Door Sis,

Please see my objection—read and edited.
Rest, Said Foxlan, 4 Churchill Court, 2 Wadham

To: London Borough of Richmond Upon Thames (LBRuT), Planning Department

Lordon

Copy to: Zac Goldsmith, MP

SW14 7D.

Council Leader Paul Hodgins

& I directly face Stag Brewer

Councillors for Mortlake and East Sheen

and selected others.

11 May 2018

RE: Response to the following linked planning applications (each, an Application

1. 18/0547/FUL (Main site – detailed and outline)

By email to: stagbreweryredevelopment@richmond.gov.uk

http://www2.richmond.gov.uk/PlanData2/Planning_CaseNo.aspx?strCASENO=18/0547/FUL

18/0548/FUL (Secondary school)

http://www2.richmond.gov.uk/PlanData2/Planning_CaseNo.aspx?strCASENO=18/0548/FUL

18/0549/FUL (Chalker's Corner works)

http://www2.richmond.gov.uk/PlanData2/Planning_CaseNo.aspx?strCASENO=18/0549/FUL

Please refer to the glossary at the end of this document for defined terms.

. Background

Date:

The below is an example response from a local resident of Williams Lane, feel free to copy some of the content and use in your response. You can find more instructions or details to support your submission at <a href="https://doi.org/10.1007/journal-benoy-unitable-org-unitable-

The Group requests that appropriate weight be given to the responses set out below as residents directly adjected by the processed development, We releash feesely upon LBRID 15 the freshly-adopted API in making an investment and life decision to move here just 6 years ago. The proposed development, if insensitively provided, could blight the lives of the residents beth during the construction phase and for many years to come, whitsi depriving the existing community and future generations of key assets that make Mortakes aprecent nature, producinantly sub-thank affecture generations of key assets that

Opposition to all Applications

- 2.1 The Group is generally supportive of the Plans in a number of respects see further paragraph 2.4 below. However, it has a number of key concerns. Accordingly, on the assumption that these issues will not be satisfactorily resolved at this stage, we must <u>oppose</u> the Plans in their present form and accordingly <u>oppose</u> all three <u>Applications</u>.
- 2.2 Our key concerns and reasons for objection are as follows:
 - primarily as a function of its particular physical characteristics, the Site cannot sustain both a large school and high-density residential occupation. Key factors in reaching this conclusion are:





- already-excessive and poorly functioning traffic flow;
- consequent emissions of noxious gases exceeding legal levels in an AQMA;
 and
- a strain on local infrastructure and key services that in some cases are already creaking or inadequate – notably public transport, health care, and primary and nursery educational provision.

which will be execurbated by the cumulative effect of what is proposed and which have not been adequately mitigated by the measures set out in the Plans;

- (b) in retation to overall density, the APB was founded on the basis of community support for a <u>[ower-density</u> development: what is proposed, at 837 units, in addition to the large secondary school; is anything but lower density, being:
 - more than <u>double</u> the range proposed in the community-preferred APB Consultation Materials (390 units);
 - more than <u>double</u> the level of a comparable, recent and local development (Queen Mary's, Roehampton)! – despite that site having better transport connectivity (equivalent per-hectare yield of 440 units);
 - (iii) (acknowledging the short-comings of a purely matrix-based approach), approximately <u>frisite</u> the level that the GLA matrix wood provide as appropriate for a site which is predominantly suburban² (296 units) and an average PTAL of 2 and even almost <u>double</u> that applicable to an urban site of that PTAL (493 units)³ and
 - (iv) more than trigite the level of provision the Borough identified as appropriate in its Monitoring Report on Housing effective at the time of acquisition of the Site by the Applicant (20to 100) units), and still 50 per cent. In excess of the revised total proposed by LBRUT in July last year following LBRUT's discussion with the developer (500 to 500 units).

Accordingly, residential density (in whatever form in may take) at the proposed levels is grossly excessive and simply <u>must be reduced</u> to be sustainable in this particular locale, expectigity if stilling alongside the Proposed Secondary School:

becomes, given the demonstratile (and increasing, por the Draft London Plan) need fore home (including affordatile supply) in the Borough, the concerne sepressed below and independently supported around long term demand for the secondary school and control of the secondary school and independently supported around long term demand for the secondary school and control of the secondary school and the secondary school and the secondary school and the secondary school and school and secondary school and secondar

http://wehearthert.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/Housing-density-study-opt.pdf

Cited from LBRuT commissioned paper on density, full reference below.

Bissed on current London Plan matrix mid-points and 3.1-3.7 Infunits.

hillipaler .





- (d) in any event, the Proposed Secondary School is not supportable in Its present form: It appears a carge of quantity over quality, and carmining on excessive number of pupils into a known pollution hotspot—LBRuT owes and day of care to pupils made and its staff with a single result onlying field and not researd for shaff the Spouls parents with 10 per la by factor in LBRuT in this provide is 14 A Cascador Arty. There is Spouls parents with 10 per la by the public in LBRuT and pupil and the control of the control of the control of the Cascador Arty. There is shaff is demand and the LBRuT taxapper, in contrast, a high-quality, three-form entry secondary stocks of the control of the
- before adoption of any proposed school primary or secondary there needs to be a much more detailed, publicly-available, independent assessment of:

 - (ii) (only if that reveals a projected shortfall at primary or secondary level) of all the available options for extension of existing sites or use of new sites to satisfy such projected shortfall – including Barn Elms for a secondary school – based on all material factors, to include:
 - (A) accessibility not artificially limited to 'east of the Borough' and 'west of the Borough', which disregards the realities described above;
 - (B) financial viability and availability of ESFA-funding;
 - (C) anticipated catchments (including post-development of the Site);
 - (D) anticipated use of LBRuT facilities by out-of-Borough pupils.
 - a proper logal assessment of s.14/s.14A duties and the NPPF specific requirement for primary place provision in particular;
 - (F) planning protections (especially to identify land which does not carry protection for a suitable size);
 - (G) complementary proximate facilities, such as running tracks, sports
 - (H) impact on the local area in particular, on traffic, noxious gas emissions⁹ (especially in the context of LBRuT being an ACMA and specific areas identified as requiring emissions to be tackled to meet legal obligations), public transport, loss of green space, existing

The Proposed Secondary School would have approximately 35 per cent. more pupils, in approximately 35 per cent. loss apace, then the LBRUT average.
 The PEA Record resources 30 per cent. of public will travel in from these alreas.

^{*} The clear direction of travel is to mitigate the impact of emissions or pupils, let alone siting a new school in a known polition hotspot. See, for example: https://www.london.gov.ukprass-releases/mayora/towon-air-quality-audits-to-protect-london-kids

catchment areas to minimise displacement (cf. s.14A duty), wider infrastructure, residents and opportunity cost for development of the relevant site for use in other ways; and

 any other material relevant factors, such as statutory consultee opposition (e.g. Network Rail in view of level-crossing).

followed by a specific consultation exercise. Based on the scant evidence base offered to date by LBRut*, this exercise has not been done properly; the decision-making process so far – after the initial consultation process which resulted in the adoption of the APB requiring a primary school on-site- has been incredibly ocaque and any future scoress must be more transparent.

the North-Western Residential Zone:

- far too dense, with long, wide blocks (in particular the WL Residential Block);
- is of too treat a scale relative to the scale of the existing site in that area and the clear requirements of the APB and the APB Consultation Materials (40-50 units per hectare, as anapped, cf. an estimated 130 to 170 units per hectare here—over traile the defisitive and
- (iii) (in outling.fofm at least) frankly resembles an over-bearing 1960's ghetto the opposite of what the APB sought to achieve. "N.s. not permeable and has no evident design features to make it any loss imposing-again as a set-back to make it any loss imposing-again as a set-back on it would benefit from being punctuated by the occasional" AI (shops and retail outlets) and/or AI food and drink's uses.

the WL Residential Blocks must not be four-storey high blocks of flats: they should:

include houses (where houses are currently found opposite-for reflect the enthalog urban grain, the APB and the APB Constitution Melfrish), as well as flats—the APB does not require these all to be logated behind Thames Blank, they should be dispersed to reflect the painting local area. Indeed, the Applicant's own CTS_presentation 2-wifich showed its interpretation of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the APB.

(ii) be of two and theer storeys in height-for compliance with the APB (both the APB Scales and Uses Plan and the text, which includes a requirement for the heights diminish towards the perimetry, the Village Plan, and the Local Plan, st well as the NPPF to the extent the units will fall on a pad of the site where no buildings are currently sited.

which the Applicant and its advisers acknowledge but assert LBBart has required them to include in the Plans.

(h) as a function of (i) Inexassing scale of the IMC Residential Blocks to between 4 and 6 levels and (ii) the VM. Residential Blocks encroaching on the 2011 Development, instead of being set back from "Miliarms Lane by approximately 2.5 metres as the existing buildings are alt present, the Plans-gose material issues of:

ii) significant loss of daylight and sunlight, as evidenced by the Waterman EIA

At 18,138. "As would be expected with a Development of this scale, there are included algorithment effects to the neighboring residential properties." The detailed data included at Appendix 18.2 reveals a 60 per cent reduction in VSC and a 62 per cent reduction in VSC to ground from habitation records at 2 of Williams Incen. "This is will beyond what it acceptable records at 2 of Williams Incen." This is will beyond what it is constituted.

(ii) overshadowing; and

(iii) loss of privacy

in each case relative to the footgoat—susting non-residential buildings on the Site, and that are inactionately adjected by the Pillars and IEEE A. To brief and additional amenity space, propaged by the Applicant to mitigate IEEE expect of these factors, and included in the Majert Exhabition jears, do not feature in the submitted IEEE. Distriction in Chicago in the Site of th

(i) Moutable housing must not be concentrated in any one area, is particular the North-Visitiam Residuad Zone algorithm to which can always by found an establish poconcentration of affortable housing at Baild Coart, Combe Hause and pain of the 2011 Development. Failure to ensure, in a coordance with the NPPF and the London Plain, that it is sensitively incorporated into and across the Site will result in the creation of a year to be a sensitively incorporated with a regard deptivation, a lack of routin models and years and a sensitively incorporated into a regard deptivation, a lack of routin models and please that may will be a longer to the sensitive and neighbouring routin. Further, the affortable housing should include for porcent. Information entered -aimed primarily at later and the sensitive of the sensitive and the sensitive and in addition to later and the sensitive and the sensitive and the sensitive and the later workers and to improve the financial violably enables (clienting fewer units coverall).

the quasi-total loss of grass, and the loss of one entire playing field, on the existing playing fields is strongly opposed and should be resisted by LBRuT on the basis tod:

the APB expressly provides for the retention and enhancement of the playing fields for football and/or cricket (noting that only recently were the bowling chaese removed to allow construction of the 2011 Development:

- (ii) the land in question is designated OOLTI, and the criteria for 're-provisioning' (i.e. quantities, quality and openness) of the land removed have very clearly not been satisfied; for instance, a bus park is not OOCTI;
- (iii) 3G and MUGA ann't catalizatory replacespheris for grass for a whole host of reasons: what it defers the natural splidar and the ecosystems its substantial substantial points of the ecosystems is substantially advantaged to adequately advantaged by the process of the nearby river-side, something not adequately advantaged by American Eurit, the flood prevention character of the area – this protribugat to the analysis where concrete land is being but for, we already place grassSpers.
- (iv) the London Plan, Duft London Plan, Dehelopment Masterplan, Draft Local Plan, and the NPPy all place significant value his provision of sporting facilities: the fass of 50 ppy cent. of the simultaneous psychological print Mottake at peak times simply planted be supported by LBRUT. Sport-Richmond would welcome an atternative of retaining plathes of reinforced grass:
- retaiping two reinforced grass playing fields would offer a similar (and ageliptable) use capacity case as one floodit 3G pitch, and lower on-going francial expense for maintain:
 - playing fields (and green spaces generally) provide a focal point for a community and the positive effects that such spaces can have on health and well-being are well-researched and well-documented (see, for example, the

- very recent 'Fields In Trust' survey). Enhancement of green spaces for educational facilities marks a clear direction of travel in policy terms⁶.
- (vii) the playing fields have archaeological and bistincal value, being situated as they are to the south of the stell of Crompell House (which site will fall beneath Building 18) and the places of the play having been used by the successful England 1966 World Cup team to train; and
- (viii) the 'pocket park' is of questionable value, being situated as it is beside a main road, in the mixedle of a known pollution hotspot and next for a large school where public may compregate and encourage ant-scena behaviour. Do we really want to encourage children to play informal ball games immediately, beader a main road?".
- (a) parking in the vicinity of the North-Vereinem Residential Zone and on Williams Lune has not been adequately addressed. As a minimum was void expect to see the industrial of a_CPZ (with passes and visitor passes made available to existing Group residential) to militagle the impact that car usage to never insidential to existence with laws on neighbouring residences. In a sub-tubulan setting such as this with extremely for PTAL (benigh I beside the North Western Residential Development), levels of our overeinted to recognize the control of the CPS of
- (ii) (albeit of secondary concern) the use of the red brick is frankly not especially attractive or in-keeping with London brick from the Village Plan – the two local Berkeley Homes developments at Chiswick Gate and Brewery Gate, Twickenham are good examples of what would be more palatable.

The Group would also comment that, unless and until a yabib, sustainable, fully-financed and integrated transport glip has been devisited for the Site and the surrounding asset, is it hand to be integrated to the surrounding asset, it is hard to be a surrounding to the surrounding the surrounding transport as the first of the Borough, TEI. Sooth Western Saladys and Relevion Rial. That may or may not be correct. But integrated the surrounding the surrounding the surrounding the surrounding transport connectively (critical to site capacity under both the London Plan and the buff London Plan — and the connective integrated to which celembors—are addressed, the buff of that, until transport connectively (critical to site capacity under both the London Plan and the buff London Plan — and the connective integrated to which developed emissions—are addressed, the buff London Plan — and the connective integrated to surrounding emissions are surrounded to surrounding the 22 and 218 bus services through Mortiste to New andor Richmond, as well as whether five fransport can be introduced. Consequention should also be given to introducing a Test or Yeart-feet service from Mortiste to Vauvall and London Valadosto, (as we have a year and asset to be given to a transport our before the consequence to consequence or the last very years and additional through the Plan and Spilland t

2.4 For the record, the Group is particularly supportive of the following aspects of the Plans:

this location of the Proposition and School (if partitie school lettiff, and provided all efforts should be made to incorporate mitigants that avoid a congregation of dupits around the school.

 Imiting the Proposed Secondary School to three_etoreys in height (albeit the APB proposed is school of the storeys). But the reof Left use should be opposed on the bagin of logs of privacy for eighbourger residences.

retention of the mature trees (which benefit from TPOs) to the north of the playing fields;

https://www.tes.com/news/ps10m-put-aside-nature-friendly-achisola

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(d) making rich make princes a part of Proposal Secondary School to the police and prehing the Proposal Secondary School to the police and prehing the proposal Secondary School to the police and prehing of princes police and prehing school to the police and prehin

the provision of at least some green and amenity space on the Site (including the 'Green Link' and the garden courtyards) and the retention of as large an open surface area of the playing fields as possible as grass (albeit not sufficient to override the OOLTI protection):

- heights of buildings diminishing towards the perimeter of the Site in line with the APB (albeit not sufficiently to be compliant as regards the WL Residential Blocks);
- improvements to Williams Lane and the introduction of a new, wide pavement on the east of Williams Lane beside the playing fields;
- widening Williams Lane to the north of the playing fields in places (though this must not encroach on the playing fields nor cause disruption to those residences that border this area);
- (i) basement parking provision;
- the mix of uses incorporated and the locations for those uses;
- incorporating a square/open space on the central / eastern part of the site large enough to accommodate periodical and seasonal attractions such as a farmer's market, an icerink or low-key entertainment events;
- (I) giving community access to the Maltings Building, though this should be two floors including on the second floor a cafe/restaurant/bar that can take advantage of riverside views and be available for community hire - see further the MBCG's comments; and
- opening up the riverside to the public and introducing new elevated pathways less liable to becoming submerged at high tides. With Safer lighting at night
- 2.5 Agaicant section 106 contributions and Cli. I should be made publicly available and be rigorously pursued by ILBUT planning, however, and this is important, this revenue MUST NOT be used as a means for LBRuT to satisfy itself as to adequate future suppy of key facilities and services, such as nursely and primary oducation and healthcare provision as LBRuT itself has acknowledged, there are not the available sites in the vicinity to provide these, so on-site provision is assential. If this means a reduction in density, so be it.
- .6 Planning conditions should include a restriction on transfer of all or part of the Site by the Applicant for a period of at least 10 years.
- 2.7 Planning conditions should require the Applicant (and the Applicant shall be required to procure that its employees, sub-contractors any other people acting under or for it) to:
 - (a) limit the working hours on the site to 9am to 4.30pm, weekdays only; XSTVCYQLY_
 - (b) use only constructors registered with the 'Considerate Constructors' scheme;
 - (c) keep noise to a minimum, including through the use of all reasonable mitigation techniques – a number of people living here work from home or have young children who sleep during the day;

2,4



keep dust and other particle dispersion from the site to a minimum, again including through the use of all reasonable mitigation techniques – a number of people living here suffer from respiratory problems; \ \(\subseteq \text{Light} \) \(\leftarrow \text{Conf.} \) \(\subseteq \text{Conf.} \)

(e) offer each local resident the option of twice annual cleaning of all external affected by the site development during construction and a 'deep-dean' of all affected residences at the end of construction:

(f) ensure access to the Site is almost exclusively via the Lower Richmond Road (or the river) and not via Williams Lane, which is too narrow and runs too close to existing residences / protected trees and green space to accommodate large or heavy vehicles; and Witti Carro, Lane. NOT SIME

(g) give local residents at least one week's notice of the time of any works that might reasonably be expected to be particularly disturbing or exceptional, demolition works being the prime example.

- 2.8 Judgement is reserved on the detailed elements of matters for which approval is presently sought only in outline. In particular, in relation to the design, layout and appearance of the North-Western Residential Zone.
- 2.9 In relation to <u>community, consultation</u>, as noted to the Applicant's advisors on a number of occasions throughout the CLL process, comments submitted on behalf of the Cupus in the CLL sessions, and more generally, have not been given proper consideration. There was seen much a fieling of them over adultation to some of the insession in source cases, pushed aspects of even the service of the community feedback with a service of requesting this, they were then increased to four storys. Another settlems of the community of the Proposed Secondary Stroke was more of the licitation shorted in the Plance.
- 2.10. LRRUT (eith aspart assistance, where required) should scrutinise the violatily data and site management proposals in order to be confident that the development will be self-financing, with high servicing standards, even in a stress-tested sonario such as Bresit. We cannot have a statution where the development falls into disrepair with inadequate provision for maintenance and key services such as pavements, lighting and security. Confingency funds and credit sacrof from the Applicant should be sourch.

Final comment

There remains a factastic poportunity to develop the Site in accordance with the terms and chipetives of the ARP which the Korpu (terrally bought into and in so dring to create a rape village heart for Modisia. These will deliver sustainable development for Modisiae and the weeker Richmond Borough. Residents entriely recognise that the Borough faces competing demands requiring an analysis of complex facts and difficut decisions. However, that does not mean we should collectively accept that is quite dearly a present a sub-pofinal solution.

Heads of objections

4

The Group's responses contain objections and observations in respect of the Applications under the following heads:

(a) Overshadowing

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OC_UKIN432911.3

- (b) Loss of daylight and sunlight to habitable rooms
- (c) Overlooking / loss of privacy
- (d) Inadequate parking
- (e) Overbearing nature of proposal
- (f) Loss of trees and loss of ecological habitats
- (g) Design and appearance
- (h) Layout and density of buildings
 - (i) Effect on listed buildings and conservation areas
 - (j) Access
- (k) Traffic generation
- (I) Noise and disturbance from the proposed development
- (m) Public visual amenity
 - (n) Flood risk

Glossary

Term	Description
2011 Development	The residential development completed in 2011 comprising 17 houses and some 64 apertments at Williams Lane and Wadham Mews, SW14
2015 Cabinet Papers	The minutes relating to and other documents (including the Richmond Council Revised School Place Planning Strategy 2015-2024) prepared for the LBRuT Cabinet meeting on 15th October 2015
3G Pitch	The proposed '3G' artificial full-sized playing field shown in the Plans occupying part of the two grass playing fields
AP8	The adopted planning brief for the Site from 2011, a supplementary planning document
APB Consultation Materials	The consultation papers (including the questionnaire and indicative land- use options) relating to the "Barefoot Consultation - Future of Stag Brewery and related areas 2017 carried out by IRBNI as a prelude to the APB. A copy of the preferred lower density' residential option referred to in the final APB is amoused.
APB Scale and Uses Plan	The proposed design for the Site, including maximum acceptable scale of buildings, set out at Appendix 1 to the APB
Applicant	Reselton Properties Limited
Application	Has the meaning given to that term at the start of this letter.
AQMA	An 'Air Quality Management Area', designated pursuant to Part IV of the Environment Act 1995
Borough, or LBRuT	The London Borough of Richmond upon Thames
Development Masterplan	LBRuT's current 'Adopted Development Master Plan'
Education Act	Unless otherwise stated, the Education Act 1996
EIA	The Environmental Impact Assessment relating to the Applications (including its annexures), required pursuant to The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) (England and Wales) Regulations 2011
Local Plan	The local plan, in its current form on the Borough website pending adoption, further rovision and replacement, which will supersede the Development Masterplan
MBCG	The Mortlake Brewery Community Group
MUGA	The proposed 'Multi-Use Games Area' shown in the Plans occupying part of the two grass playing fields

North-Western Residential Zone	The area of the Site occupied in the Plans by Buildings 18, 19 and 20
NPPF	The National Planning Policy Framework, a material consideration in relation to planning applications pursuant to Sections 19(2)(a) and 33(6) of the Planning and Computiony Purchase Act 2004 and section 70(2) of the T
OOLTI	Other Land of Outstanding Townscape Importance, a designation afforded by the Development Masterplan and the draft Local Plan
Plans	The detailed proposals for the Site set out in the Applications to which these comments relate.
Proposed Secondary School	The secondary school the subject of Application 18/0548/FUL
Site	The Stag Brewery development site, identified as SA24 in the Local Plan
WL Residential Blocks	That part of the North-Western Residential Zone identified in the Plans as Building 18.

Schedule

Developer's analysis of building heights relative to APB







Seveloot consultation – consultation materials showing Jower density's chames favoured by Schedule



S

Door Sis,

Please see my objection-read and edited.
Rest, Said Foxbar, 4 Churchill Court, 2 Wadham

To: London Borough of Richmond Upon Thames (LBRuT), Planning Department

By email to: stagbrewer/redevelopment@richmond.gov.uk London

Copy to: Zac Goldsmith, MP

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Council Leader Paul Hodgins

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Please refer to the glossary at the end of this document for defined terms.

Background

The below is an example response from a local resident of Williams Lane, feel free to copy some of the content and use in your response. You can find more instructions or details to support your submission at <a href="https://example.com/discourse/below-belo

The Group requests that appropriate weight be given to the responses set out below as residents directly adjected by the processed development, We releash feesely upon LBRID 15 the freshly-adopted API in making an investment and life decision to move here just 6 years ago. The proposed development, if insensitively provided, could blight the lives of the residents beth during the construction phase and for many years to come, whitsi depriving the existing community and future generations of key assets that make Mortakes aprecent nature, producinantly sub-thank affecture generations of key assets that

Opposition to all Applications

- 2.1 The Group is generally supportive of the Plans in a number of respects see further paragraph 2.4 below. However, it has a number of key concerns. Accordingly, on the assumption that these issues will not be satisfactorily resolved at this stage, we must oppose the Plans in their present form and accordingly oppose all three Applications.
- 2.2 Our key concerns and reasons for objection are as follows:
 - primarily as a function of its particular physical characteristics, the Site cannot sustain both a large school and high-density residential occupation. Key factors in reaching this conclusion are:





- already-excessive and poorly functioning traffic flow;
- consequent emissions of noxious gases exceeding legal levels in an AQMA;
 and
- a strain on local infrastructure and key services that in some cases are already creaking or inadequate – notably public transport, health care, and primary and nursery educational provision.

which will be execurbated by the cumulative effect of what is proposed and which have not been adequately mitigated by the measures set out in the Plans;

- (b) in retation to overall density, the APB was founded on the basis of community support for a <u>[ower-density</u> development: what is proposed, at 837 units, in addition to the large secondary school; is anything but lower density, being:
 - more than <u>double</u> the range proposed in the community-preferred APB Consultation Materials (390 units);
 - more than <u>double</u> the level of a comparable, recent and local development (Queen Mary's, Roehampton)! – despite that site having better transport connectivity (equivalent per-hectare yield of 440 units);
 - (iii) (acknowledging the short-comings of a purely matrix-based approach), approximately <u>frisite</u> the level that the GLA matrix wood provide as appropriate for a site which is predominantly suburban² (296 units) and an average PTAL of 2 and even almost <u>double</u> that applicable to an urban site of that PTAL (493 units)³ and
 - (iv) more than trigite the level of provision the Borough identified as appropriate in its Monitoring Report on Housing effective at the time of acquisition of the Site by the Applicant (20to 100) units), and still 50 per cent. In excess of the revised total proposed by LBRUT in July last year following LBRUT's discussion with the developer (500 to 500 units).

Accordingly, residential density (in whatever form in may take) at the proposed levels is grossly excessive and simply <u>must be reduced</u> to be sustainable in this particular locale, expectigity if stilling alongside the Proposed Secondary School:

becomes, given the demonstratile (and increasing, por the Draft London Plan) need fore home (including affordatile supply) in the Borough, the concerne sepressed below and independently supported around long term demand for the secondary school and control of the secondary school and independently supported around long term demand for the secondary school and control of the secondary school and the secondary school and the secondary school and the secondary school and school and secondary school and secondar

http://wehearthert.co.uk/wp-content/uploads/2015/03/Housing-density-study-opt.pdf

Cited from LBRuT commissioned paper on density, full reference below.

Bissed on current London Plan matrix mid-points and 3.1-3.7 Infunits.

hillipaler .





- (d) in any event, the Proposed Secondary School is not supportable in Its present form: It appears a reging a quantity over quality, and carmening on excessive number of pupils into a known pollution hotspat—LBRuT owes a duty of care to pupils and its self1-will as engle passed pulying field and note intended firs self1-will (Sough Spateris such its self-will not excessive self-will be supported by the properties of the Dough, at the size LBRuT would be powerfrest to prevent out-of-Borough pupils attending from Househow and Hermenerath, to the determined of LBRuT topaper, in contrast, a high-quality, free-form entry secondary stoods serving the local communities of Mortiles, Sheep, Elemen and Kew that will need to out-out slangistic the school, would in principle to accordable to the miscolor secondary of the properties of the school of the secondary of the Stood of the Sto
- before adoption of any proposed school primary or secondary there needs to be a much more detailed, publicly-available, independent assessment of:

 - (ii) (only if that reveals a projected shortfall at primary or secondary level) of all the available options for extension of existing sites or use of new sites to satisfy such projected shortfall – including Barn Elms for a secondary school – based on all material factors, to include:
 - (A) accessibility not artificially limited to 'east of the Borough and 'west of the Borough', which disregards the realities described above;
 - (B) financial viability and availability of ESFA-funding;
 - (C) anticipated catchments (including post-development of the Site);
 - (D) anticipated use of LBRuT facilities by out-of-Borough pupils:
 - a proper logal assessment of s.14/s.14A duties and the NPPF specific requirement for primary place provision in particular;
 - (F) planning protections (especially to identify land which does not carry protection for a suitable size);
 - (G) complementary proximate facilities, such as running tracks, sports
 - (H) impact on the local area in particular, on traffic, noxious gas emissions⁹ (especially in the context of LBRuT being an ACMA and specific areas identified as requiring emissions to be tackled to meet legal obligations), public transport, loss of green space, existing

The Proposed Secondary School would have approximately 35 per cent. more pupils, in approximately 35 per cent. loss space, than the LBRUT average.
The PBA Record assumes 30 zer cent. of pupils will travel in from these areas.

^{*} The clear direction of travel is to mitigate the impact of emissions on pupils, let alone siting a new school in a known pollution hotspot. See, for example: https://www.london.gov.uk/press-releases/mayora/travyon-ar-quality-audits-to-protect-codes-kids

catchment areas to minimise displacement (cf. s.14A duty), wider infrastructure, residents and opportunity cost for development of the relevant site for use in other ways; and

 any other material relevant factors, such as statutory consultee opposition (e.g. Network Rail in view of level-crossing).

followed by a specific consultation exercise. Based on the scant evidence base offered to date by LBRut*, this exercise has not been done properly; the decision-making process so far – after the initial consultation process which resulted in the adoption of the APB requiring a primary school on-site- has been incredibly ocaque and any future scoress must be more transparent.

the North-Western Residential Zone:

- far too dense, with long, wide blocks (in particular the WL Residential Block);
- is of too treat a scale relative to the scale of the existing site in that area and the clear requirements of the APB and the APB Consultation Materials (40-50 units per hectare, as anapped, cf. an estimated 130 to 170 units per hectare here—over traile the defisitive and
- (iii) (in outling.fofm at least) frankly resembles an over-bearing 1960's ghetto the opposite of what the APB sought to achieve. "N.s. not permeable and has no evident design features to make it any loss imposing-again as a set-back to make it any loss imposing-again as a set-back on it would benefit from being punctuated by the occasional" AI (shops and retail outlets) and/or AI food and drink's uses.

the WL Residential Blocks must not be four-storey high blocks of flats: they should:

include houses (where houses are currently found opposite-for reflect the enthalog urban grain, the APB and the APB Constitution Melfrish), as well as flats—the APB does not require these all to be logated behind Thames Blank, they should be dispersed to reflect the painting local area. Indeed, the Applicant's own CTS_presentation 2-wifich showed its interpretation of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the applicant of the APB, shows house houses within its new and the APB.

(ii) be of two and theer storeys in height-for compliance with the APB (both the APB Scales and Uses Plan and the text, which includes a requirement for the heights diminish towards the perimetry, the Village Plan, and the Local Plan, st well as the NPPF to the extent the units will fall on a pad of the site where no buildings are currently sited.

which the Applicant and its advisers acknowledge but assert LBBart has required them to include in the Plans.

(h) as a function of (i) Inexassing scale of the IMC Residential Blocks to between 4 and 6 levels and (ii) the VM. Residential Blocks encroaching on the 2011 Development, instead of being set back from "Miliarms Lane by approximately 2.5 metres as the existing buildings are alt present, the Plans-gose material issues of:

ii) significant loss of daylight and sunlight, as evidenced by the Waterman EIA

At 18,138. "As would be expected with a Development of this scale, there are included algorithment effects to the neighboring residential properties." The detailed data included at Appendix 18.2 reveals a 60 per cent reduction in VSC and a 62 per cent reduction in VSC to ground from habitation records at 2 of Williams Incen. "This is will beyond what it acceptable records at 2 of Williams Incen." This is will beyond what it is constituted.

(ii) overshadowing; and

(iii) loss of privacy

in each case relative to the footgoat—susting non-residential buildings on the Site, and that are inactionately adjected by the Pillars and IEEE A. To brief and additional amenity space, propaged by the Applicant to mitigate IEEE expect of these factors, and included in the Majert Exhabition jears, do not feature in the submitted IEEE. Distriction in Chicago in the Site of th

(i) Moutable housing must not be concentrated in any one area, is particular the North-Visitiam Residuad Zone algorithm to which can always by found an establish poconcentration of affortable housing at Baild Coart, Combe Hause and pain of the 2011 Development. Failure to ensure, in a coordance with the NPPF and the London Plain, that it is sensitively incorporated into and across the Site will result in the creation of a year to be a sensitively incorporated with a regard deptivation, a lack of routin models and years and a sensitively incorporated into a regard deptivation, a lack of routin models and please that may will be a longer to the sensitive and neighbouring routin. Further, the affortable housing should include for porcent. Information entered -aimed primarily at later and the sensitive of the sensitive and the sensitive and in addition to later and the sensitive and the sensitive and the sensitive and the later workers and to improve the financial violably enables (clienting fewer units coverall).

the quasi-total loss of grass, and the loss of one entire playing field, on the existing playing fields is strongly opposed and should be resisted by LBRuT on the basis tod:

the APB expressly provides for the retention and enhancement of the playing fields for football and/or cricket (noting that only recently were the bowling chaese removed to allow construction of the 2011 Development:

- (ii) the land in question is designated OOLTI, and the criteria for 're-provisioning' (i.e. quantities, quality and openness) of the land removed have very clearly not been satisfied; for instance, a bus park is not OOCTI;
- (iii) 3G and MUGA ann't catalizatory replacespheris for grass for a whole host of reasons: what it defers the natural splidar and the ecosystems its substantial substantial points of the ecosystems is substantially advantaged to adequately advantaged by the process of the nearby river-side, something not adequately advantaged by American Eurit, the flood prevention character of the area – this protribugat to the analysis where concrete land is being but for, we already place grassSpers.
- (iv) the London Plan, Duft London Plan, Dehelopment Masterplan, Draft Local Plan, and the NPPy all place significant value his provision of sporting facilities: the fass of 50 ppy cent. of the simultaneous psychological print Mottake at peak times simply planted be supported by LBRUT. Sport-Richmond would welcome an atternative of retaining plathes of reinforced grass:
- retaiping two reinforced grass playing fields would offer a similar (and ageliptable) use capacity case as one floodit 3G pitch, and lower on-going francial expense for maintain:
 - playing fields (and green spaces generally) provide a focal point for a community and the positive effects that such spaces can have on health and well-being are well-researched and well-documented (see, for example, the

- very recent 'Fields In Trust' survey). Enhancement of green spaces for educational facilities marks a clear direction of travel in policy terms⁶.
- (vii) the playing fields have archaeological and bistincal value, being situated as they are to the south of the stell of Crompell House (which site will fall beneath Building 18) and the places of the play having been used by the successful England 1966 World Cup teaps to train; and
- (viii) the 'pocket park' is of questionable value, being situated as it is beside a main road, in the mixedle of a known pollution hotspot and next for a large school where public may compregate and encourage ant-scena behaviour. Do we really want to encourage children to play informal ball games immediately, beader a main road?".
- (b) parking in the vicinity of the North-Western Residential Zone and on Williams Lunn has not been adequately addressed. As a minimum was void appeal to see the <u>residuation</u> of a CPZ (with passes and visitor passes made available to existing Group residential) to miligate the impact that cau usage to new residential with laws on neighbouring residences. In a sub-uban setting such as this with extremely low FFAL (being 1 beside the North Western Residential Development), which of our overwheat receively exceed these proposed of 0.7 can por out. Provision sould be one can reside the residential proposed of 0.7 can be out. Provision conduct for the control for school steff, sixth-form scale in well within sourch (name, and
- (ii) (albeit of secondary concern) the use of the red brick is frankly not especially attractive or in-keeping with London brick from the Village Plan – the two local Berkeley Homes developments at Chiswick Gate and Brewery Gate, Twickenham are good examples of what would be more palatable.

The Group would also comment that, unless and until a yabib, sustainable, fully-financed and integrated transport glip has been devisited for the Site and the surrounding asset, is it hand to be integrated to the surrounding asset, it is hard to be a surrounding to the surrounding the surrounding transport as the first of the Borough, TEI. Sooth Western Saladys and Relevion Rial. That may or may not be correct. But integrated the surrounding the surrounding the surrounding the surrounding transport connectively (critical to site capacity under both the London Plan and the buff London Plan — and the connective integrated to which celembors—are addressed, the buff of that, until transport connectively (critical to site capacity under both the London Plan and the buff London Plan — and the connective integrated to which developed emissions—are addressed, the buff London Plan — and the connective integrated to surrounding emissions are surrounded to surrounding the 22 and 218 bus services through Mortiste to New andor Richmond, as well as whether five fransport can be introduced. Consequention should also be given to introducing a Test or Yeart-feet service from Mortiste to Vauvall and London Valadosto, (as we have a year and asset to be given to a transport our before the consequence to consequence or the last very years and additional through the Plan and Spilland t

2.4 For the record, the Group is particularly supportive of the following aspects of the Plans:

this location of the Proposition and School (if partitie school lettiff, and provided all efforts should be made to incorporate mitigants that avoid a congregation of dupits around the school.

 Imiting the Proposed Secondary School to three_etoreys in height (albeit the APB proposed is school of the storeys). But the reof Left use should be opposed on the bagin of logs of privacy for eighbourger residences.

retention of the mature trees (which benefit from TPOs) to the north of the playing fields;

https://www.tes.com/news/ps10m-put-aside-nature-friendly-achsola

making the main entrance to the Proposed Secondary School to the east and making the ded to the north of the Proposed Secondary School to the asst and making the ded to the north of the Proposed Secondary School a service doa'd with energency-vehicle only access, with raisable bollards, in each case, to reduce the impact on existing residences;

the provision of at least some green and amenity space on the Site (including the 'Green Link' and the garden courtyards) and the retention of as large an open surface area of the playing fields as possible as grass (albeit not sufficient to override the OOLTI protection);

- heights of buildings diminishing towards the perimeter of the Site in line with the APB (f) (albeit not sufficiently to be compliant as regards the WL Residential Blocks);
- improvements to Williams Lane and the introduction of a new, wide pavement on the (g) east of Williams Lane beside the playing fields;
- widening Williams Lane to the north of the playing fields in places (though this must not (h) encroach on the playing fields nor cause disruption to those residences that border this area);
- (ii) basement parking provision:
- the mix of uses incorporated and the locations for those uses:
- incorporating a square/open space on the central / eastern part of the site large enough (k) to accommodate periodical and seasonal attractions such as a farmer's market, an icerink or low-key entertainment events;
- giving community access to the Maltings Building, though this should be two floors including on the second floor a café/restaurant/bar that can take advantage of riverside views and be available for community hire - see further the MBCG's comments; and
- (m) opening up the riverside to the public and introducing new elevated pathways less liable to becoming submerged at high tides. With Safer lighting at night
- 2.5 Applicant section 106 contributions and CIL should be made publicly available and be rigorously pursued by LBrUT planning. However, and this is important, this revenue MUST NOT be used as a means for LBRuT to satisfy itself as to adequate future supply of key facilities and services, such as nursery and primary education and healthcare provision - as LBRuT itself has acknowledged, there are not the available sites in the vicinity to provide these, so on-site provision is essential. If this means a reduction in density, so be it.
 - Planning conditions should include a restriction on transfer of all or part of the Site by the Applicant for a period of at least 10 years.
- Planning conditions should require the Applicant (and the Applicant shall be required to procure that its employees, sub-contractors any other people acting under or for it) to:
 - limit the working hours on the site to 9am to 4.30pm, weekdays only; of Strong (a)
 - use only constructors registered with the 'Considerate Constructors' scheme;
 - (c) keep noise to a minimum, including through the use of all reasonable mitigation techniques - a number of people living here work from home or have young children who sleep during the day;



keep dust and other particle dispersion from the site to a minimum, again including through the use of all reasonable mitigation techniques – a number of people living here suffer from respiratory problems; \ \(\subseteq \text{Light} \) \(\leftarrow \text{Conf.} \) \(\subseteq \text{Conf.} \)

(e) offer each local resident the option of twice annual cleaning of all external affected by the site development during construction and a 'deep-dean' of all affected residences at the end of construction:

(f) ensure access to the Site is almost exclusively via the Lower Richmond Road (or the river) and not via Williams Lane, which is too narrow and rurs too close to existing residences / protected trees and green space to accommodate large or heavy vehicles; and VIII.12/YO. LOVE. NOT SIME

 give local residents at least one week's notice of the time of any works that might reasonably be expected to be particularly disturbing or exceptional, demolition works being the prime example.

- 2.8 Judgement is reserved on the detailed elements of matters for which approval is presently sought only in outline. In particular, in relation to the design, layout and appearance of the North-Western Residential Zone.
- 2.9 In relation to <u>community, consultation</u>, as noted to the Applicant's advisors on a number of occasions throughout the CLG process, comments submitted on behalf of the Cupen in the CLG pessions, and more perenally, have not been given proper consideration. There was sever much a feeling of them over adultation to be some of the research in struct castles, public appoint of every many control of the proper consideration. There was every much a feeling of the community of the Proposed Security of Schol date in community of the Control Security of the Control Secur
- 2.10. LRRUT (eith aspart assistance, where required) should scrutinise the violatily data and site management proposals in order to be confident that the development will be self-financing, with high servicing standards, even in a stress-tested sonario such as Bresit. We cannot have a statution where the development falls into disrepair with inadequate provision for maintenance and key services such as pavements, lighting and security. Confingency funds and credit sacrof from the Applicant should be sourch.

3. Final comment

There remains a factastic poportunity to develop the Site in accordance with the terms and chipetives of the ARP which the Korpu (terrally bought into and in so dring to create a rape village heart for Modisia. These will deliver sustainable development for Modisiae and the weeker Richmond Borough. Residents entriely recognise that the Borough faces competing demands requiring an analysis of complex facts and difficut decisions. However, that does not mean we should collectively accept that is quite dearly a present a sub-pofinal solution.

Heads of objections

4

The Group's responses contain objections and observations in respect of the Applications under the following heads:

(a) Overshadowing

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OC_UKIN432911.3

- (b) Loss of daylight and sunlight to habitable rooms
- (c) Overlooking / loss of privacy
- (d) Inadequate parking
- (e) Overbearing nature of proposal
- (f) Loss of trees and loss of ecological habitats
- (g) Design and appearance
- (h) Layout and density of buildings
 - (i) Effect on listed buildings and conservation areas
 - (j) Access
- (k) Traffic generation
- (I) Noise and disturbance from the proposed development
- (m) Public visual amenity
 - (n) Flood risk

Glossary

Term	Description
2011 Development	The residential development completed in 2011 comprising 17 houses and some 64 apertments at Williams Lane and Wadham Mews, SW14
2015 Cabinet Papers	The minutes relating to and other documents (including the Richmond Council Revised School Place Planning Strategy 2015-2024) prepared for the LBRuT Cabinet meeting on 15th October 2015
3G Pitch	The proposed '3G' artificial full-sized playing field shown in the Plans occupying part of the two grass playing fields
AP8	The adopted planning brief for the Site from 2011, a supplementary planning document
APB Consultation Materials	The consultation papers (including the questionnaire and indicative land- use options) relating to the "Barefoot Consultation - Future of Stag Brewery and related areas 2017 carried out by IRBNI as a prelude to the APB. A copy of the preferred lower density' residential option referred to in the final APB is amoused.
APB Scale and Uses Plan	The proposed design for the Site, including maximum acceptable scale of buildings, set out at Appendix 1 to the APB
Applicant	Reselton Properties Limited
Application	Has the meaning given to that term at the start of this letter.
AQMA	An 'Air Quality Management Area', designated pursuant to Part IV of the Environment Act 1995
Borough, or LBRuT	The London Borough of Richmond upon Thames
Development Masterplan	LBRuT's current 'Adopted Development Master Plan'
Education Act	Unless otherwise stated, the Education Act 1996
EIA	The Environmental Impact Assessment relating to the Applications (including its annexures), required pursuant to The Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) (England and Wales) Regulations 2011
Local Plan	The local plan, in its current form on the Borough website pending adoption, further rovision and replacement, which will supersede the Development Masterplan
MBCG	The Mortlake Brewery Community Group
MUGA	The proposed 'Multi-Use Games Area' shown in the Plans occupying part of the two grass playing fields

North-Western Residential Zone	The area of the Site occupied in the Plans by Buildings 18, 19 and 20
NPPF	The National Planning Policy Framework, a material consideration in relation to planning applications pursuant to Sections 19(2)(a) and 33(6) of the Planning and Computiony Purchase Act 2004 and section 70(2) of the T
OOLTI	Other Land of Outstanding Townscape Importance, a designation afforded by the Development Masterplan and the draft Local Plan
Plans	The detailed proposals for the Site set out in the Applications to which these comments relate.
Proposed Secondary School	The secondary school the subject of Application 18/0548/FUL
Site	The Stag Brewery development site, identified as SA24 in the Local Plan
WL Residential Blocks	That part of the North-Western Residential Zone identified in the Plans as Building 18.

Schedule

Developer's analysis of building heights relative to APB







Seveloot consultation – consultation materials showing Jower density's chames favoured by Schedule



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