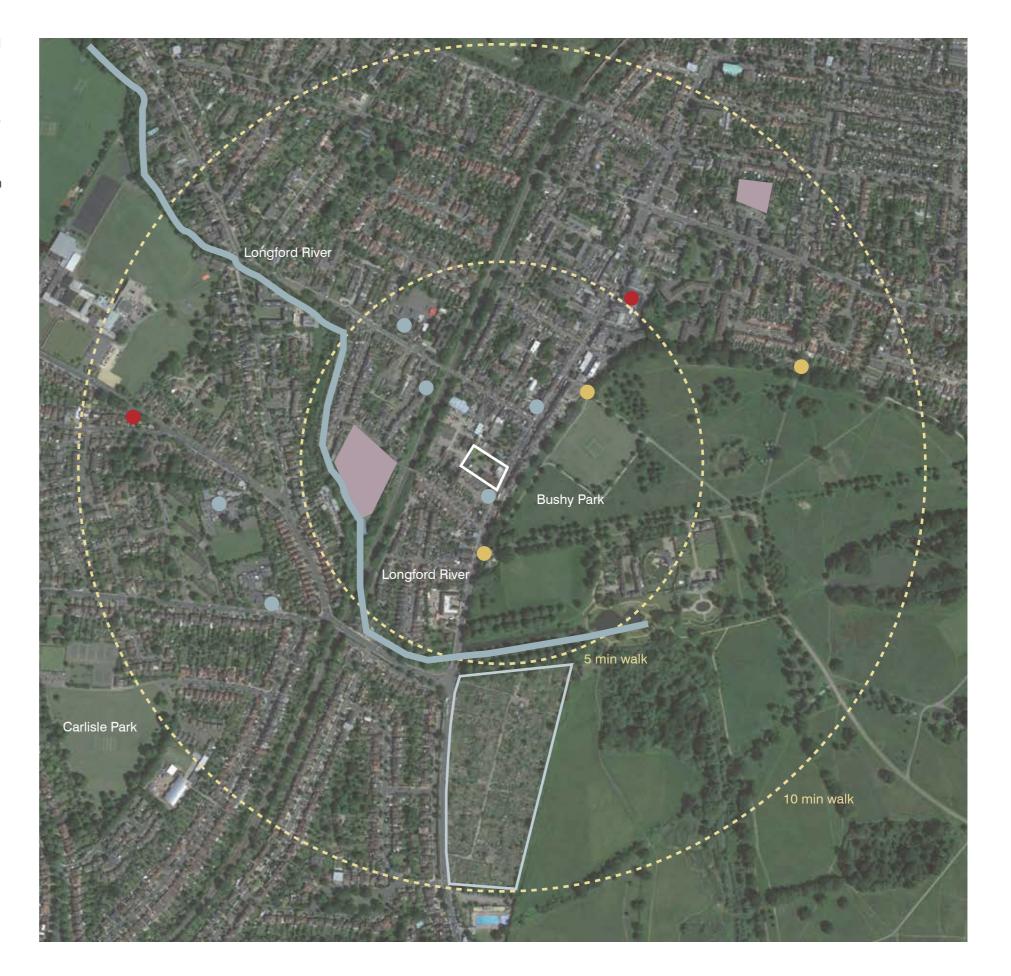
LOCATION AND CONTEXT

The Site comprises an area of approximately 0.25 hectares and is situated in Hampton Hill in the western part of the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames.

The Site is currently occupied by three vacant office building with ancillary surface car parking.

There is a well-established existing social and open space infrastructure in Hampton Hill and the site is both close to the wide expanse of Bushy Park as well as the public green and playground alongside Longford the River.





EXISTING SITE





This is a 'brownfield site' and therefore suitable for development. Two vacant office buildings currently occupy the High Street frontage with a further single story building in the south west corner to the rear of the site.

The site was last redeveloped in the 1970s and 1980s with the erection of the current buildings. This introduced a new grain into the High Street and set the frontages back from the previous existing building line. The existing buildings and site makes no positive contribution to the overall landscape character of the area although Currently, the glimpses you get into site from the High Street capture some of the existing trees and overgrown parking







Location plan

LANDSCAPE VISION & CONCEPT

The Landscape Concept divides the site into 4 separate character areas:

- the High Street,
- the publicly accessible outer pedestrian courtyard accessed off the High Street between the ground floor retail units
- the more private inner courtyard accessed beneath the apartment building providing pedestrian access to the town houses together with a quite green play and sitting areas
- private spaces

The design provides limited but enticing glimpse views from the High Street through the outer court to the inner court which the landscape concept looks to capture and enhance

To achieve this the proposed uses a consistent pallet of hard surface paving which will incorporate changes in coursing length and field and different texture to mark the different area zones.

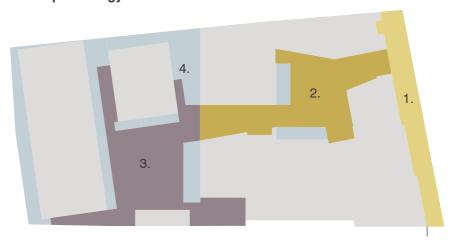
Formal clipped boundary planting will define private amenity spaces with informal shrub planting and climbers set against flank walls softening the boundaries and outlook from the residential houses and flats.

The central area of the inner courtyard will have a slightly raised lawn area and multi-stem tree planting.

A single tree growing out of a hard paved surface will help to define the outer more public courtyard sited to allow the glimpse view to the inner court and ensure ease of pedestrian movement as well as any requirement for emergency vehicle access.

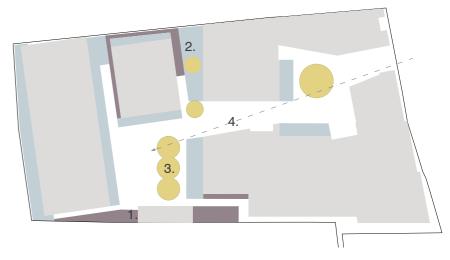
It is intended that the two courtyards will have their own distinctive character. The outer space will link to the quality of the recently upgraded High Street while the inner space will have more of a residential character. A domestic garden scale will be created within these quieter areas by employing a well considered planting palette.

Landscape strategy



- 1. High Street
- 2. Outer courtyard
- 3. Inner courtyard
- 4. Private amenity spaces

Planting strategy



- 1. Boundary planting: shrub mix
- 2. Private amenity spaces: clipper hedges and shrub mix
- 3. Feature planting: trees
- 4. Visibility line from the High Street

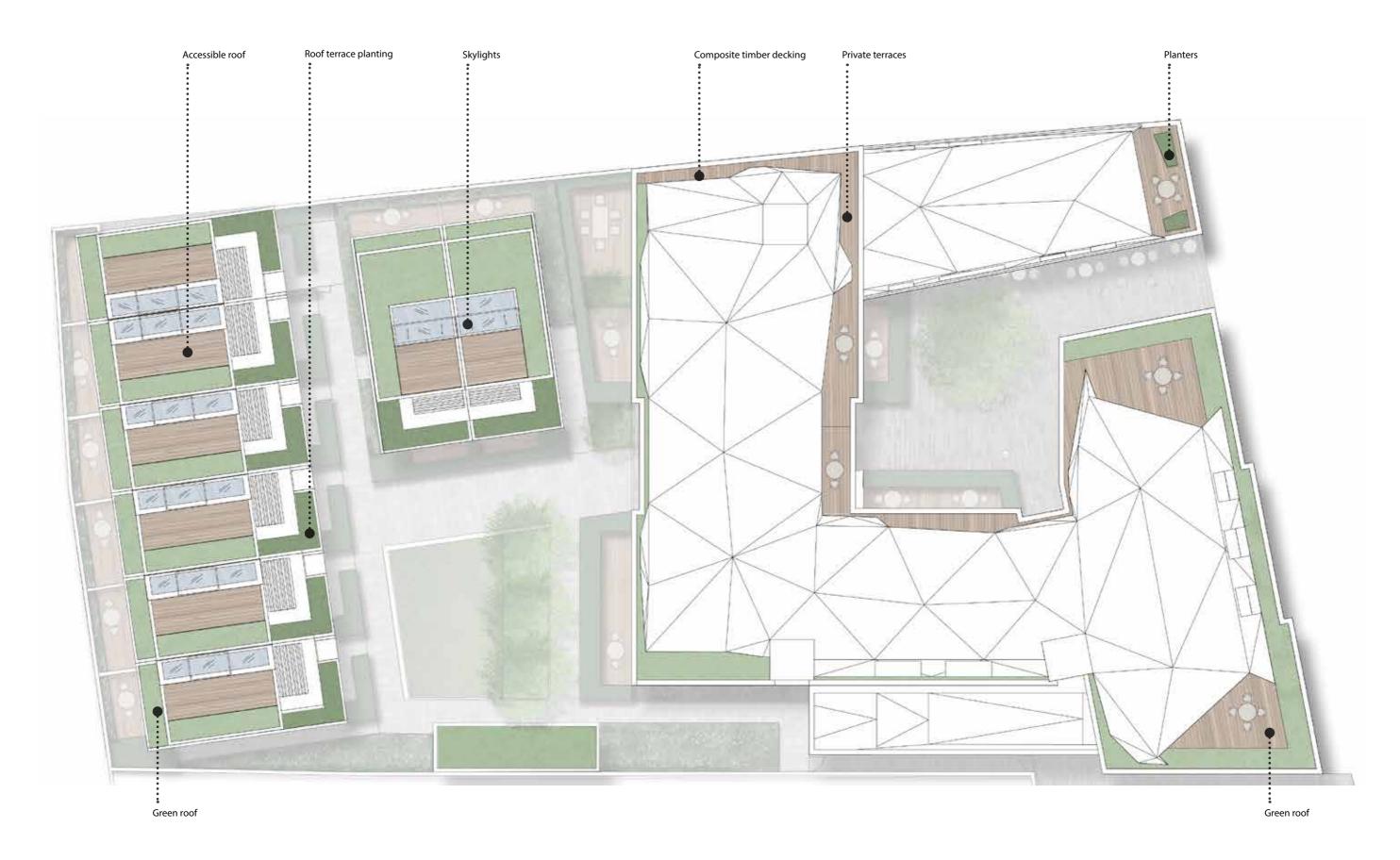
LANDSCAPE DESIGN / GROUND FLOOR

Illustrative masterplan



LANDSCAPE DESIGN / ROOF PLAN

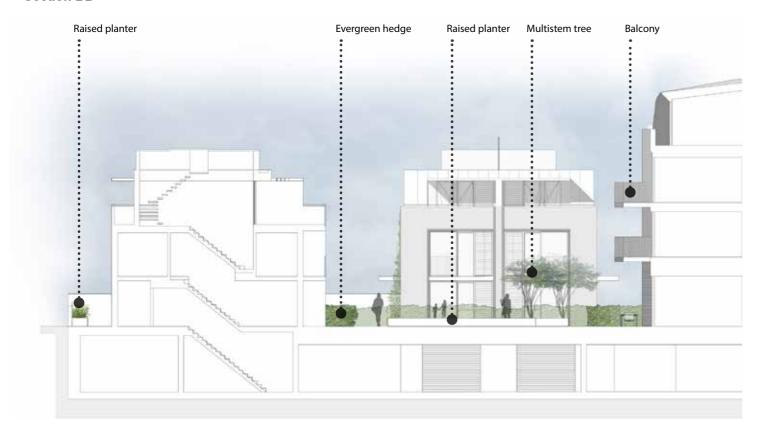
Illustrative masterplan

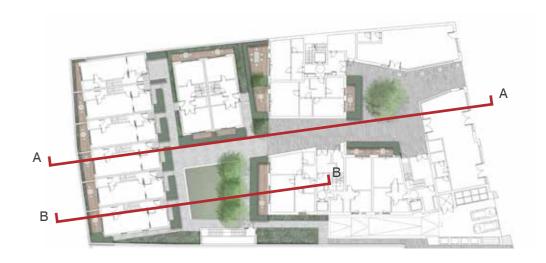


Section AA

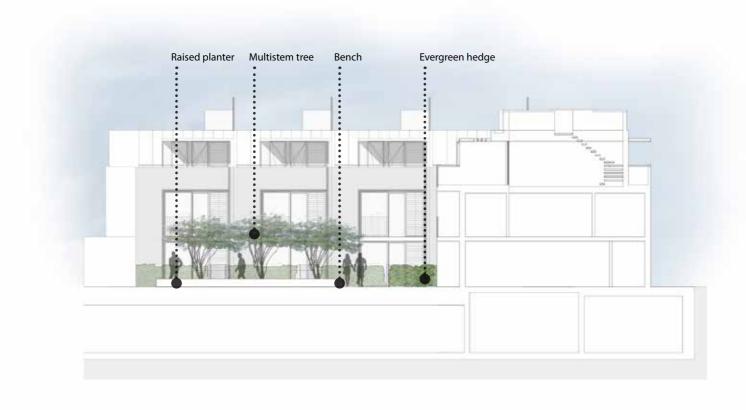


Section BB



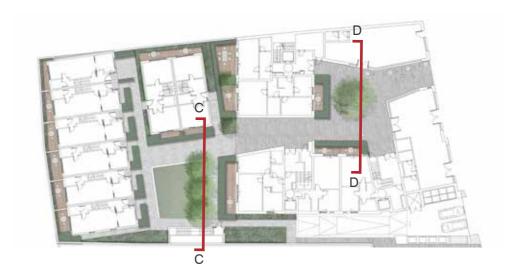


Section CC



Section DD





Hard materials

The hard landscape of the proposed scheme has been selected to be of appropriate quality and robustness having regard to the character of the development, the site and its local context.

The proposed materials tie the separate landscape elements together into a cohesive whole. The outer courtyard will be paved with the same granite slabs as used in the High Street.

The pathways of the inter courtyard will be paved with smaller size units with larger paving slabs being used to place an emphasis on the private entrances. This will support the more domestic character of the houses around this inner courtyard.

Composite timber decking will be used in private terraces to provide softness, durability and low maintenance.

Please refer to the drawing 561.D.01-Masterplan for more details.







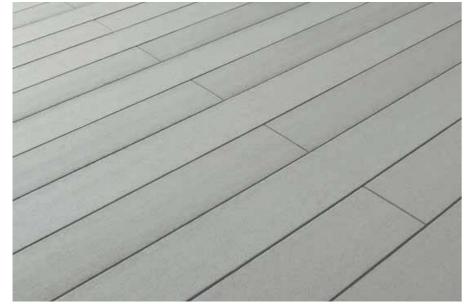




Hard materials



Granite seating edge with lawn to inner courtyard



Composite timber decking to private terraces



Granite Slabs, to match high street paving



Granite slabs, tree pit detail





Raised planters to back gardens

Illustrative lighting plan

Lighting proposals for the inner and outer courtyards are designed to keep the external lighting at the ground level and provide only the light necessary for safe circulation during the hours of darkness.



Light fittings integrated into a raised planter edge



Light bollards



■ ■ ■ ■ ■ Light fittings integrated into a raised planter



Soft landscape



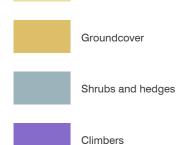
The suitability in the form and longer term growth and scale of the planting has been considered in relation to the spaces, the elevational treatment and the pedestrian circulation within the design.

The scheme includes a full basement and the design of this has been tailored to ensure that the depth of substrate needed is provided to allow the selected planting to survive and flourish.

Appropriate drainage and irrigation will be integrated in all planted areas and where necessary raised planters are incorporated to ensure that sufficient soil depth is provided and the specification of the trees and shrubs has been selected to reflect the growing conditions that they will be experience.

Ornamental shrub planting, clipped hedges, groundcover planting, climbers and turf are the predominant elements used within the soft landscaping of the courtyards.

Please refer to the drawing 561.D.03-Planting Plan for more details.



Landscape impressions





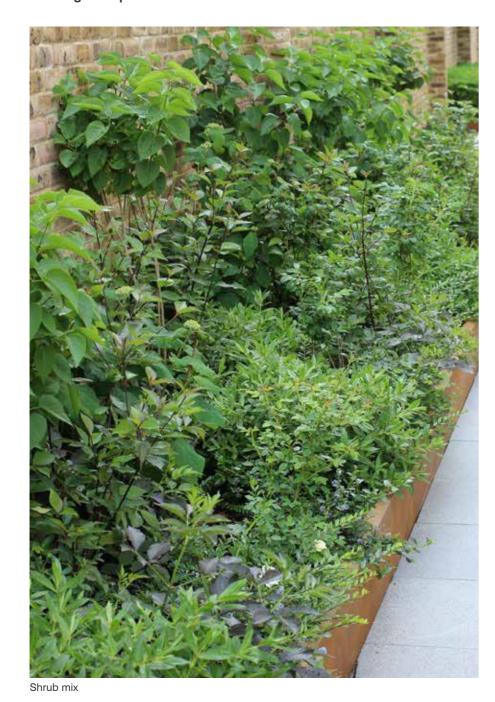


View into a court beneath a building



Multistem tree ans shrub mix

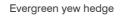
Planting examples













Climbers

Trees







Rhus typhina - summer



Acer campestre - autumn



Rhus typhina - autumn



Prunus serrula - summer



Prunus serrula - autumn





Acer campestre

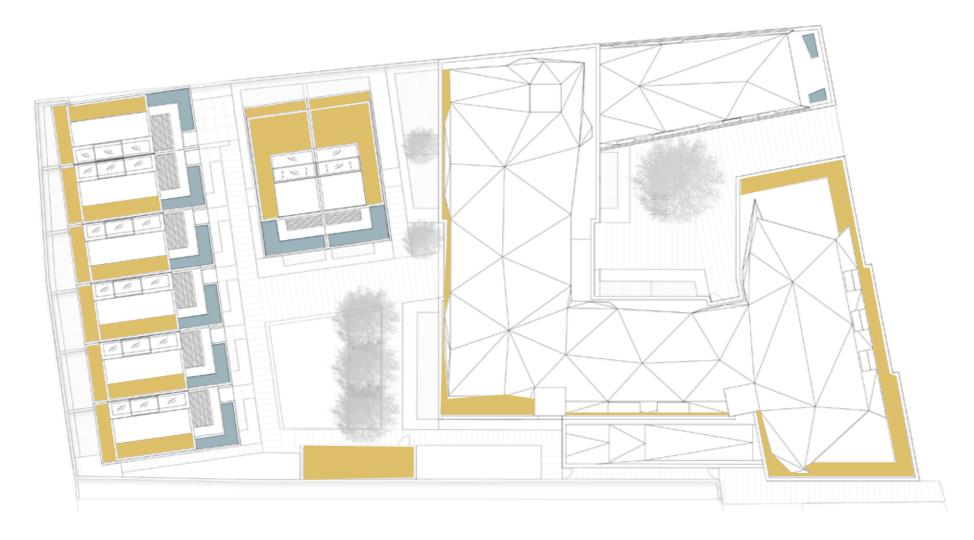


Prunus serrula



Rhus typhina

Green roofs and terraces



Roof terraces provide a combination of accessible low maintenance composite timber decking areas and a number of raised planters providing a mix of seasonal interest.

Green roofs and planters will contribute to the site wide increased biodiversity and water attenuation.

Please refer to the drawing 561.D.06 and 561.D.07 for more details.

Non-intensive inaccessible green roof

Intensive planting in raised planters

Green roofs and terraces



Intensive planting for accessible roof terraces



Non-intensive inaccessible green roof

Outline soft landscape management plan

| OPERATION | STANDARD |
|---|--|
| TREES | |
| 1) All trees planted as part of the contract to be inspected | Once a month for the first 2 years. |
| for stability and vertical growth. Inspections to include the | |
| following checks and remedial action: | |
| Base of tree for 'rocking'. Straighten tree, re-stake, fill voids | As required |
| with topsoil and firm up. | |
| Tree guying. Adjust, re-fix. | As required |
| Signs of damage to stem, crown or branches. Cut back | As required |
| broken branches immediately. Prune and shape. | |
| 2) If a young tree is found to be dead or severely damaged: | As required. Each and every dead tree removed and |
| immediately remove tree and make-good the ground. | replaced with the same specification immediately or in |
| | the nearest planting season. |
| 3) Young trees (48 months or younger) to be watered with | At least 4 times during the summer, and more if in a |
| a min. of 50ltr. per tree (see also watering section below). | dry period. |
| 4) Established trees to be pruned only if necessary to retain | As required |
| natural form and safety for pedestrians and vehicles. | |
| 5) Regularly monitor for signs of pests and disease and | Inspect regularly. If found, report to CA/LA with |
| carry-out appropriate treatment. | recommendations for treatment. |
| | |
| HEDGES | |
| 1) Formal hedges (consisting of one species only) to be | Formal hedges to be cut twice per annum after the |
| clipped for maintaining the formal shapes. | first growth early summer and in late summer. |
| 2) If a hedging plant is found to be dead or severely | As required. Each and every dead hedging plant |
| damaged: immediately remove and replace with plant of | removed and replaced with the same specification |
| the same specification. | immediately or in the nearest planting season. |
| 3) Regularly monitor for signs of pests and disease and | Inspect regularly. If found, report to CA and LA with |
| carry out appropriate treatment. | recommendations for appropriate treatment. |
| | |
| SHRUBS | |
| 1) Prune to retain natural form, encourage natural | As required, generally once a year during autumn/ |
| growth/flowering and prevent risk to health and safety of | winter. |
| pedestrians. | |
| 2) If a shrub is found to be dead or severely damaged: | As required. Each and every shrub removed and |
| immediately remove and replace with plant of the same | replaced with the same specification immediately or |
| specification. | in the nearest planting season. |
| 3) Regularly monitor for signs of pests and disease and | Inspect regularly. If found, report to CA and LA |
| carry-out appropriate treatment. | with recommendations for appropriate treatment. |
| | STANDARD |

| Γ | |
|--|---|
| OPERATION | STANDARD |
| CLIMBERS | |
| 1) Prune to retain natural form and encourage even | Pruning: Vitis, Tracheospernum and Parthenocissus |
| growth across walls or any surface specified for climbers, | (RHS Pruning group 11) flower on the previous years |
| encourage natural growth/flowering, tie in new growth to | growth and so should be carried out in late winter or |
| fill the allotted space, remove dead shoots and prune back | early spring. Removal of over-long shoots and dead |
| over-long shoots and prevent risk to health and safety of | as well as tying in new growth should be carried out |
| pedestrians. | as required. |
| 2) If a Climbing plant is found to be dead or severely | As required. Each and every dead climbing plant |
| damaged: immediately remove and replace with plant of | removed and replaced with the same specification |
| the same specification. | immediately or in the nearest planting season. |
| 3) Regularly monitor for signs of pests and disease and | Inspect regularly. If found, report to CA and LA with |
| carry-out appropriate treatment. | recommendations for appropriate treatment. |
| | |
| WEEDING | |
| Carry out regularly, preferably by hand or with approved | Max. area cover of weeds in beds is 5% in any one |
| chemical including all hard surfaces and gravel/pebble | m2 or 10cm ht/sp. for any specimen. Do not damage |
| areas. Rhizomatous weeds to be dug up manually or spot | adjacent plants. Beds and lawns to be free of |
| treated with herbicides. | rhizomatous weeds. |
| MULCHING | |
| Mulch in the beds to be re-integrated with new one. | Once a year in winter, immediately after cutting herbaceous perennials. Ensure that all top growth of young groundcover shrubs and herbaceous perennials is lying on top of the mulch. Minimum thickness of 50mm. Top up before FC inspection. Return any overspill mulch on adjacent areas back onto planted area. |
| LAWNS | |
| Grass of lawn areas to be cut with rotary mowers. | Maximum grass length to be kept below 40mm at all times. |
| 2) Litter and fallen leaves to be removed to maintain neat | As required. |
| appearance. | |
| 3) Edges to be trimmed. | Generally monthly or as required. |
| 4) Damage through trampling, abrasion or scalping to be | |
| repaired. | |
| 5) Scarify, top dress and over-seed in autumn. | Biannually in autumn/winter |
| LEAF LITTER | |
| Remove from beds, grass areas and hard surfaces during | At each site visit. |
| autumn. | |
| ARISINGS | |
| All vegetable matter to be moved off site | At each site visit. |
| | |

| OPERATION | STANDARD |
|--|---|
| SNOW CLEARANCE | When instructed |
| | |
| DEICING ROADS AND FOOTPATHS WITH GRIT | When instructed |
| | |
| HARD SURFACES - PAVING | |
| 1) Herbicide: Apply a suitable foliar acting or residual | Allow recommended period for herbicide to take effect |
| herbicide. | before clearing arisings. |
| 2) Hard surfaces: Remove litter, leaves and other debris. | As required |
| 3) Surface gutters and channels: Remove mud, silt and | As required |
| debris. | |
| 4) Drainage gullies: Empty traps and flush clean. | As required |
| 5) All hard standing areas: remove weeds, litter, leaves and | As required |
| debris. | |
| 6) Repairs to all path hard standing areas: In accordance | As required |
| with the original paving specification. | |
| 7) Stain removal: In accordance with BS 7370-2, table 4. | As required |
| | |
| COMPOSITE TIMBER DECKING | |
| 1) Inspect regularly. Power wash as necessary to prevent | As required |
| slip hazard. | |
| | |
| LITTER BINS | |
| Empty, clean and replace bag | Weekly |

Outline hard landscape management plan

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