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## Prepared on behalf of

# **Avanton Richmond Development Limited**

Redevelopment of Homebase, Manor Road, North Sheen

**Revised Commercial Travel Plan** November 2021





## **Acknowledgements:**

Census data from www.nomisweb.co.uk has been used to assess modal split.

Maps from National Geographic Society MapMaker have been used in this report.

Census data has been used to predict modal split of travel.

The Local Cycling Guide extract has been obtained from Transport for London.

#### Disclaimer

The methodology adopted and the sources of information used by Sanderson Associates (Consulting Engineers) Ltd in providing its services are outlined within this Report.

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# **Appendices**

### **APPENDIX A**

Figure 1 – Site Location Plan

## **APPENDIX B**

Proposed Layout Plan

### **APPENDIX C**

Sample Staff Travel Survey Questionnaire

### **APPENDIX D**

Census Data

### **APPENDIX E**

Example Travel Information Pack – Staff



## **Executive Summary**

This revised Commercial Travel Plan seeks to encourage future staff of the proposed development off Manor Road, North Sheen, to use sustainable modes of travel.

The key actions arising from this plan are:-

- Prior to first marketing of the development, Avanton Richmond Development Ltd will notify the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames (LBRuT) of the appointed site wide Travel Plan Co-ordinator (TPC). This person will have responsibility for the implementation of the Travel Plan in respect of both the residential and commercial elements and will have an overarching role in guiding and coordinating the initiatives for all residents and staff.
- Each commercial entity i.e. easch separate occupier will have an appointed Travel Plan Representative (TPR) who will be the point of contact between the site wide TPC and staff members.
- A separate Residential Travel Plan (ref 11205-004-06) has been prepared.
- The TPC will be appointed to undertake the specific tasks outlined in this document and act as a contact with LBRuT and other relevant bodies. The Travel Plan will operate for 5 years from occupation with formal monitoring taking place on an annual basis until then following the initial travel surveys.
- The staff travel surveys will be carried out upon occupation of each unit. Once all base line surveys have been completed the TPC will annually review and tailor the Travel Plan initiatives to meet with the needs of staff. Any alterations to the approved targets and measures contained within this Travel Plan will be agreed with LBRUT prior to implementation.
- The TPC shall produce an Action Plan which will include an annual program of measures designed to help achieve the annual Travel Plan targets on travel mode share detailed in Section 4.2 of this Travel Plan. It will clearly set out the tasks involved, the person(s) responsible, and dates by which the measures will be achieved.



## 1 Introduction

- 1.1 Sanderson Associates (Consulting Engineers) Limited has been appointed by Avanton Richmond Development Ltd, to prepare a revised Commercial Travel Plan in support of development proposals at Homebase, Manor Road, North Sheen. The proposals are for the Demolition of existing buildings and structures and comprehensive phased residential-led redevelopment to provide 453 residential units (of which 173 units will be affordable), flexible retail, community and office uses, provision of car and cycle parking, landscaping, public and private open spaces and all other necessary enabling works. A site location plan can be found at **Appendix A (Figure 1)** with layout plans at **Appendix B**.
- 1.2 This document provides details of measures and initiatives that will be implemented within the proposed development to promote sustainable travel modes. A Travel Plan Co-ordinator (TPC) will be appointed by the developer to facilitate this Travel Plan and provide assistance to all future staff. In addition, each commercial area will have an appointed Travel Plan Representative (TPR) to act as a point of contact between the TPC and staff members.
- 1.3 The TPC will liaise with representatives from LBRuT and other parties as necessary to coordinate targets, initiatives and measures for the development site. An Annual Monitoring Report will be prepared and submitted to LBRuT. This will ensure a comprehensive approach to travel planning which will promote good practice within the development site.
- 1.4 Avanton Richmond Development Ltd acknowledge their wider responsibilities to encourage a sustainable development which will contribute to reducing congestion and help the viability and attractiveness of the development. In a wider sense the Travel Plan will also aid in protecting the general environment.



## 2 Planning Policy Context

## 2.1 National Planning Policy

- 2.1.1 The latest National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF) was published in July 2021 and sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied.
- 2.1.2 At NPPF paragraph 38 it is stated that;

'Decision-makers at every level should seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.'

- 2.1.3 Paragraph 110 states that in assessing development applications;
  - 'a) appropriate opportunities to promote sustainable transport modes can be or have been taken up, given the type of development and its location;
  - b) safe and suitable access to the site can be achieved for all users;
  - c) the design of streets, parking areas, other transport elements and the content of associated standards reflects current national guidance, including the National Design Guide and the National Model Design Code 46; and
  - d) any significant impacts from the development on the transport network (in terms of capacity and congestion), or on highway safety, can be cost effectively mitigated to an acceptable degree.'

## 2.1.4 NPPF Paragraphs 111 and 112 state that;

'Development should only be prevented or refused on highways grounds if there would be an unacceptable impact on highway safety, or the residual cumulative impacts on the road network would be severe.

Within this context, applications for development should:

a) give priority first to pedestrian and cycle movements, both within the scheme and with neighbouring areas; and second – so far as possible – to facilitating access to high quality public transport, with layouts that maximise the



- catchment area for bus or other public transport services, and appropriate facilities that encourage public transport use;
- b) address the needs of people with disabilities and reduced mobility in relation to all modes of transport;
- c) create places that are safe, secure and attractive which minimise the scope for conflicts between pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles, avoid unnecessary street clutter, and respond to local character and design standards;
- d) allow for the efficient delivery of goods, and access by service and emergency vehicles; and
- e) be designed to enable charging of plug-in and other ultra-low emission vehicles in safe, accessible and convenient locations.'

### 2.1.5 NPPF Paragraph 111 states that;

'All developments that will generate significant amounts of movement should be required to provide a travel plan, and the application should be supported by a transport statement or transport assessment so that the likely impacts of the proposal can be assessed.'

#### 2.2 London Plan Policies

- 2.2.1 The London Plan (March 2021), is "the overall strategic plan for London" and "sets out an integrated economic, environmental, transport and social framework for the development of London over the next 20–25 years". "The London Plan is legally part of each of London's Local Planning Authorities' Development Plan and must be taken into account when planning decisions are taken in any part of Greater London".
- 2.2.2 The London Mayor's Transport Strategy 2018 has the vision of reducing "Londoners' dependency on cars in favour of increased walking, cycling and public transport use".



## 2.3 Local Planning Policies

2.3.1 The Local Plan for LBRuT, adopted July 2018, sets out the key planning policies for the area for a 15 year period. Policy LP 44 relates to Sustainable Travel Choices including cycling and walking, public transport and location of new developments and states that;

"The Council will work in partnership to promote safe, sustainable and accessible transport solutions, which minimise the impacts of development including in relation to congestion, air pollution and carbon dioxide emissions, and maximise opportunities including for health benefits and providing access to services, facilities and employment".



## 3 Travel Plan Co-ordinator

- 3.1 The implementation and operation of a Travel Plan is likely to be secured by the imposition of a formal planning condition to ensure that the approved travel plan initiatives and measures are put in place.
- 3.2 In order to assist with the implementation of the Travel Plan, Avanton Richmond Development Ltd will appoint a TPC when the development is first marketed. This person will have responsibility for the overall implementation of the Travel Plan and will have an overarching role in guiding and co-ordinating the initiatives contained within this document. The details of the TPC will be passed to the Local Planning and Highway Authorities Travel Plan Officer once the appointment is made. On an interim basis the TPC for the development will be Avanton Richmond Development Ltd prior to them appointing a site specific TPC. The provisions of the Travel Plan can be secured by way of either planning condition or planning obligation.
- 3.3 The duties of the TPC will begin prior to the first occupation and continue for five years after one third of the residential element of the development is occupied. Each commercial area will also have an appointed TPR to act as a point of contact between the TPC and staff members and liaison with the TPC will begin upon occupation.
- 3.4 The TPC will seek to engage with staff about the Travel Plan and inform them of the results of surveys on a regular basis so that they are involved in the travel plan process. Meetings can be arranged with staff to advise and discuss targets, progress and proposed travel initiatives.
- 3.5 The table overleaf provides an overview of the TPC's role and responsibilities. Some of these will be informed by the outcome of the liaison and meetings with the Council and other relevant bodies.



Responsibility				
1	Liaise with the Council and other relevant bodies as necessary on a regular basis.			
2	Decide on most appropriate Travel Plan measures to meet the Travel Plan targets and discuss measures with the Council and other relevant bodies as necessary.			
3	Access funding for each suggested measure through liaison with Avanton Richmond Development Ltd			
4	Provide staff with (or access to) travel information packs containing information on timetables, sustainable transport links to the site, cycling and details of the regional car share scheme or any relating to site. Provide annual mailshot to update information.			
5	Via the TPRs, provide each commercial unit with staff travel survey questionnaires to be completed within 1 month of occupation.			
6	Disseminate annual resident and staff travel surveys following the anniversary of the initial travel survey. Review the Travel Plan. The results should be collated and provided to the Council within 3 months of the completion of the surveys.			
9	Produce an annual Action Plan detailing measures to be undertaken for each 12 month period over the life span of the Travel Plan. The measures should be designed to meet with the travel plan targets and should consider the results of the staff travel surveys. In the event that all targets are met no annual action plan will be required.			

Table 3.5 - Main responsibilities of Commercial TPC/TPR

3.6 The staff travel surveys shall be conducted generally in accordance with the sample questionnaire contained at **Appendix C** of this Travel Plan. The results of the surveys will be considered by the TPC, the Council and other relevant bodies and appropriate updates will be made to the Travel Plan.



## 4 Travel Plan Objectives and Targets

## 4.1 Travel Plan Objectives

- 4.1.1 Travel Plans exist to influence travel behaviour towards the greater use of more sustainable methods of travel, by using a mixture of increased transport opportunity, providing information, persuasion and incentive.
- 4.1.2 The main objectives of this Travel Plan are as follows:
  - To promote the use of sustainable modes of travel to all staff members.
  - To make staff aware of the benefits to be derived from the Travel Plan.
  - To minimise the level of vehicular traffic generated by the site.

### 4.2 Travel Plan Targets

4.2.1 In order to set appropriate targets, analysis of the multimodal split of the local area has been undertaken utilising the 2011 Census Data – Method of Travel to Work dataset. The Richmond upon Thames 004 MSOA (Middle Super Output Area) has been used and the table below summarises the Census data with a full copy at **Appendix D**.

	Richmond upon Thames 004	Richmond upon Thames	England
Method of Travel to Work	% working	% working	% working
Work Mainly at or From Home	8.0%	8.9%	5.4%
Underground, Metro, Light Rail, Tram	21.6%	10.7%	4.1%
Train	17.9%	21.9%	5.3%
Bus, Minibus or Coach	7.5%	7.6%	7.5%
Taxi	0.2%	0.2%	0.5%
Motorcycle, Scooter or Moped	1.6%	1.7%	0.8%
Driving a Car or Van	26.8%	32.5%	57.0%
Passenger in a Car or Van	1.2%	1.4%	5.0%
Bicycle	5.9%	6.1%	3.0%
On Foot	8.6%	8.2%	10.7%
Other Method of Travel to Work	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%

Table 4.2.1 – Census Data – Method of Travel to Work



- 4.2.2 From the information in the table above it can be seen that travel by public transport is the most popular with 47.0% of workers in Richmond upon Thames 004 MSOA choosing to travel by bus, train or underground/light rail.
- 4.2.3 Assuming that the car/van passengers are travelling with a driver in the same area, it can be estimated that 25.6% of journeys to work are carried out as a single car/van occupant (26.8-1.2%).
- 4.2.4 14.5% of journeys to work are by active modes and 8.0% of residents work at, or mainly from, home.
- 4.2.5 With regards to setting targets, typically, travel plans primarily seek to reduce single occupancy car journeys. However, given that the development is proposed as predominantly 'car-free', it is considered that the opportunity for future staff to travel to / from the site by car will be naturally limited. Therefore, the level of single occupancy journeys occurring in the local area from Census data (25.6%), is unlikely to be generated by the site once developed.
- 4.2.6 At this stage it is therefore considered inappropriate to target, for instance, a 10% reduction in single occupancy car journeys, as the baseline travel surveys (once undertaken) may identify a negligible use of cars to begin with.
- 4.2.7 It is considered that an appropriate target would be to encourage a shift from public passenger transport modes to 'active' travel modes such as walking and cycling. This will help to ease congestion on the local highway network together with the added associated environmental benefits.
- 4.2.8 The initial target will therefore be to achieve 25% of travel by 'active' modes of transport, walking and cycling, within 5 years. An increase of approximately 10% when compared against local travel patterns.
- 4.2.9 It is considered that the above interim target based on Census data will be refined once the site is occupied and the baseline travel surveys have been undertaken.



- 4.2.10 This Travel Plan will apply to the development once one third of the residential element of the development is occupied (151 units) although the travel plan measures and initiatives, particularly with reverence to the commercial units, will be implemented from first occupation.
- 4.2.11 The effectiveness of the initial measures contained within this Travel Plan will be annually monitored and reviewed for a minimum period of 5 years. This will allow the Plan to evolve to meet the needs of future staff and increases the likelihood that the modal shift targets are met.
- 4.2.12 Any alterations to the approved targets and measures contained within this Travel Plan will be agreed with LBRuT prior to implementation. Should the results indicate a significant improvement on the proposed targets then the TPC will seek to maintain and improve upon the results and will liaise with the Council and other relevant parties to discuss new potential targets.
- 4.2.13 It is considered that raising awareness of the Travel Plan increases the likelihood of a successful change in travel behaviour. This will be achieved by providing a Travel Information Pack, an example of which is contained at **Appendix E**, to each commercial unit which clearly sets out the measures and initiatives contained within this Travel Plan.



## 5 Travel Plan Measures

#### 5.1 Overview

- 5.1.1 In order to accord with the aspirations of National Guidance, any new proposals should extend the choice in transport and secure mobility in a way that supports sustainable development.
- 5.1.2 This section of the report considers the accessibility of the development by the following modes of transport.
  - Accessibility on foot;
  - Accessibility by cycle;
  - Accessibility by bus;
  - · Accessibility by rail and tube;
  - · Car sharing;
  - · Car clubs;
  - · Reducing the need to travel to work; and
  - Other measures
- 5.1.3 To encourage staff of the development to travel to and from the site via sustainable modes, it is particularly important that they are made aware of the transport options that are available and of aspects of the site's infrastructure that have been designed to assist and encourage their use. This will be carried out by the provision of promotional literature such as the Travel Information Pack. The possibility of providing details of sustainable travel options for staff using the developer's websites will be investigated.



## 5.2 Accessibility by Foot

- 5.2.1 Walking is the most important mode of transport in the local level and can replace short car trips in journeys under 2km, which contribute to congestion and pollution, and the need for car parking. Walking is the most sustainable form of transport and provides one way of reducing pressure on the environment. People walking are also travelling at a pace that gives them a greater connection with their surroundings and can have positive benefits in relation to a community's security through increased surveillance.
- 5.2.2 Walking stimulates both personal health and the health of communities and local economies. Government health improvement advice states that just 30 minutes brisk walking 5 times a week can bring about significant reductions in the risk of coronary heart disease, high blood pressure and diabetes.
- 5.2.3 In relation to acceptable walking distances, Manual for Streets is the latest national guidance on the design of residential roads and offers the following guidance in Section 4.4 "The walkable neighbourhood".

"Walkable neighbourhoods are typically characterised by having a range of facilities within 10 minutes (up to about 800m) walking distance of residential areas which residents may access comfortably on foot. However, this is not an upper limit and PPG13 states that walking offers the greatest potential to replace short car trips, particularly those under 2 km. MfS encourages a reduction in the need to travel by car through the creation of mixed-use neighbourhoods with interconnected street patterns, where daily needs are within walking distance of most residents." It is noted that PPS 13 has been superseded by NPPF but the general guidance offered in Manual for Streets is considered relevant.

5.2.4 The IHT publication "Providing for Journeys on Foot" also identifies suggested acceptable walking distances for commuting, school and sight-seeing as follows with times based on a walking speed of 1.4m/s.

16

Desirable 500m 6 minutes
Acceptable 1000m 12 minutes
Preferred maximum 2000m 24 minutes



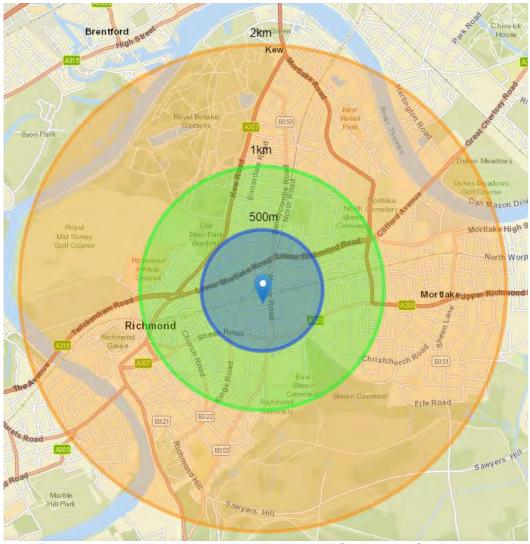


Figure 5.2.5 – Indicative walking radii (National Geographic Society MapMaker)

- 5.2.5 The figure above identifies 500m, 1km and 2km walking radii from the site. It is noted that walking routes will not follow the simple radius of this plan and the plan is provided as an indication of where destinations lie and the general extent to which the local area can be accessed on foot. The following amenities and facilities are all located within walking distance of the site.
- 5.2.6 Within a 500m walking distance of the site there are bus stops on Manor Road, Lower Richmond Road, Sandycombe Road and Lower Mortlake Road, North Sheen Train Station, Sainsbury's supermarket, Lloyd's Pharmacy, Starbucks coffee shop, Bright Horizons Day Nursery and Preschool.



- 5.2.7 Within a 1km walking distance of the site there is Darel Primary School, Windham Nursery School, The Kings Road Nursery, Marshgate Primary School, Christ's School and Sixth Form Centre, Holy Trinity Primary School, North Sheen recreation ground, North Sheen Bowling Club, Skinners Newsagent and Post Office, Seymour House Surgery, Kew Road Dental, Dental Care London, Specsavers and Vision Express.
- 5.2.8 Within 2km there is Kings House School, North Road Surgery, Pensford Tennis Club, Richmond Town Centre with various amenities and facilities, Richmond Station, Kew Gardens Station and Royal Botanic Gardens at Kew.
- 5.2.9 The IHT publication "Guidelines for Planning for Public Transport in Developments" identifies maximum walking distances to bus stops as 400m, with 300m desirable. The PTAL assessment takes into account bus stops within 640m. The bus stops on Manor Road are located approximately 170-180m from the site therefore within the desired walking distance. Bus stops on Lower Mortlake Road and Lower Richmond Road are located approximately 340-390m from the site therefore within acceptable walking distances.

#### Initiatives

- 5.2.10 The TPC will promote the benefits of walking in relation to general health and well-being. Walking to local services and facilities will be promoted to staff.
- 5.2.11 The Travel Plan Co-ordinator will advise staff that information regarding walking is available from various websites such as Transport for London tfl.gov.uk/modes/walking/, www.walklondon.org.uk/, and www.walkingforhealth.org.uk/ together with local walking route planner websites for London https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/ and walkit.com/cities/london/.



## 5.3 Accessibility by Cycle

- 5.3.1 Like walking, cycling has an important part to play in reducing congestion, improving accessibility and reducing pollution. A further benefit of cycling is linked to increased general health and fitness which has personal benefits as well as economic benefits for the nation in terms of health service costs. The bicycle is generally more affordable than the car and hence there are social equity benefits to the promotion of cycling. Cycling may also allow people without cars to reach destinations that they may otherwise be unable to reach.
- 5.3.2 It is indicated in PPG13 (2001) that "cycling has the potential to substitute for short car trips, particularly those under 5km and to form part of a longer journey by public transport". However, 'Building Sustainable Transport into New Developments' (2008) identifies that "people may be willing to walk or cycle further where their surroundings are more attractive, safe and stimulating". Furthermore, the National Travel Survey identifies longer cycle journeys than 5km with an average distance of 5.3km and an 85<sup>th</sup> percentile distance of 7.4km.
- 5.3.3 The plan overleaf indicates destinations which lie within 5km and 7.5km radii of the application site. It is noted that cycling will not follow the simple radius of this plan and the plan is provided as an indication of where destinations lie and the general extent to which the site is accessible by cycle.



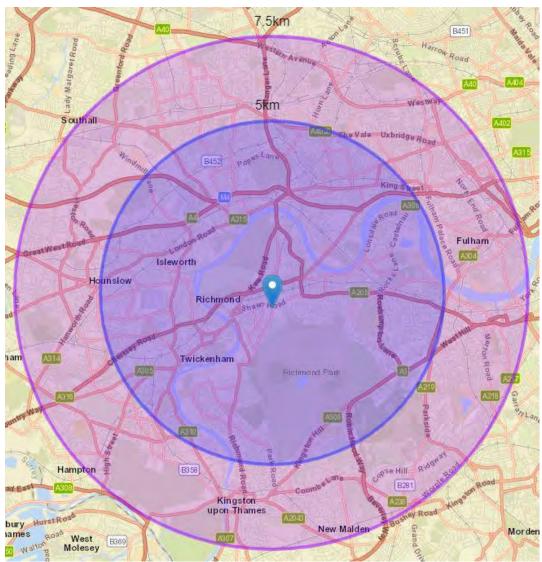


Figure 5.3.3 – Indicative cycling radii (National Geographic Society MapMaker)

5.3.4 In relation to the application site; cycling distances from local centres and key locations within cycling distance are detailed overleaf.



Origin/Destination	Distance
North Sheen Station	0.1km
North Sheen	0.7km
Kew	1.3km
Richmond Station	1.5km
Richmond Town Centre	1.6km
Kew Gardens Station	1.7km
East Sheen	2.1km
East Twickenham	2.5km
Chiswick	3.8km
Roehampton	4.2km
Brentford	4.9km
Hammersmith	5.7km
West Kensington	7.2km
Shepherd's Bush	7.3km
Kington upon Thames	7.4km

5.3.5 In the vicinity of the site, Manor Road, Manor Grove, Lower Richmond Road and Lower Mortlake Road are shown as off road/quiet cycle routes on the Transport for London Cycling Guides.



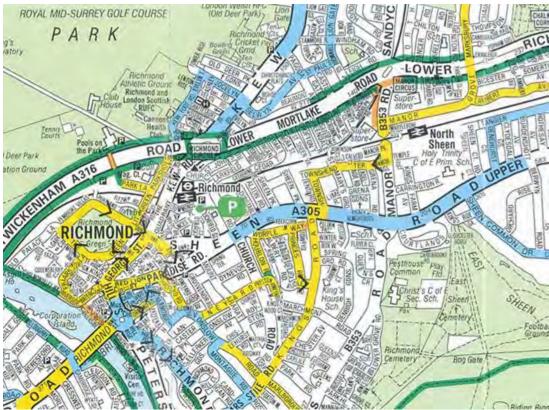


Figure 5.3.5 – Extract of Transport for London Local Cycling Guide 9

5.3.6 The site is accessible by cycle and plentiful cycle parking will be provided. It is therefore concluded that the site's location provides good cycling accessibility to the local area and the local infrastructure provides good opportunities for cycle use with ongoing connectivity to public transport.

#### Initiatives

- 5.3.7 The site provides cycle friendly routes and cycle parking is provided throughout, as can be seen on the proposed site layout plan at **Appendix B**, to encourage this mode of transport.
- 5.3.8 Bikes are available to hire in Richmond town centre. An app for Apple and Android devices enables users to locate and hire the bikes that can be parked in any normal cycle parking spaces as they have an integrated lock. Further information can be found at <a href="https://www.ofo.com/uk/en">www.ofo.com/uk/en</a>.



- 5.3.9 Information for cyclists including details of routes, cycle training and details of cycle facilities will be included within the Travel Information Pack and displayed in communal areas. Further information on cycling can be found at <a href="https://www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads">www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads</a> and transport/cycling, <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling/">https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling/</a> and <a href="https://www.sustrans.org.uk">www.sustrans.org.uk</a>.
- 5.3.10 Transport for London provide cycle maps of London free of charge. These can be ordered at https://tfl.gov.uk/forms/12419.aspx.
- 5.3.11 Cycle route planners are available at <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/</a> and <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">www.cyclestreets.net</a>
- 5.3.12 Information on cycle training is available at <a href="https://www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads">www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads</a> and transport/road safety/cycling training and https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling/cycling-in-london/cycle-skills?intcmp=2386.
- 5.3.13 The responsibility for obtaining and updating information relating to cycling will fall to the Travel Plan Co-ordinator.
- 5.3.14 The Travel Plan Co-ordinator will promote the benefits of cycling in relation to general health and well-being. An example of this would be by providing information for cyclists including the location of cycle shops and those that may offer discount on cycles and repairs/maintenance will be included in the travel information packs and displayed on staff notice boards located throughout the site.
- 5.3.15 In addition to the above, a free app can also be downloaded for use with all devices and is entitled 'The Complete National Cycle Network'. The app provides detailed mapping and route locations and operates in conjunction with the handsets GPS locator. Staff will be informed that this software is available for free download.



## 5.4 Accessibility by Bus

5.4.1 The closest bus stops to the site are located on Manor Road approximately 170180m from the site. In addition, bus stops are located on Lower Mortlake Road,
Lower Richmond Road and Sandycombe Road slightly further from the site. The
location of these stops in shown in the figure below;



Figure 5.4.1 – Location of bus stops (National Geographic Society MapMaker)



5.4.2 The facilities at these stops and the services available are detailed below;

#### Manor Road

Location: Manor Road

Reference: Sainsbury's (SU)

Distance to stop: Approx 170m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling southbound

Facilities: Pole with flag, timetable information, road markings

Bus services: 371

Location: Manor Road

Reference: Sainsbury's (SC)

Distance to stop: Approx 180m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling northbound

Facilities: Pole with flag, shelter with seating, timetable information

Bus services: 371, 493, R70

#### Lower Mortlake Road

Location: Lower Mortlake Road

Reference: Manor Road

Distance to stop: Approx 340m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling southwest-bound

Facilities: Pole with flag, lay-by

Bus services: H22, H37

Location: Lower Mortlake Road Reference: Manor Circus (SA)

Distance to stop: Approx 440m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling northeast-bound

Facilities: Pole with flag, shelter with seating, timetable information,

road markings

Bus services: 190, 371, 391, 419, 493, H22, H37, N22, R68, R70



### Lower Richmond Road

Location: Lower Richmond Road
Reference: Sandycombe Road (SL)

Distance to stop: Approx 390m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling northeast-bound

Facilities: Pole with flag, shelter with seating, timetable information,

road markings

Bus services: 190, 419, N22, R68

## Sandycombe Road

Location: Sandycombe Road

Reference: Gainsborough Road (SP)
Distance to stop: Approx 400m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling southbound

Facilities: Pole with flag, shelter with seating, timetable information,

road markings

Bus services: 391

5.4.3 A summary of the services available at these bus stops is given overleaf.



Арр		Approxi	Approximate Peak Frequency		
Service	Route	Mon - Sat Daytime	Mon - Sat Evening	Sunday	
190	George Street – Empress State Building/West Brompton Station	15 mins	20 mins	20 mins	
371	Manor Road/Sainsbury's – Kingston Hall Road	8-12 mins	15 mins	11-12 mins	
391	George Street – Sands End/Sainsbury's	9-14 mins	15 mins	11-14 mins	
419	George Street – Hammersmith Bus Station	15 mins	20-30 mins	30 mins	
493	St George's/University of London  – Richmond/Manor Road	9-14 mins	20 mins	20 mins	
H22	The Bell – Manor Road	11-14 mins	20 mins	20 mins	
H37	Hounslow/Blenheim Centre – Manor Road	5-10 mins	6-15 mins	7-10 mins	
N22	South Road/Fulwell – Margaret Street/Oxford Circus (Night Bus)	No Service	30 mins	30 mins	
R68	Kew Retail Park – Hampton Court Station	15 mins	20 mins	15 mins	
R70	Nurserylands Shopping Centre – Richmond/Manor Road	6-12 mins	15-20 mins	15 mins	

Table 5.4.3 – Summary of bus services

- As can be seen from the above, there are a wide range of frequent bus services available seven days a week. The above services stop at various rail and tube stations which provide frequent and varied services to a wider range of destinations for onward travel.
- 5.4.5 However, TfL advised that a number of alterations to the bus services in the vicinity of the site came into effect on 12<sup>th</sup> December 2020. The changes were made in order to address areas of surplus capacity and to reallocate resources where additional capacity is needed in Richmond, Twickenham and Whitton. The alterations are summarised below:
  - Route H37 frequency reduced from 10bph to 8bph.
  - Route 493 terminates at Richmond Bus Station rather than at Richmond Manor Circus. However, whilst route 493 will no longer serve Manor Circus,



it will continue to service the south side of the site from East Sheen (albeit a longer walk time).

- Route H22 will no longer operate between Richmond and Twickenham
- Route 391 will be renumbered to 110.
- 5.4.6 The following bus routes still serve (within 640m) the application site: 371 and R70 (Manor Road), 110, 190, 419, H37, R68 and N22 Manor Circus and 33, 337, 493 and N33 (at East Sheen).
- 5.4.7 It is noted that, with the revised services, TfL remain satisfied that there is sufficient spare capacity on the bus network to accommodate the uplift in bus demand generated by the development.

#### Initiatives

- 5.4.8 Information about all available forms of public passenger transport including routes and destinations, service frequencies, locations of nearest bus stops and sources of other travel information shall be provided within the Travel Information Pack. In addition, the physical connections from the site to these facilities will be identified and made known to all staff upon occupation. As mentioned previously it will be the responsibility of the Travel Plan Co-ordinator to ensure that this information is kept up-to-date and reported in each review.
- 5.4.9 The Travel Plan Co-ordinator will advise staff that information is available via the internet and up to date bus timetables, journey planner and bus maps can be found at tfl.gov.uk/modes/buses/.
- 5.4.10 Information on how to obtain live bus information is available at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/modes/buses/live-bus-arrivals">tfl.gov.uk/modes/buses/live-bus-arrivals</a> by searching the stop name or bus route. Real-time information is provided at many stops in London however the information can also be found online, by text and the free 'Facebook TravelBot' messenger service.



5.4.11 In addition, Traveline offer travel information for both local and national travel. The website can be found at the following address <a href="http://www.traveline.info/">http://www.traveline.info/</a>.

### 5.5 Accessibility by Rail and Tube

- 5.5.1 The closest train station to the site is North Sheen Station located approximately 180m to the east of the site. It is a two platform station that is under the management of South Western Railway and provides services to Chiswick, London Waterloo, Wimbledon, Putney and other local destinations.
- In addition, Richmond Station is located approximately 1.5km from the site and provides both rail and underground services. The fully staffed station provides CCTV monitored cycle stands for 212 cycles, ticket machines, ATM, pay phones, post box, toilets, waiting rooms, shops, step free access and ramps for train access. Rail services to Chiswick, London Waterloo, Stratford, Reading, Wokingham and other local destinations and available.
- 5.5.3 The location of these stations can be seen in the figure below;



Figure 5.5.3 – Location of train stations (National Geographic Society MapMaker)

- 5.5.4 Richmond Station also provides over-ground line services on the Richmond and Clapham Junction to Stratford route with approximately 12-18 minute frequency.
- 5.5.5 District line underground services are also available at approximately 10 minute intervals.
- 5.5.6 Both of these provide links to the wider Transport for London network with a wide range of possibilities for onward travel.



- 5.5.7 South Western Railway (SWR) have undertaken a timetable consultation with the changes proposed to take effect in December 2022. The proposals have been assessed to determine whether they will have an impact on the PTAL rating of the site.
- 5.5.8 SWR, divide their lines into four areas; Main Suburban, Windsor, Mainline and West of England. North Sheen is served by the Windsor routes, specifically the London Waterloo to Kingston via Richmond, Shepperton via Twickenham and Hounslow via Richmond lines. **Figure 5.5.8**, below, is an extract from the Timetable Consultation document with the lines that serve North Sheen highlighted. The tables detail the number of services per hour in the direction of London however trains also run on these lines in the opposite direction.

	AM high	AM high peak trains per hour to London		
	May 2019	May 2021	December 2022	
Reading	4	2	3	
Windsor	2	2	2	
Weybridge via Brentford	2	2	2	
Kingston via Richmond	2	2	2	
Shepperton via Twickenham	2	2	2	
Hounslow via Richmond	.0	0	1	
Hounslow via Brentford	3	2	2	
Aldershot via Ascot	2	1	2	
Total	17	13	16	
Total Outline specification – W	indsor off peak	13 eak trains per hour to L		
	indsor off peak		ondon	
Outline specification – W	indsor off peak	eak trains per hour to L		
	indsor off peak  Off p  May 2019	eak trains per hour to L May 2021	ondon December 2022	
Outline specification – W  Reading Windsor	indsor off peak Off p May 2019 2	eak trains per hour to L May 2021 2	ondon December 2022	
Outline specification - W  Reading  Windsor  Weybridge via Brentford	Off p  May 2019  2 2	eak trains per hour to L May 2021 2 2	December 2022 2 2	
Outline specification – W  Reading  Windsor  Weybridge via Brentford  Kingston via Richmond	off peak  Off p  May 2019  2  2  2	eak trains per hour to L May 2021 2 2 2	ondon  December 2022  2  2  2	
Outline specification – W	Off p  May 2019  2  2  2  2	eak trains per hour to L  May 2021  2  2  2	2 2 2 2 2	

Figure 5.5.8 - Extract from SWR Timetable Consultation document



- 5.5.9 As can be seen, the number of trains in the direction of London during the AM high peak, which is defined as between 08:00 and 08:59, was four "pre-Covid" and is proposed to be five from December 2022. During off-peak hours there were previously four trains and this is proposed to reduce to two, in line with current provision due to the impacts of Covid.
- 5.5.10 Section 2.5 of Transport for London's 'Assessing transport connectivity in London' document details how PTAL ratings are calculated. It is stated that "The standard PTAL calculation is based on service frequencies in the period between 08:15 and 09:15 on a weekday". Although this does not align exactly with the 'high peak' defined by SWR, it is considered that it is reasonable to compare the two periods for the purpose of this assessment.

#### Initiatives

- 5.5.11 Information about all available forms of public passenger transport including routes and destinations, service frequencies, locations of nearest bus stops and railway stations as well as other travel information shall be provided within the Travel Information Pack. In addition the physical connections from the site to these facilities will be identified and made known to all staff. It will be the responsibility of the Travel Plan Co-ordinator to ensure that this information is kept up-to-date and reported in each review.
- 5.5.12 Information on travelling by tube can be found at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/modes/tube/">tfl.gov.uk/modes/tube/</a> with information on travelling by rail, including timetables and fares, at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/modes/tfl-rail/">tfl.gov.uk/modes/tfl-rail/</a> and <a href="https://www.nationalrail.co.uk">www.nationalrail.co.uk</a>.
- 5.5.13 A journey planner can be found at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">tfl.gov.uk/tube-dlr-overground/status/#stations-status</a> provides real-time information on these services.

## 5.6 Car Sharing

5.6.1 The site is highly accessible to the local and wider highway network and the initial Travel Surveys will identify the number of staff members travelling with someone



else. It may be that, subject to survey and analysis, this figure can be increased with consequent benefits for the environment.

5.6.2 Existing Car Share schemes will be promoted to further encourage car sharing. Further detail can be found at <a href="https://www.liftshare.com">www.liftshare.com</a>.

#### 5.6.3 Car Share schemes:

- Provide a cheap way to get around
- Reduce levels of traffic and congestion
- Reduce CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and pollution
- · Reduce parking problems
- · Create opportunities for business and the local community to work together
- Create opportunities to meet other people from the local area
- Improve relations with the local community
- Journeys may be quicker where drivers are allowed to use dual occupancy car lanes into the city
- 5.6.4 The possibility of using the developer's websites for car sharing will be investigated.

#### 5.7 Car clubs

- 5.7.1 Car Clubs are widely accessible and provide users with access to a vehicle, without the need to own one themselves. The vehicles can be hired short-term and are charged at an hourly rate.
- 5.7.2 Two electric car club spaces are to be provided on site. They will be managed by the operators of the scheme who are to be confirmed in due course.

#### 5.8 Other measures

5.8.1 Whilst car travel might be a first choice for many members of staff and visitors, it must be acknowledged that the cost of fuel has reduced overall car mileage in this country in recent years and drivers have sought to minimise car travel and share trips.



- 5.8.2 The Theory Test to be passed by all learner drivers now contains questions on issues which relate to how the driving of a vehicle, its loading and maintenance can affect fuel consumption and hence the environment. Unfortunately, many of the answers to these questions tend to be forgotten once the test has been passed.
- 5.8.3 It is therefore of value to remind drivers of the advantages that can be gained from these good practices. Examples of these are provided below:
  - Advantages can be gained from simple attention to the pressure of car tyres through to the use of roof racks and regular servicing at the manufacturer's recommended intervals.
  - The manner in which a vehicle is driven significantly affects its fuel consumption and drivers need to be aware that bad driving practices such as harsh acceleration or braking can be a major influence.
  - The choice of times to drive and careful route planning also affect both the financial running of a vehicle and the basic pleasure of driving. Benefits will be found not only by the users of the vehicles but to the general public by the possible reduction in congestion and overall environmental impact.
- 5.8.4 All of the above will raise awareness in the part that every car driver can play in reducing congestion, saving energy, improving the local and national environment and contributing towards measures to reduce global warming.
- 5.8.5 The Travel Plan Co-ordinator will be available to assist the Travel Plan Representatives with providing personalised travel planning for each staff member, if required.



## 6 Marketing and Communication Strategy

- 6.1 All prospective tenants will be made aware of both the opportunities for sustainable travel and of the measures to be included within this Travel Plan through the provision of a Travel Information Pack.
- 6.2 Release of this information in the sales particulars of each commercial unit prior to occupation will ensure that all purchasers will be aware of the availability and benefits of sustainable transport at the point of occupation.
- 6.3 Tenants moving away from the development will be requested to inform the TPC so that an information pack can be provided to the new occupiers at the point of reoccupation.
- 6.4 A 'mail shot' will be produced by the TPC at the time of each review which will include the latest information on bus, rail, walking and cycling. The promotion of this material to visitors will be encouraged.
- 6.5 LBRuT may be able to provide posters, leaflets and timetables for display on notice boards/display units in communal areas.
- The TPC will promote local and national events promoting sustainable travel to staff. Internet forums such as a Facebook page, a development intranet etc will be investigated to encourage staff members to interact and share and discuss travel arrangements.
- 6.7 Staff will be made aware of their TPR and how to contact them.
- 6.8 The TPC will include sustainable travel information on any marketing and sales website for the development.



## 7 Monitoring

- 7.1 The implementation of this Travel Plan is likely to be required as part of a planning obligation related to the planning consent for the development and is likely to be linked to a Section 106 Planning Agreement or secured through a planning condition.
- 7.2 It is Avanton Richmond Development Ltd's responsibility to make any prospective purchaser of the site fully aware of the Travel Plan and their obligations in relation to the Travel Plan as part of the planning permission.
- 7.3 The Travel Plan will be monitored and reviewed annually for a minimum period of 5 years and will include a resurvey of travel patterns by undertaking travel questionnaires. A written analysis of each review shall be provided to the Local Authority by the Travel Plan Co-ordinator within 3 months of the completion and collation of the review for the life of the Travel Plan.
- 7.4 Avanton Richmond Development Ltd will endeavour to seek the return of as many completed travel questionnaires as possible. If this level is not considered satisfactory by LBRuT then incentives, such as the introduction of a prize draw, may be considered as part of the annual budget.
- 7.5 The monitoring report shall include details of the monitoring process undertaken and the results of the travel surveys. This report should also contain reference to any outside influence, such as changes in occupancy of the dwellings and changes to bus services or places of work and schools.
- 7.6 The Travel Plan will be reviewed in co-operation with the Local Authority and if targets have not been met an Action Plan prepared and agreed. The Action Plan will contain a programme of measures designed to help achieve the Travel Plan targets on travel mode share. It will clearly set out the tasks involved, the person(s) responsible, and dates by which the measures will be achieved.



- 7.7 Avanton Richmond Development Ltd and the appointed Travel Plan Co-ordinator will use their reasonable endeavours to ensure that the Travel Plan is successful.
- 7.8 A table summarising how the Travel Plan will be delivered with actions, timescales and who is responsible can be found below:

Action	Timescales	Who is responsible
The developer, will advise their chosen contractors of their obligations in respect of the Travel Plan	When appointed.	Avanton Richmond Development Ltd
Appoint a TPC	Prior to marketing the development.	Avanton Richmond Development Ltd
Produce Travel Information Pack	Prior to first occupation	TPC
Include Travel Information Pack within particulars for each unit	On occupation	Avanton Richmond Development Ltd
Travel Plan Information	Included within marketing and included on marketing websites. Regular newsletter to staff providing updates.	Avanton Richmond Development Ltd / TPC / TPRs
Undertake baseline travel survey questionnaires	Surveys supplied on occupation, Collate initial results within 12 months of first occupation and conduct baseline survey once one third of the development is occupied (151 units).	TPC / TPRs
Annual questionnaires and Review Travel Plan	Annually	TPC / TPRs
Supply results of questionnaire to LPA	Within 3 months of undertaking the questionnaires	TPC

Table 7.8 – Travel Plan Delivery Schedule

- 7.9 The targets contained within this Travel Plan will be actively encouraged from the outset of the development and will continue for a minimum period of 5 years post occupation of the development.
- 7.10 This formal monitoring period with reporting to the Councils and other appropriate bodies will commence once one third of the residential element of the development is occupied (151 units) although the travel plan measures and initiatives, particularly with reverence to the commercial units, will be implemented from first occupation. The Travel Plan will then be monitored and reviewed on an annual basis.



- 7.11 The initial and subsequent monitoring exercises shall include resident and staff travel surveys which will take the form of completion of questionnaires. The questionnaires will be agreed with the Council and other appropriate parties prior to first occupation of any unit. The agreed staff questionnaires will be provided to each TPR who will organise completion by their staff members and report back to the TPC.
- 7.12 The contact information included on these forms will be used to enable further questionnaires and newsletters etc. to be issued either by post or electronically. An email address for the appropriate TPR will be provided to enable an efficient response to be made. This will also assist in the provision of personalised travel planning advice to staff.
- 7.13 If the targets identified are not met (once the travel surveys have been examined), the TPC will further promote and encourage the most sustainable modes of transport by use of 'mailshots' and advertising campaigns, for example walk to work/school week and national bike week.
- 7.14 An Action Plan will be prepared and agreed with the Local Planning Authority. The Action Plan will contain an annual program of measures designed to help achieve the Travel Plan targets on travel mode share. It will clearly set out the tasks involved, the person(s) responsible, and dates by which the measures will be achieved over the next 12 months.
- 7.15 The Action Plan will include measures such as the following:-
  - Additional marketing to staff reminding them of the Travel Plan Initiatives and Objectives.
  - Arranging a special meeting with the Council to discuss issues and to establish more effective measures.
  - Arranging seminars and presentations from groups specialising in forms of sustainable transport.



# 8 Summary and Conclusions

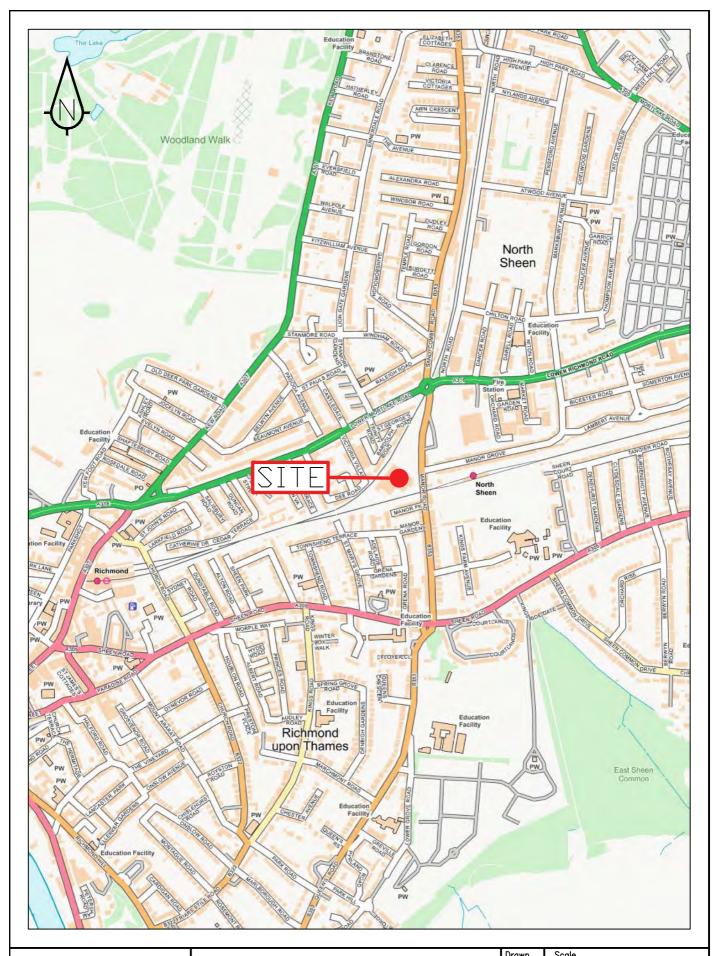
- 8.1 This Travel Plan sets out a series of targets and measures which will promote sustainable travel modes to future staff and visitors.
- 8.2 The Travel Plan includes reference to the Plan and to the required monitoring, review and reporting for the life of the Plan.
- 8.3 It is considered that these measures promote the use of sustainable transport modes, thereby contributing to an improvement in both the operation of the local highway network and in the general environment.
- 8.4 Avanton Richmond Development Ltd are committed to encouraging the use of more sustainable and environmentally friendly modes of transport in connection with this development. These measures will help the viability and attractiveness of the overall site to the benefit of all occupiers.
- 8.5 This Travel Plan will be further developed in conjunction with the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames Council once the development is operational and specific travel needs are identified.

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## APPENDIX A

Figure 1 – Site Location Plan

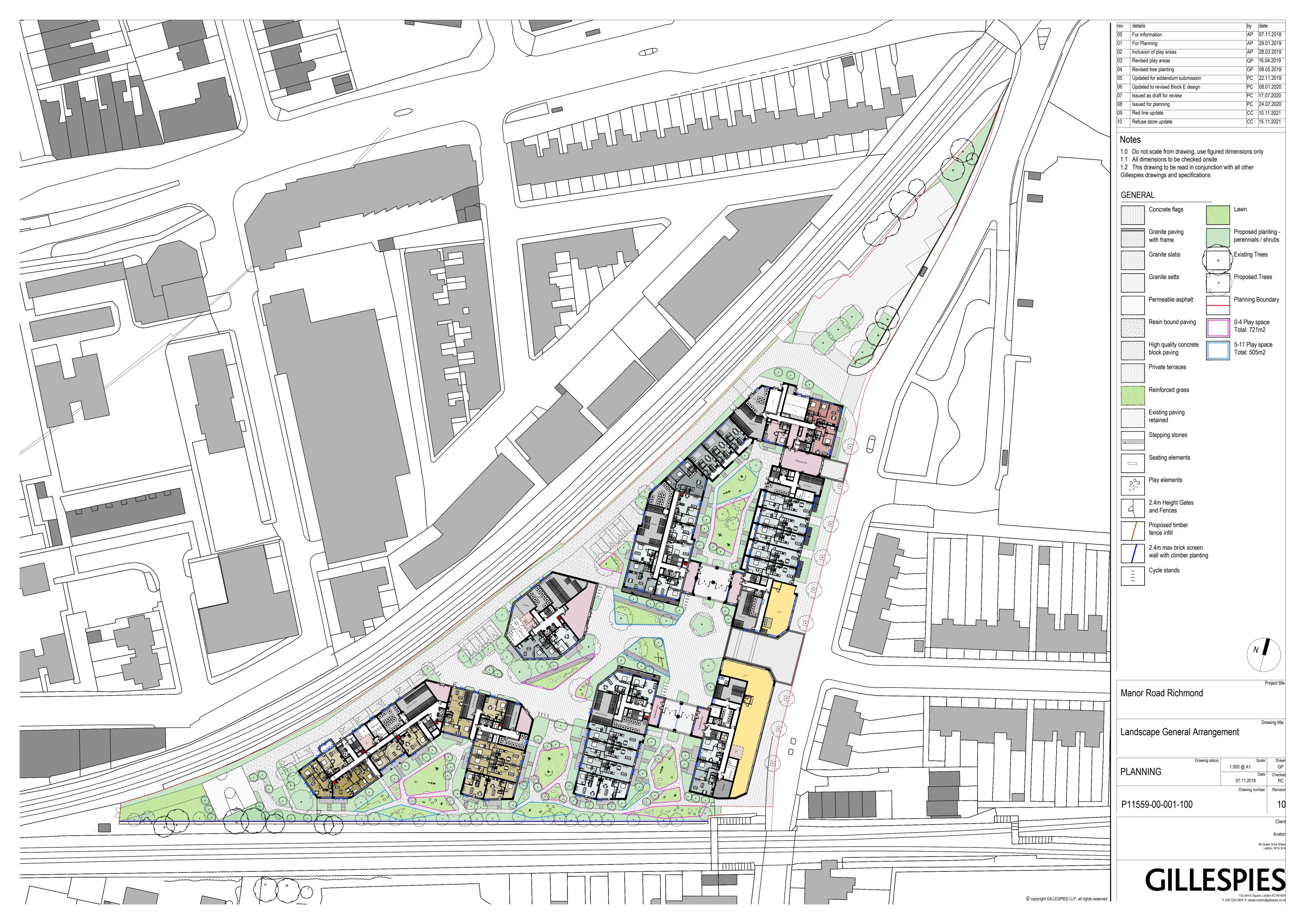


	sanderson®	Site Location Plan	CH	NTS	
Sa	associates		Checked	Date	
	(consulting engineers) Itd Highways   Traffic   Transportation   Water	Redevelopment of Homebase,	KS	July 2018	
	T 01924 844080 mail@sandersonassociates.co.uk F 01924 844081 www.sandersonassociates.co.uk	Manor Road, North Sheen	Approved KS	Drawing Number Figure 1	Size A4



## APPENDIX B

**Proposed Layout Plan** 





# **APPENDIX C**

Sample Staff Travel Survey Questionnaire



# **Commercial Travel Plan Survey**

It would be appreciated if you could take then time to complete this short questionnaire and then return it to your Travel Plan Representative.

Abo	ut you and yo	ur job:			
1.	Is your work:-		☐ Full time	☐ Part time?	
	If part time, ple	ease specify how	many days per we	ek you work	
2.	Please indicate	e the times you r	normally arrive at a	nd leave work	
3.	Please provide	your home pos	tcode (to identify ar	ea only)	
4.	Do you have ar	ny mobility difficu	ulty which affects yo	our transport choices?	☐ Yes ☐ No
Trav	elling to work	<b>c</b> :			
5.	How do you cu	irrently travel to	work? <i>Please tick</i> y	our main form of transp	ort.
	☐ Walk	☐ Cycle	☐ Train	☐ Car Driver	☐ Car Passenger
	☐ Car Share v	with Colleague	■ Motorbike	☐ Tube	☐ Bus
	☐ Other – Ple	ase specify			
6.	How do you cu	ırrently travel ho	me from work? Ple	ase tick your main form	of transport.
	☐ Walk	☐ Cycle	☐ Train	☐ Car Driver	☐ Car Passenger
	☐ Car Share v	with Colleague	■ Motorbike	☐ Tube	☐ Bus
	☐ Other – Ple	ase specify			
7.				ne willing to try more e or car sharing some of t	environmentally-friendly he time?
	☐ Yes	☐ No			
8.		particular barriers? If so, what ar		fficult for you to use the	ese more environmentally



# APPENDIX D

Census Data

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official labour market statistics



## QS701EW - Method of travel to work Edit query

View data Change format

## QS701EW - Method of travel to work i

ONS Crown Copyright Reserved [from Nomis on 21 August 2018] i

Population All usual residents aged 16 to 74

Units Persons
Date 2011
Rural Urban i Total

Method of Travel to Work $f i$	msoa2011:E02000787 : Richmond upon Thames 004	ualad09:Richmond upon Thames	country:England
All categories: Method of travel to work	8,010	137,779	38,881,374
Work mainly at or from home	470	8,870	1,349,568
Underground, metro, light rail, tram	1,271	10,605	1,027,625
Train	1,054	21,768	1,343,684
Bus, minibus or coach	439	7,531	1,886,539
Taxi	12	237	131,465
Motorcycle, scooter or moped	97	1,654	206,550
Driving a car or van	1,578	32,271	14,345,882
Passenger in a car or van	68	1,341	1,264,553
Bicycle	347	6,062	742,675
On foot	506	8,138	2,701,453
Other method of travel to work	45	727	162,727

#### Warnings and notes:

In order to protect against disclosure of personal information, records have been swapped between different geographic areas. Some counts will be affected, particularly small counts at the lowest geographies



# APPENDIX E

Example Travel Information Pack - Staff



# Sustainable Travel Information Manor Road, North Sheen

All members of staff at the development are encouraged to use sustainable modes of travel to and from the development. This document has been produced to inform all people about local facilities and travel options available for the site.

We can all see the effects of the way we travel on our environment, our health and our quality of life. Increases in road traffic have produced unsustainable levels of congestion and pollution. Sustainable travel can reduce congestion, improve local environments and encourage healthier and safer lifestyles. By promoting walking, cycling, public transport and responsible car use this Travel Information Pack has been prepared to encourage the use of sustainable travel to and from the development.

## Walking facilities

There are safe pedestrian routes within the vicinity of the site. All roads in the vicinity of the site have footways on both sides and are street-lit. In some areas the footway is segregated from the carriageway by railings. Dropped kerbs and controlled crossings are provided to aid pedestrian movements.

Free online walking journey planners are available at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/</a> and walkit.com/cities/london/.

## Cycle facilities

Plentiful bicycle parking is provided throughout the site.

Cycling is a healthy and sustainable mode of travel, information on cycling including cycle training is available from <a href="www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads">www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads</a> and transport/cycling, <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling/">https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling/</a> and <a href="www.sustrans.org.uk">www.sustrans.org.uk</a>.

Transport for London provide cycle maps of London free of charge. These can be ordered at <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/forms/12419.aspx">https://tfl.gov.uk/forms/12419.aspx</a>.

Cycle route planners are available at <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/</a> and <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">www.cyclestreets.net</a>.

Bikes are available to hire in Richmond town centre. An app for Apple and Android devices enables users to locate and hire the bikes that can be parked in any normal cycle parking spaces as they have an integrated lock. Further information can be found at <a href="https://www.ofo.com/uk/en">www.ofo.com/uk/en</a>.

Information on cycle training is available at <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/services/roads">www.richmond.gov.uk/services/roads</a> and transport/road safety/cycling training and <a href="https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling-in-london/cycle-skills?intcmp=2386">https://tfl.gov.uk/modes/cycling-in-london/cycle-skills?intcmp=2386</a>.

## Bus facilities

Bus stops are located on Manor Road, Lower Mortlake Road, Lower Richmond Road and Sandycombe Road, as shown on the attached plan. Details of these stops and the available services are given below:

Manor Road Lower Mortlake Road

Location: Manor Road Location: Lower Mortlake Road

Reference: Manor Road Sainsbury's (SU) Reference:

Distance to stop: Approx 170m from site Distance to stop: Approx 340m from site

Buses travelling southwest-Direction of travel: Buses travelling southbound Direction of travel: bound

Facilities: Pole with flag, timetable

Pole with flag, lay-by information, road markings Facilities:

Bus services: Bus services: H22, H37

Location: Manor Road Location: Lower Mortlake Road Reference: Sainsbury's (SC) Reference: Manor Circus (SA)

Distance to stop: Approx 180m from site Distance to stop: Approx 440m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling northbound Direction of travel: Buses travelling northeast-

bound Facilities:

Pole with flag, shelter with seating, timetable Facilities:

Pole with flag, shelter with seating, timetable information

Sandycombe Road

Bus services: 371, 493, R70 Bus services: 190, 371, 391, 419, 493,

H22, H37, N22, R68, R70

information, road markings

Lower Richmond Road

bound

Location: Lower Richmond Road Location: Sandycombe Road

Reference: Sandycombe Road (SL) Reference: Gainsborough Road (SP) Distance to stop: Approx 390m from site Distance to stop: Approx 400m from site

Direction of travel: Buses travelling northeast-Direction of travel: Buses travelling southbound

Facilities: Pole with flag, shelter with Facilities: Pole with flag, shelter with

seating, timetable information, road markings

information, road markings 391

Bus services: 190, 419, N22, R68 Bus services:

seating, timetable

		Approximate Peak Frequency			
Service	Route	Mon - Sat Daytime	Mon - Sat Evening	Sunday	
190	George Street – Empress State Building/West Brompton Station	15 mins	20 mins	20 mins	
371	Manor Road/Sainsburys – Kingston Hall Road	8-12 mins	15 mins	11-12 mins	
391	George Street – Sands End/Sainsbury's	9-14 mins	15 mins	11-14 mins	
419	George Street – Hammersmith Bus Station	15 mins	20-30 mins	30 mins	
493	St George's/University of London – Richmond/Manor Road	9-14 mins	20 mins	20 mins	
H22	The Bell – Manor Road	11-14 mins	20 mins	20 mins	
H37	Hounslow/Blenheim Centre – Manor Road	5-10 mins	6-15 mins	7-10 mins	
N22	South Road/Fulwell – Margaret Street/Oxford Circus (Night Bus)	No Service	30 mins	30 mins	
R68	Kew Retail Park – Hampton Court Station	15 mins	20 mins	15 mins	
R70	Nurserylands Shopping Centre – Richmond/Manor Road	6-12 mins	15-20 mins	15 mins	

Up to date bus timetables, a journey planner and bus maps can be found at tfl.gov.uk/modes/buses/.

Information on how to obtain live bus information is available at <a href="tfl.gov.uk/modes/buses/live-bus-arrivals">tfl.gov.uk/modes/buses/live-bus-arrivals</a> by searching the stop name or bus route. Real-time information is provided at many stops in London however the information can also be found online, by text and the free 'Facebook TravelBot' messenger service.

#### Rail and Tube Facilities

The closest train station to the site is North Sheen Station located approximately 180m to the east of the site. It provides services to Chiswick, London Waterloo, Wimbledon, Putney and other local destinations.

In addition, Richmond Station is located approximately 1.5km from the site and provides both rail and underground services. The fully staffed station provides CCTV monitored cycle stands for 212 cycles and services to Chiswick, London Waterloo, Stratford, Reading, Wokingham and other local destinations and available.

The location of these stations is shown on the attached plan.

Further information can be found at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/modes/tube/">tfl.gov.uk/modes/tfl-rail/</a> and www.nationalrail.co.uk.

A journey planner can be found at <a href="mailto:tfl.gov.uk/plan-a-journey/">tfl.gov.uk/tube-dlr-overground/status/#stations-status</a> provides real-time information on these services.

### General Travel Plan Information

Members of staff are invited to complete a Travel Questionnaire to assist in assessing the modes of travel to work.

The Travel Plan will be reviewed annually and again staff members will be invited to participate. The results of the survey along with details of any specific initiatives and the targets for modal shift will be contained within the Travel Plan.

### Travel Plan Coordinator

For further information, or if you wish to receive any of this information in electronic format, please contact your Travel Plan Representative or the Travel Plan Coordinator, at e-mail address or by telephone on XXXXX XXXXXX.

