

- 1. This drawing is to be read in conjunction with all relevant architects, engineers and specialist
- 2. All setting out to be in accordance with the schedules. any discrepancies between the engineers and
- 3. All private drainage is to be in accordance with BS EN 752-1-2-3-4, BS EN 1295-1, BS EN 1610 and
- 4. All adoptable drainage is to be in accordance with 'Sewers for Adoption 7th Edition' a design and
- construction guide for developers and the local highway authority requirements where appropriate.
- 6. Where drainage pipework is plastic i.e. PVC-U it shall be to BS EN 1401-1 Osma or equivalent. Private pipework to be type SN4 and all adoptable pipework to be type SN8.
- 7. All concrete pipework, shall be to BS EN 1916 and BS 5911-1. Manholes and fittings shall be to BS 5911 parts 3 and 4 and BS EN 1917.
- 8. All materials for adoptable drainage are to be Kitemarked as appropriate.
- 9. All adoptable manhole covers are to be badged as appropriate i.e. 'FW' or 'SW'.
- 10. Rising main trench to have warning tape fitted. Allow for 1.0m of tape coiled inside the pump chamber
- 11. Where drains pass through foundations or connect to manholes, flexible pipe joints are to be provided within 150mm of the face of the structure and within a further 600mm to form a rocker pipe.
- 13. Where pipelines pass within 1.0m of buildings or walls the foundations are to be taken down below the bottom of the trench. Where pipelines are more than 1.0m away from foundations the trench shall be backfilled with concrete up to a point that meets a 45° angle line taken from the bottom corner of the
- 14. Where depth to invert does not exceed 600mm and the pipe size does not exceed 100mm diameter, 300mm dia. polypropylene access chambers may be used. Elsewhere, proprietary polypropylene or
- 15. Where connections are to be made to existing manholes / sewers, invert levels, pipe sizes and orientation should be checked prior to the commencement of the works and any variance reported to the engineer immediately. Where connections are to be made on or off site the contractor is to check the line
- 16. Where pipelines cross, each is to be surrounded with grade ST4 mass concrete for a distance not less than 1.0m centred on the crossing point. Length of surround to be extended as necessary to within
- 17. For adoptable drainage, a reinforced concrete cover slab is to be provided where the effective cover to the crown of the adopted pipe(s) is less than 0.9m in verges or 1.2m in carriageways and / or footpaths. Where effective cover is 1.0m or less in carriageways and / or footpaths, pipework will need to be ductile
- 18. For private drainage, concrete protection is to be provided where the effective cover to the crown of the pipe(s) is less than 1.2m in trafficked areas and 0.6m in soft landscaped or pedestrianised areas.
- 19. 'Effective cover' is the minimum depth of cover over the pipe crown at any time during the construction
- 20. All adopted foul drainage to be located a minimum of 1.2m finished depth to soffit. Unless specifically identified as otherwise with relevant protective measures.
- 21. The contractor is to ensure that protective measures are taken to ensure that drainage pipework and fittings are not damaged by site traffic prior to oversite filling operations being completed around buildings.
- AC Denotes a polypropylene or vitrified clay access chamber, depth not exceeding 600mm,
- IC Denotes a polypropylene inspection chamber, depth not exceeding 3.0m, diameter not exceeding 600mm. Standard diameter 450mm unless specified otherwise.
- MH Denotes a manholes constructed from either brick, polypropylene or P.C.C. sections. Chamber depth to be in excess of 1.2m.
- 23. The top run of each private foul drainage network is to be laid to falls no slacker than 1:40. the head of
- 24. All surface water drainage to be min 100mm dia, laid at a gradient no slacker than 1/80. And all foul
- 25. The contractor is to ensure that all pipework connections are arranged to direct flows down or into the main channel in the direction of the main flow. Where necessary 3/4 bends are to be used on oblique
- connections inside the manhole benching where sufficient room exists or the pipelines on oblique connections are arranged outside the chamber to be able to divert flows down the main channel. Connections brought in perpendicular to the main channel are not acceptable. Where possible the main channel flow shall be from any connections with WC's to ensure a flush through the main channel is
- 26. The contractor is to ensure that when preformed polypropylene manhole bases are used that they are orientated such that the main flow is through the main channel of the base, this should be achieved by incorporating long radius bends outside of the manhole.
- in accordance with their requirements. The contractor is to allow for obtaining the appropriate 'connection to a public sewer' forms and paying all necessary fees.
- 28. The contractor is to allow for obtaining the appropriate road opening licences from the local highway authority and paying all necessary fees for any works associated with off-site sewer connections. All reinstatement works within the public highway are to be carried out in accordance with the requirements
- 29. Package pumping station(s) to be 'a specialist design element' or equivalent. For installation guidance refer to manufacturer's specification. Any vent pipe to be taken to a position agreed with the architect. A three phase electricity supply is required to provide power to the control panel of the pumping station. The control panel, if external, is to be located inside a kiosk within close proximity of the pumping station. If internally located within a building, the control panel may be positioned on a wall. Localised re-grading of the ground around the pumping station may be required to accommodate new levels. An informative notice plaque should be located on or near the control panel stating in the event of the alarm sounding or warning light flashing please contact the number below 'insert contact telephone number'.
- 30. Drainage channel(s) to be 'Aco' or equivalent. For installation guidance refer to the manufacturer's specification. Refer to landscape architects details for surfacing treatments around units where applicable. All drainage channels are to be constructed with in-built falls where possible. Relevant units are to be incorporated to provide the necessary length of channel gradient from the head of the run to the sump
- 31. Modular crate attenuation tank system(s) to be 'Wavin Aquacell'. Size, unit types and arrangement to
- 32. Permeable paving to be to 'The architects specification'. It is intended to use the permeable paved parking areas as either a Type B or a Type C system. A 'Type B' system provide collection, attenuation and partial infiltration while a 'Type C' system will provide collection and attenuation only. This will be subject to detailed design and on-site infiltration testing.

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06.17	Drawn	GEB
07.17	Issued for Planning Approval	GEB
.07.17	Minor amenaments following modeling exercise.	GEB

Planning

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Former ICL Private Ground

Proposed Drainage Plan Area 1 - Plot A and GP Surgery

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8.72	Drawn by	GEB	Project No.	Drwg No. [Rev]
	Scale	1:200	3336	007 P3
	Date	May 17		