#### REQUIREMENTS AND OBJECTIVES

Playful Landscapes:

Integration of play and playable landscapes is a major element of the development of the landscape and public realm for this site. The site is designed to limit and manage vehicular traffic within the site, with access for service and emergency vehicles only at ground level. All residential, retail and visitor cars are located at basement level, providing a pedestrian dominated environment through the Phase 1 development.

Play space for all age groups is proposed across the redeveloped Stag Brewery site and consideration of existing facilities in the area has influenced the approach to provision of play. The inclusion of a Secondary School within the site is also taken into account, with the intention of the developer to establish a community agreement for shared access to sporting and play facilities for the local community - on site and within the precinct.

The calculated child yield (based on unit numbers and mix) has informed the quantum and distribution of space allocated for play and are calculated separately for Development Area 1 and Development Area 2. Residents will have access to play within the private and public amenity space of the masterplan, and in the wider context of the proposed community park, Mortlake Green and surrounding area.

The mix and unit number for Development Area 2 has not yet been fixed, therefore the playspace has been generated on an assumption in order to enable the scheme to be designed with sufficient capacity. It is worth pointing out the Affordable mix isn't fixed and we have adopted a worst case approach.

The play strategy accords to current best practice guidelines for play, including the London Supplementary Planning Guidance "Providing for Children and Young People's Play' and Play England's "Design for Play: A guide to creating successful play spaces". London Play (GLA) aims for every child in London to have quality, accessible and inclusive play opportunities. Objectives for Play:

The landscape masterplan objectives for play provision include:

The integration of play provision within an overall open space strategy, recognising that play can take place in a variety of settings which may or may not involve equipment;

The provision of opportunities for accessible play to occur within the whole environment that a child occupies;

Ensuring a well-defined and overlooked 'playable route' along key pedestrian

The creation of locally accessible 'greenspace', including playable elements and seating opportunities;

Exploring opportunities to introduce natural elements of risk and challenge within play provision while considering safety and maintenance;

The concept of a 'Playable Route' or 'Play on the Way' within the 'homezone' where opportunities for informal play are woven into the proposed public spaces rather than providing stand alone fenced off play areas;

Improvements to the nearby play areas in the park to accommodate the extra demand.

Access to river based activities - rowing or canoeing

Development Area 1 - Land to the east of Ship Lane

#### Assessing child occupancy and play space requirements

#### Size of your development:

Nulliber of FLATS							
	Studio	1 bed	2 bed	3 bed	4 bed	5 bed	Total
Social							
rented/affordable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intermediate	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Market	0	50	244	130	15	0	439
Total	0	50	244	130	15	0	439

um	ber	of	HO	USES

Number of HOUSE	:S						
		1 bed	2 bed	3 bed	4 bed	5 bed	Total
Social							
rented/affordable		0	0	0	0	0	0
Intermediate		0	0	0	0	0	0
Market		0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		0	0	0	0	0	0

Proportion of children				
	Number of children	%		
Under 5	39	58%		
5 to 11	20	30%		
12+	9	13%		
Total	68	100%		

riay space requirements					
GLA benchmark (sqm)*	Alternative local benchmar k (sqm)**	Total (sq m play space) required			
10		680.7			
	10	680.7			

Development Area 2 - Land to the west of Ship Lane (excluding the school)

#### Assessing child occupancy and play space requirements

### Size of your development:

Number of FLATS

	Studio	1 bed	2 bed	3 bed	4 bed	5 bed	Total
Social							
rented/affordable	0	21	57	53	7	0	138
Intermediate	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Market	0	11	30	33	12	0	86
Total	0	32	67	86	19	0	204

#### Number of HOUSES

	1 bed	2 bed	3 bed	4 bed	5 bed	Total
Social						
rented/affordable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intermediate	0	0	0	0	0	0
Market	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0

Proportion of children				
	Number of			
	children	%		
Under 5	84	41%		
5 to 11	73	36%		
12+	47	23%		
Total	204	100%		

Play space requirements

GLA benchmark (sqm)*	Alternative local benchmar k (sqm)**	Total (sq m play space) required
10		2041.7
	10	2041.7

**GILLESPIES** P10736-00-001 STAG BREWERY LANDSCAPE DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT

<sup>\*</sup> GLA benchmark standard=minimum of 10sqm of dedicated play space per child

<sup>\*\*</sup> Borough's local benchmark

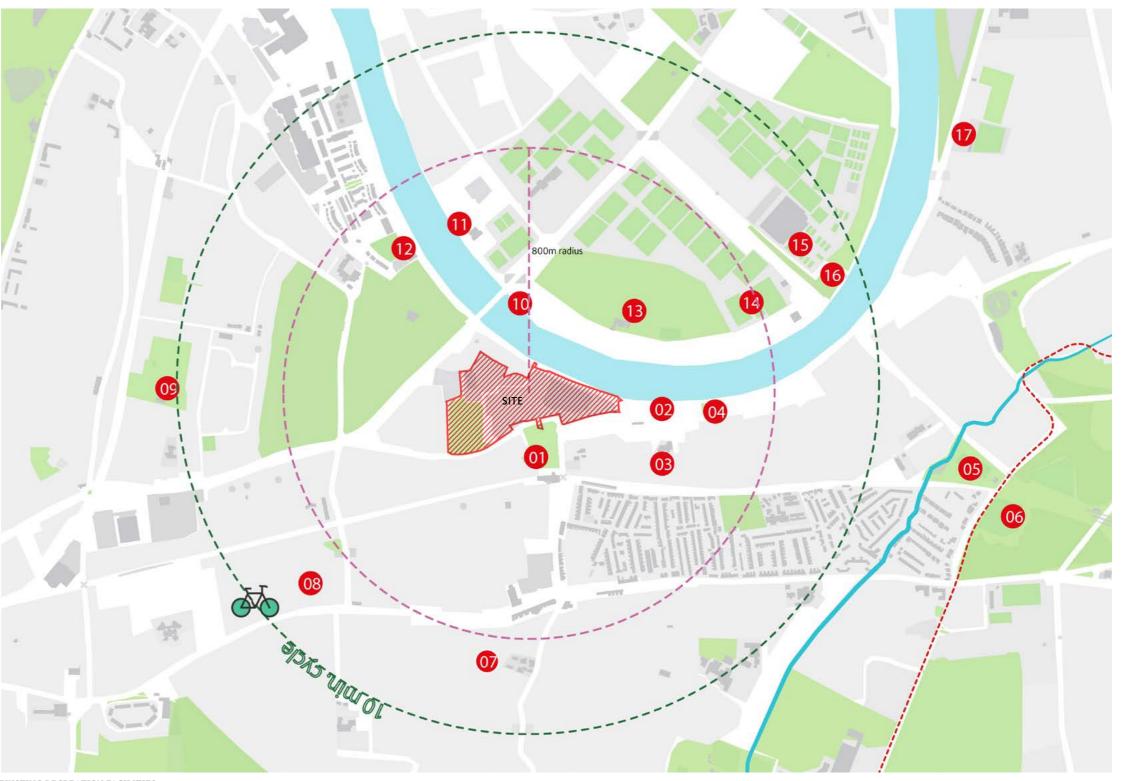
#### **EXISTING RECREATION FACILITIES**

The site benefits from a number of existing surrounding open spaces and recreational facilities as shown. In particular, the long established open space of Mortlake Green provides a significant landscape setting and recreational asset to the site and the design maximises this connection.

Discussions with council indicate the majority of these, including children's playgrounds, are used to capacity. Planning of the development has therefore endeavoured to provide for all stipulated play requirements within the site. Facilities within the Secondary School have been considered, in part, as the Applicant's intention is to establish a Community Agreement for use of the recreational facilities outside school hours, to the benefit of the site population and the wider community.

#### Legend

- 01 Mortlake Green
- 02 Tapestry Court
- 03 Mullins Path Open Space
- 04 Riverside Open Space
- 05 Vine Road Recreation Ground
- 06 Barnes Common Local Nature Reserve
- 07 Palewell Common & Field
- 08 Tangier Green
- North Sheen Recreation Ground
- 10 Tideway Sculler School
- Quintin Boat Club
- 12 Putney Town Rowing Club
- 13 Dukes Meadows Golf Club
- 14 Chiswick Rugby Club
- Chiswick Riverside Health & Racquet Club
- 16 Barnes Bridge Ladies Rowing Club
- 17 Barnes Squash Club







#### PROPOSED PLAY DISTRIBUTION

The provision and distribution of play facilities within the site has been developed within the overall Masterplan and aligns with recommendations of GLA (Play and Informal Recreation SPG 2012) and London Borough of Richmond upon Thames (Planning Obligations SPD 2014).

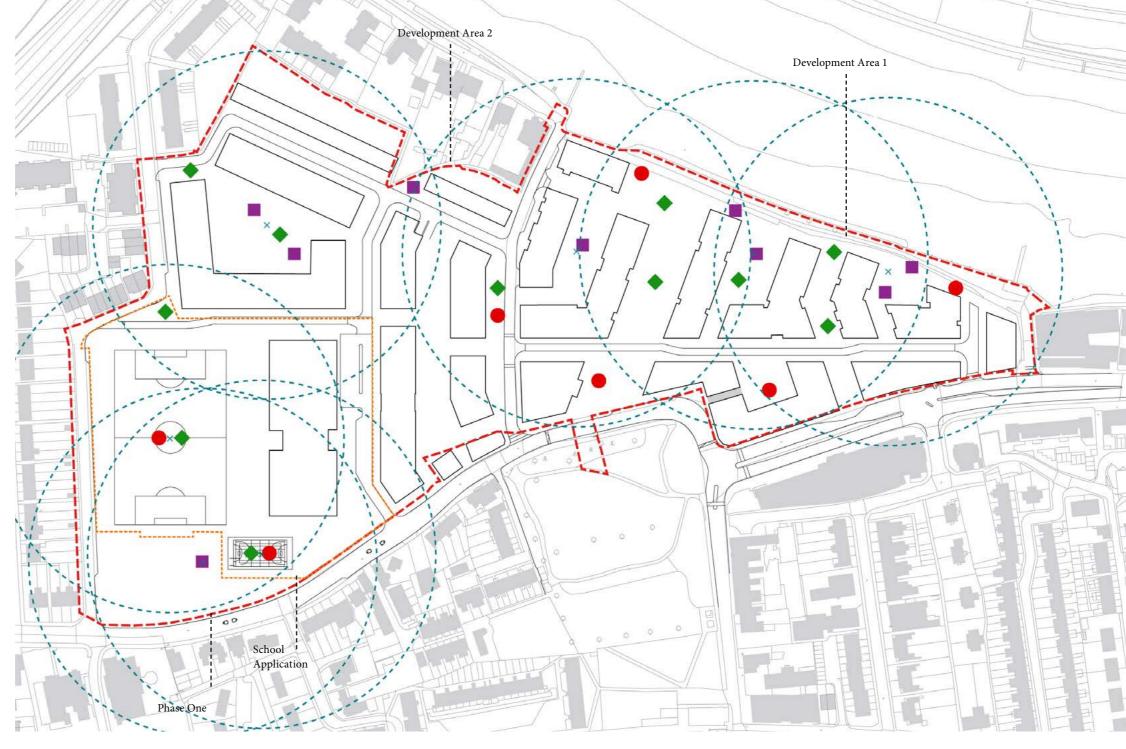
Play facilities for different age groups are positioned within residential courtyards, parks, plazas and open space areas around the site, to achieve the required areas of play and the distribution related to residential apartments, as set out below:

- » Doorstep Play (Under 5) within 100 metres of residential units
- » Local Playspace (5-11yrs) 400 metres
- » Neighbourhood Space (12+yrs) 800 metres.
- » Play on the way (All ages)

This diagram indicates proposed location of play facilities for each age group and 100m walking distances from each location. Play elements and facilities are provided in a range of forms within the public and private realms of the development, including designated and fenced playgrounds, unfenced but contained play spaces with a range of play elements and carer seating, topographic variation and play opportunities in the landscape (within planting areas) and 'play on the way' elements within circulation spaces and public realm areas. Proposed development of a rowing club facility in the base of Block 09 at the eastern send of the site with direct link to the tow path and Bulls Alley slipway will provide additional recreational functions for older children.

Refer to more detailed precedent studies in this report.

# Legend Under 5 Years 5 - 11 Years 12 + Years 100mm radius Site Application Boundary School Application Boundary



PLAY FACILITIES DISTRIBUTION (BY AGE GROUP)



GILLESPIES P10736-00-001 STAG BREWERY LANDSCAPE DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT

# PLAY STRATEGY - SITE-WIDE APPROACH

#### **BREAKDOWN OF SPACES:**



# TYPES OF PLAY ELEMENTS

The design concept for the public realm is to facilitate incidental playable space throughout the scheme with dedicated areas to cater for 0-18yrs through Doorstep and Local Playable Spaces as defined by the SPG.









SENSORY CONSTRUCTION

CHALLENGE

















SPORTS EQUIPMENT

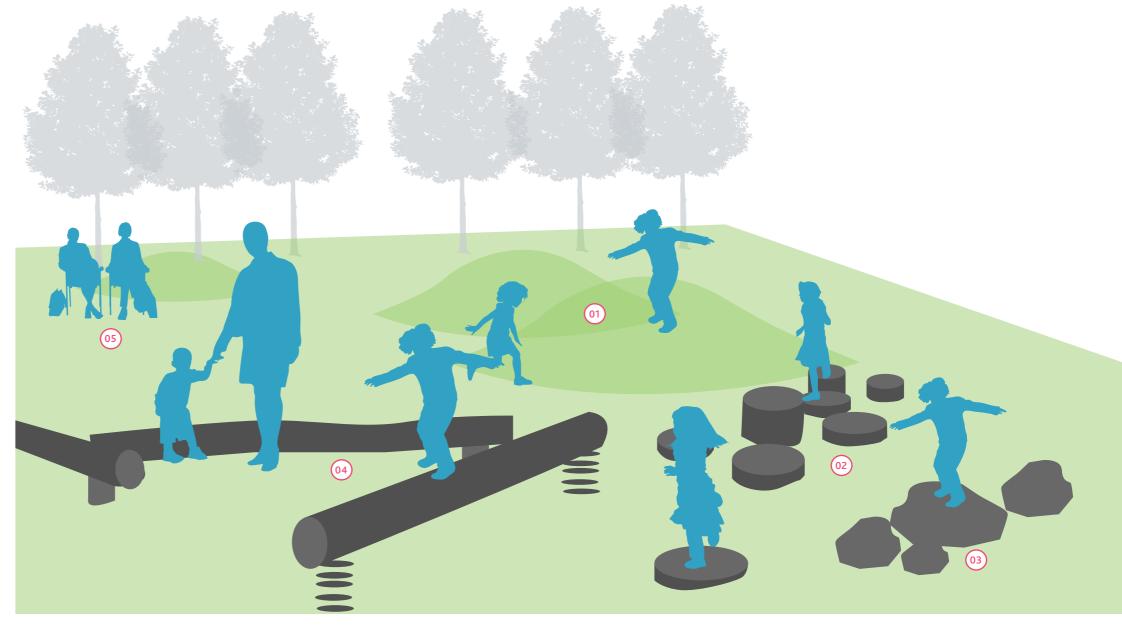
TOPOLOGY SCULPTURAL INCIDENTAL / SAFE ROUTES FIXED PLAY EQUIPMENT PLANTING SEATING

# DOORSTEP PLAY (0-4 YEARS)

Opportunities for informal play including lawn, mounds, and natural features. Play elements would include:

- Within 100m of each residential apartment
   Land forms including small hillocks and grassed mounds (1)
   Climbing, stepping and jumping blocks set within grass areas (2)
   Small scale play equipment with softfall surface material (3)
   Stepping stones for balance and clambering (4)
   Sensory play elements (5)

- » Seating in close proximity for parents and carers













PRECEDENT IMAGES ABOVE SHOWING DESIGN INTENT.

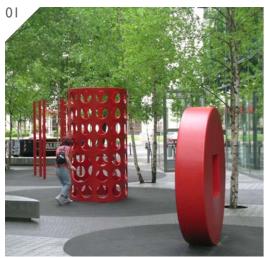


# LOCAL PLAYSPACE (5-11 YEARS)

Opportunities for informal playable landscape features as well as more formal play elements set within area(s) of soft play surface to cater for older children:

- Within 400m of doorstep
   Natural play features as for 0-5 years
   Low walls, seats and stepping stones for balance and clambering (1)
   Small climbing structures (2)
- Landscaping to create natural feel, including changes in level (3)
   Equipment that allow children to swing, slide and climb (4)
- » Sensory play elements (5)
- » Seating areas adjacent to equipment and play space
- » Water play (if possible)















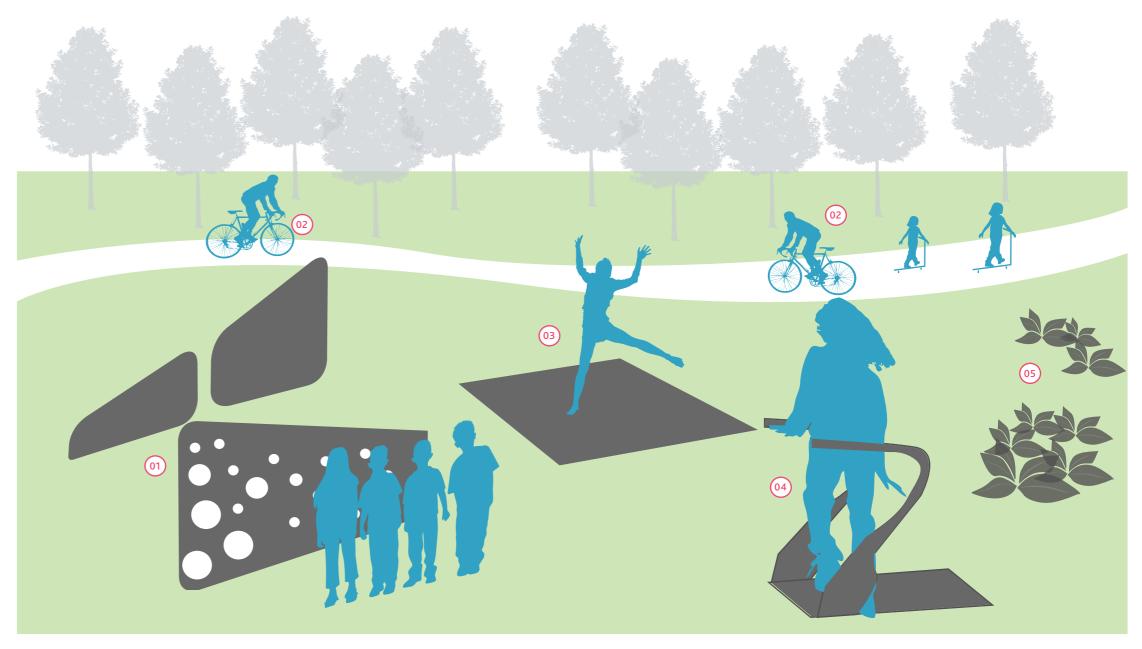
#### 12+ YEARS

Opportunities for teenagers to play can be integrated into public realm landscapes of the site such as Malting Plaza, Entrance Plaza and Bottleworks Square.

These facilities can include:

- location preferred within 800m of doorstep
- Table tennis tables (1)
- Outdoor gym facilities / Jogging and cycling trails (2)
  Spaces and facilities for informal sport or recreation activity e.g.. climbing walls or boulders, exercise trials, outdoor exercise equipment
- Shared surfaces- suitable for skating, cycling or roller-blading (4)
- Multi-Use Games Area (MUGA) (5)
- Multi-use all weather sports pitch (School)
- Seating areas on the edge of the activity spaces

- Boules, piste and elderly/ family play
  Topographic variation within landscaped areas
  Rowing Club or other organised sporting facilities / groups













PRECEDENT IMAGES ABOVE SHOWING DESIGN INTENT.

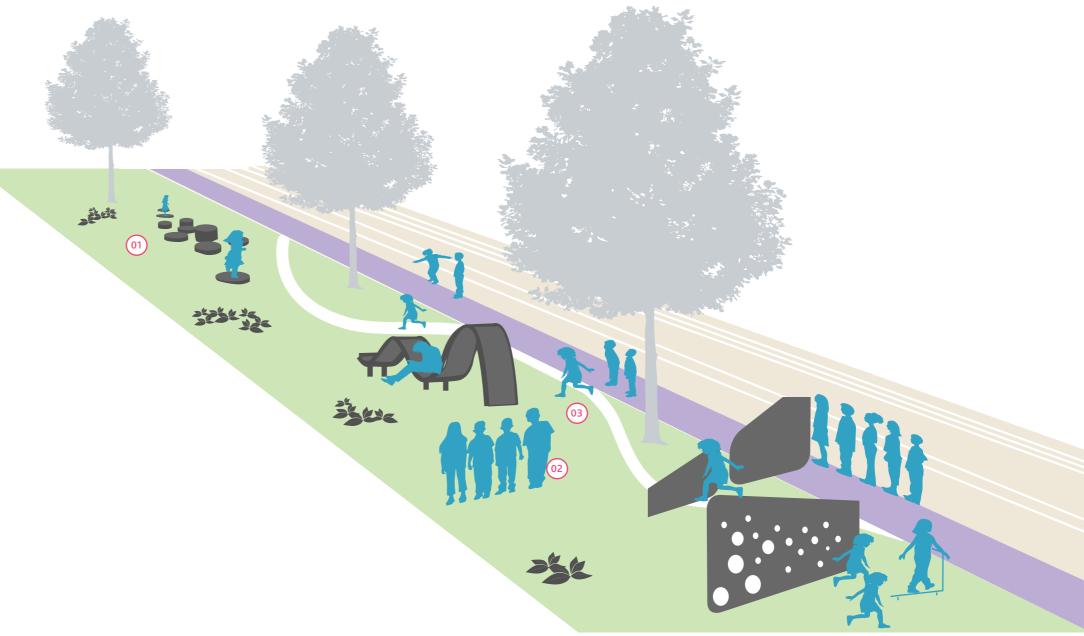


# PLAY ON THE WAY (ALL AGES)

Opportunities for children to play can be integrated into public realm landscapes of the site such as William's Lane and Aynescombe Lane.

- These facilities can include:
   Equipment integrated into the landscape that allow children to jump, climb and explore (1)

- Small scale play equipment (2)
  Equipment e.g.. climbing walls or boulders, exercise trials (3)
  Sculptural play equipment that provides opportunities for play as well as being aesthetically pleasing (4)









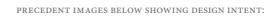






# DOORSTEP PLAY FACILITIES FOR RESIDENTIAL COURTYARDS:





















LOCATION PLAN

# 'PLAY ON THE WAY' ELEMENTS WITHIN GREEN LINK







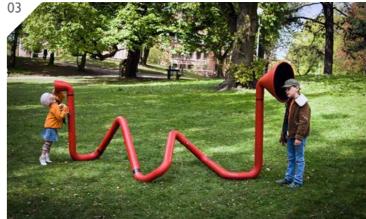






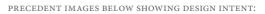






# 'PLAY ON THE WAY' ELEMENTS IN STREETSCAPE/RIVER TERRACE











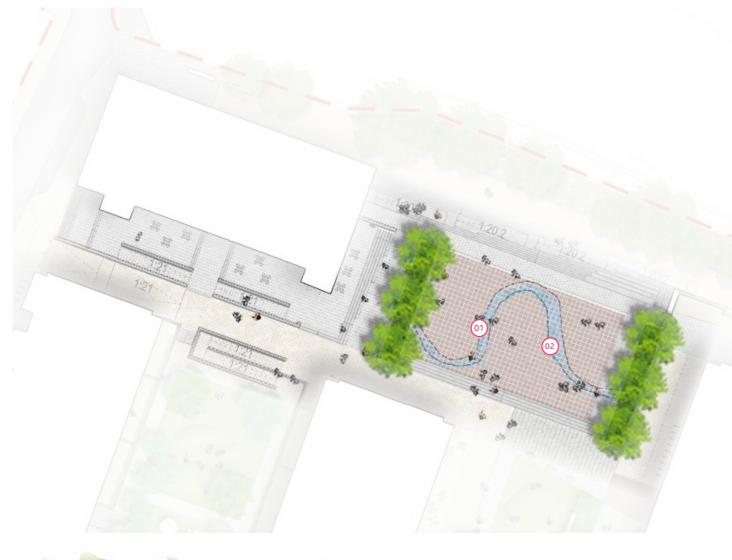






LOCATION PLAN

# WATER PLAY AND WATER JETS AT MALTINGS PLAZA





LOCATION PLAN

PRECEDENT IMAGES BELOW SHOWING DESIGN INTENT:













# HERITAGE AND PUBLIC ART STRATEGY

#### STRATEGY:

Opportunities exist within the landscape and public realm of the masterplan to integrate public art that will provide reference to the long and intricate history of the site, the riverside location and add a layer of interest and animation to the user experience. The initial strategy is to identify potential positions for interventions along key routes and in locations that tie in with the site-wide art strategy, potentially including:

- Sculptures at major focal points
- Appropriate found objects from the brewery
- Artistic play installations
- A history trail with cast or etched narrative panels
- Temporary happenings and installations related to the project,
- Paving art, light and sound pieces, elements within street furniture,
- Signage, graphics and branding

The proposal would be to work with a curatorial specialist in the next phase of the development to identify and commission artists to bring this vision to

#### Legend



Locations of Potential Art Installations



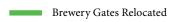
Heritage Celebration Through Public Realm (incorporated in hardscape and street furniture design)



Potential Location for the War Plaques



Riverside Art Trail

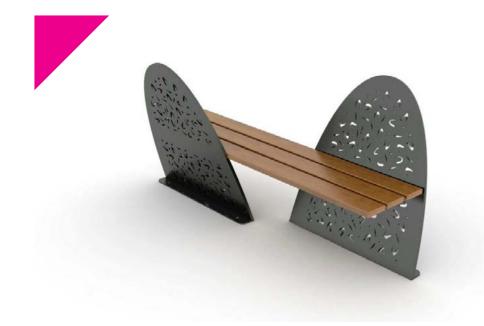


Section of Existing Riverwall Patrially Retained



**— — —** Site Application Boundary

--- School Application Boundary















### **BIODIVERSITY ROOF**

## BIODIVERSE ROOFS (TOTAL 1835M<sup>2</sup>):

It is proposed to implement extensive green / brown roof systems on a number of the buildings with flat roofs, exploiting the ecological potential of these upper levels. A percentage of the roof space on new buildings in the development has been designed as extensive green or brown roofs, to provide biodiversity and energy benefits, as well as contributing to stormwater drainage and short term attenuation storage. While it is acknowledged that the LBRuT recommendation of 70% of roofs being allocated to green roofs is not achieved, we have provided over 50% of green or brown roofs and have endeavoured to maximise suitable biodiversity through the green and brown roof strategy illustrated, as well as significant planting areas and retained vegetation throughout the site. The roofscape is also utilised to provide PV cells, air conditioning and other mechanical plant and lift overrun structures, together with maintenance access.

Green and brown roofs provide beneficial insulation to buildings and a degree of infiltration and storage of rainwater, while adding to the biodiversity of the site with a range of plant types, habitats for various insects and invertebrates and potentially birds and bats. A number of bat and bird boxes and bricks will be integrated into the roofscape and informal habitats created with rocks and gravel surfaces to brown roof sections.

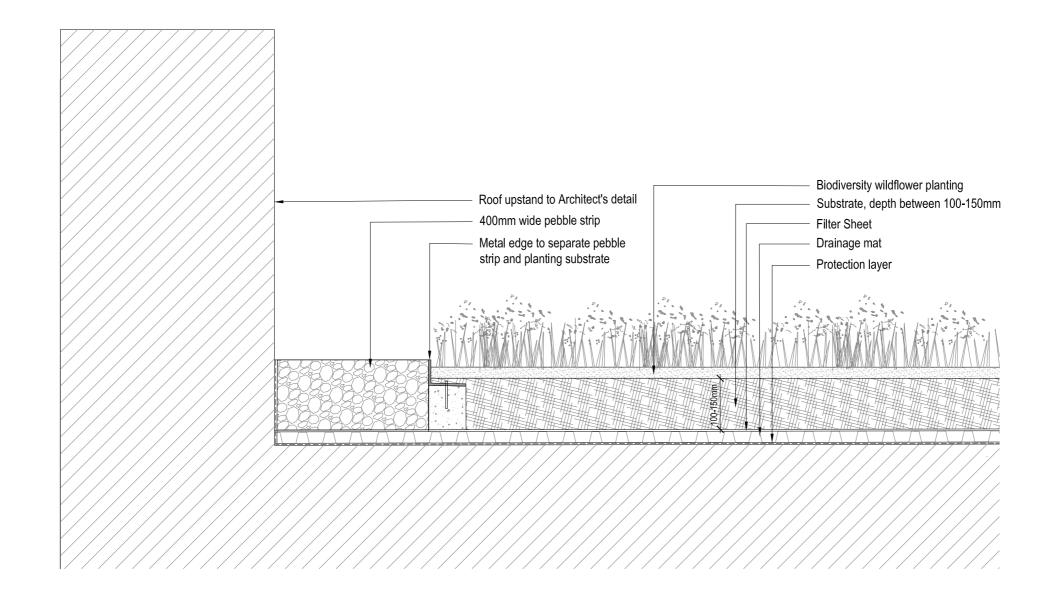
Green roofs include a wildflower and native grasses mix and are designed as a sustainable, biodiverse roofscape and a pleasant visual outlook for surrounding higher buildings. This light weight roof system will assist in absorbing rainwater as well as increasing the biodiversity of the site by providing additional foraging and habitat for insects and birds.

Brown roofs are accessible for maintenance purposes and will incorporate PV cells in some areas, as indicated in Architectural and MEP drawings. Each roof will be seeded with plant species collected from the site or nearby, to boost local endemic habitat and foraging for local species. Certain features will be introduced to maximise potential for biodiversity and habitat for target species. These will include log piles, slabs or twigs gathered from the local area, combined with bird and bat boxes noted below. Where possible, the substrate depth will be varied to provide opportunities for small pools of water to collect on the roof.

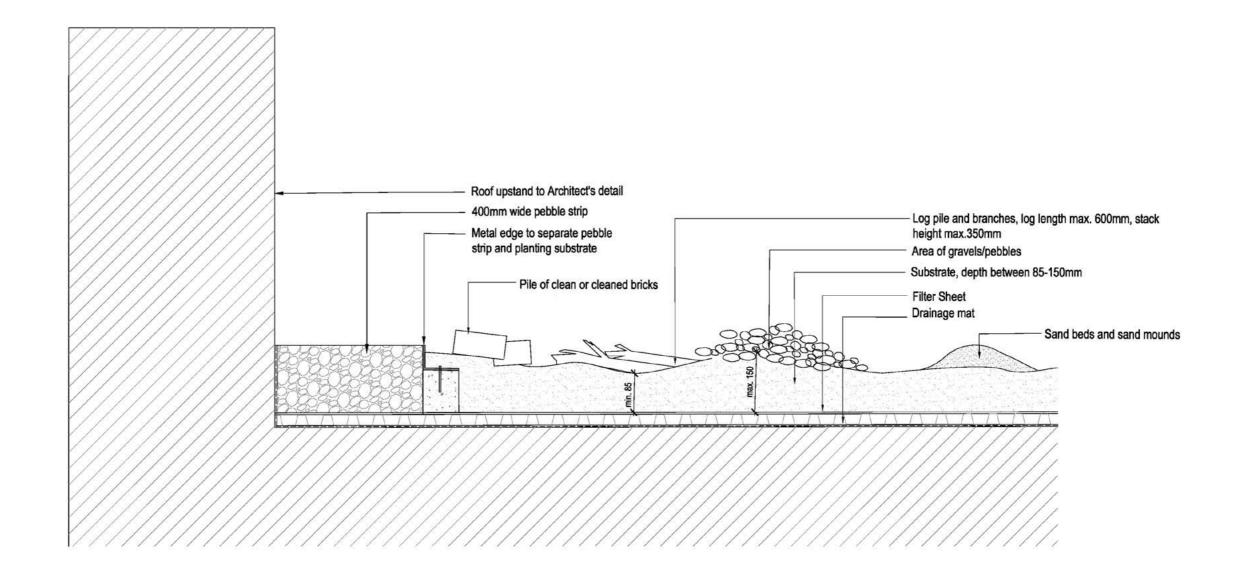
For Development Area 2, biodiverse roofs will be incorporated using same principles as above and additional details will be provided in detail design stage.



GREEN ROOF TYPICAL DETAIL



BROWN ROOF TYPICAL DETAIL



GREEN ROOF PLANTING DETAIL

Green roofs include a wildflower (90%) and native grasses (10%) mix and are designed as a sustainable, biodiverse roofscape and a pleasant visual outlook for surrounding higher buildings. An indicative species palette is on the right.



#### XF118 WILDFLOWER INDICATIVE SPECIES LIST

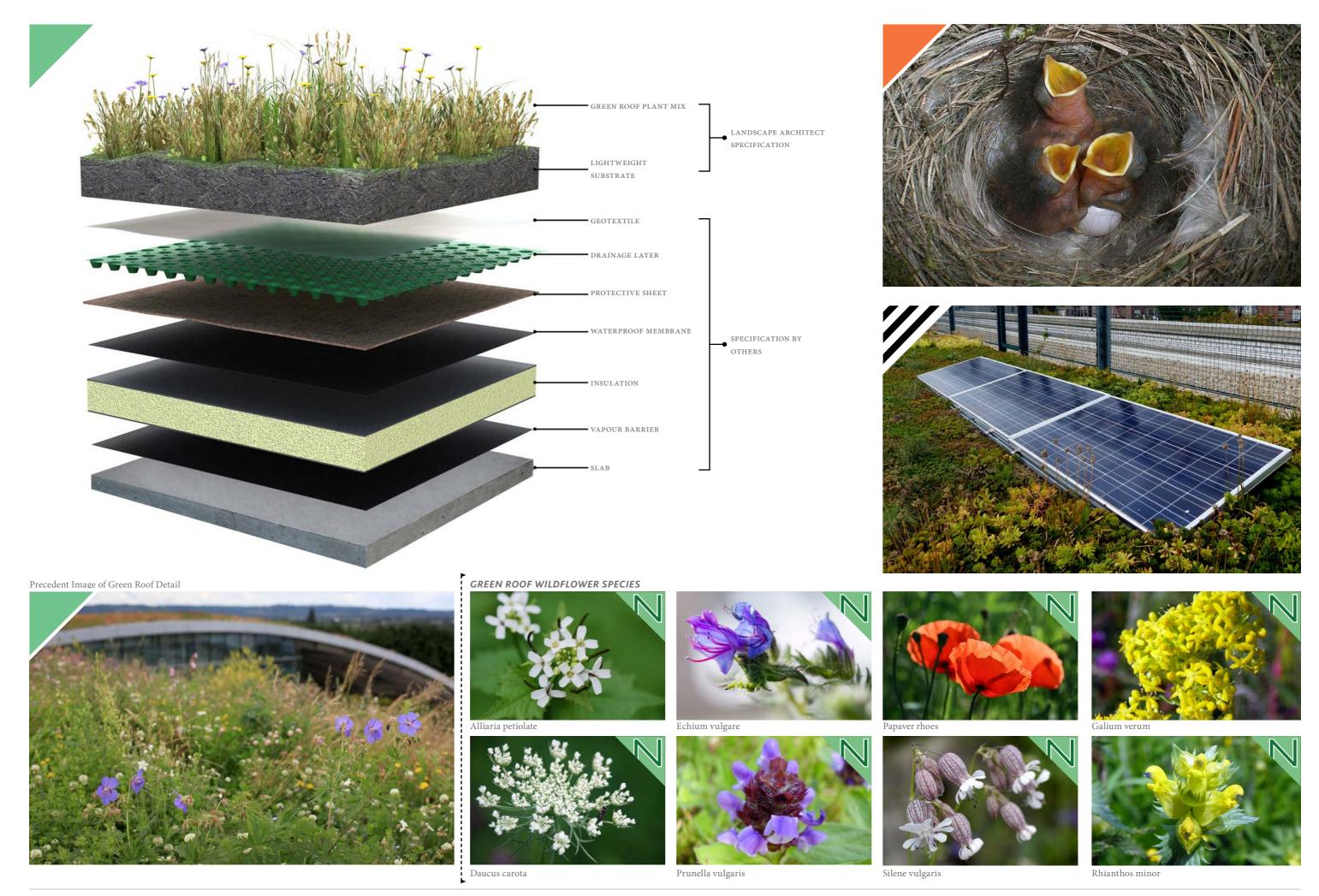
Botanical Name	Height	Blossom	Flowering Season
Achillea millefolium	8-40 cm	White	June-August
Armeria maritima	5-20 cm	Pink	April-October
Bellis perennis	3-12c m	White / Yellow	March-October
Campanula glomerata	3-30 cm	Blue	June-October
Campanula rotundifolia	15 cm	Blue	July-September
Centaurea cyanus	20-50 cm	Blue	June-August
Centaurium erythrea	10-40 cm	Pink	July-August
Dianthus deltoides	15-30 cm	Pink	April-October
Echium vulgare	30-60 cm	Blue	June-September
Galium verum	15-60 cm	Yellow	July-August
Geum rivale	20-40 cm	Pink	April-August
Linaria vulgaris	20-40 cm	Yellow	July-September
Lotus corniculatus	10-20 cm	Yellow	June-September
Lychnis flos-cu-culi	50-60 cm	Pink	May-August
Papaver rhoes	20-60 cm	Red	June-August
Pilosella aurantiaca	20-60 cm	Orange	July-October
Prunella vulgaris	5-20 cm	Purple	June-October
Rhianthos minor	30-50 cm	Yellow	May-August
Saponaria officianalis	20-40 cm	Light Pink	July-September
Scabiosa columbaria	15-50 cm	Blue	July-October
Sedum acre	5-10 cm	White / Yellow	July-August
Silene uniflora	8-25cm	White	June-August
Silene vulgaris	25-50 cm	White	June-August
Thymus polytricus	4-10 cm	Mauve	May-August





GILLESPIES

P10736-00-001 STAG BREWERY LANDSCAPE DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT



Precedent Images of Species and Ecological Features







Bird boxes





Bees at work





Wood log piles

**GILLESPIES** 

#### SUSTAINABLE URBAN DRAINAGE

#### SUSTAINABLE URBAN DRAINAGE STRATEGY:

#### RAIN GARDENS

A 'rain garden' forms a significant landscape feature within the central Green Link, draining one side of the pavement directly into a planted storage 'trench' which ultimately connects to the stormwater attenuation system. This feature provides an effective sustainable drainage system while creating an obvious ecological feature in the public realm, accentuating the visibility of sustainable measures taken in the development. This feature provides a link to the master planning strategy for ecological development and sustainable drainage and allows surface water to be collected in mass planting areas along the Green Link.

#### BIODIVERSE ROOFS

Green and brown roofs on the majority of buildings across the site provide biodiversity and also contribute to the rainwater attenuation. Surface treatments in the public and private realm are proposed as predominantly permeable, with soft landscape, turf and grasses, together with permeable pavements of gravel (self-binding or bonded) contrasting with hard paving surfaces and assisting drainage of stormwater.

#### IRRIGATION

An irrigation system will be provided to all soft landscape areas (planting and grassed) excluding green or brown roofs. This will include soil moisture monitors and a programmable control system to ensure efficiencies in operation and water management.

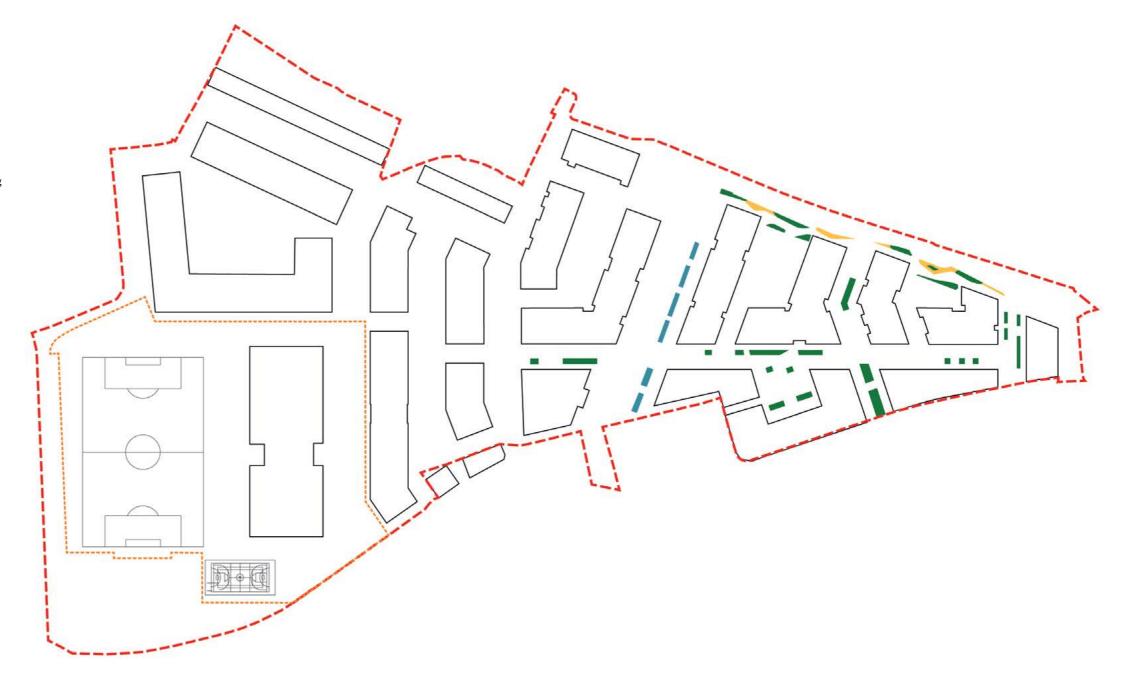
The irrigation plant room and central controls will be positioned in the basement plant room and link to mains water supply.

#### PERMEABLE SURFACES

Paved areas will be designed where feasible to drain into tree pits and planting areas, providing natural watering and assisting infiltration and storage of stormwater.

For Development Area 2, the sustainable urban drainage strategy will be developed in accordance with the above and provided in detail design stage.

# Legend Rain Garden Planter Permeable Paving Site Application Boundary School Application Boundary









Rain garden Planter









