

All levels and dimensions to be checked on site prior to construction / fabrication; report discrepancies immediately. Do not scale dimensions from this drawings. This drawing is copyright protected.

REVISION		
A	200324	PV provision increased AF

NBS Specification : Q37

BIODIVERSE ROOF SPECIFICATION
Contractor Design Element; subject to equal & approved specification Products

- Drainage Layer**
Material: Thermoformed recycled polypropylene
TBC by specialist contractor design / consultant civil engineer
- Depth:
 - Retention Volume:
 - Horizontal Flow Rate:
 - Vertical Flow Rate:
 - Compressive Strength: 150kPa

- Filter Membrane**
Material: Thermally strengthened non-woven polypropylene
- Mass: 0.120 kg/m²
 - Thickness: 2mm

- Extensive Biodiverse Substrate**
Material: Lightweight crushed brick & expanded clay substrate. Inorganic and organic growing medium consisting of crushed brick, expanded clay and organic matter of composted bark fines
- Depth: 80-150mm
 - Porosity: 63%
 - Water Holding Capacity: 25-30%
 - Bulk Density DIN EN 1097-3: 1 T/m³
 - Density at Max Water Holding Capacity: 1.25 T/m³

- PH Value: 7.0 8.0Vegetation
Planting Mix: Various wildflower species in plug plant trays and seed form
Root Ball Size (plugs): 50mm
Coverage Rate (seeds): Varies; up to 5g/m²
Coverage Rate (Plugs): 10 per m²
Vegetation Coverage: 5% minimum

- Habitat Creation / Biodiversity Enhancements**
Log / Sand Piles

- Edge Retaining/Separating Profile**
Material: Aluminium
- Description/Profile: Slotted; 3m length
 - Height: 100mm (subject to system build-up/depth)

- Inspection/Access Chambers**
Material: Plastic coated steel
- Dimensions: 250x250mm
 - Height: 80mm
 - Colour: Black
 - Access Covers: Black, plastic coated steel with handle
 - Features: 300x 300mm flange attached for stability and to lap filter sheet

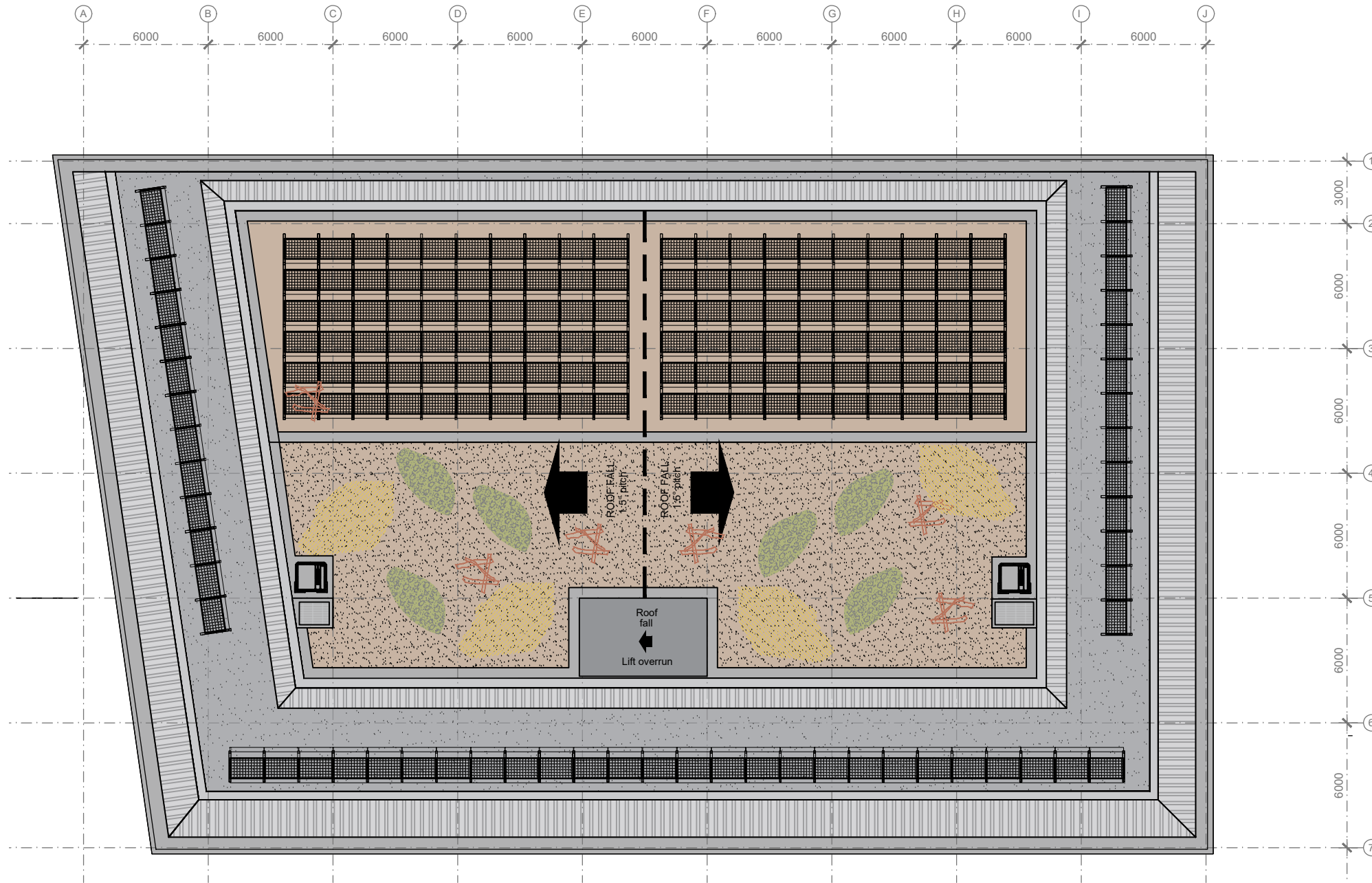
- Vegetation Barrier**
Material: Rounded washed pebbles (20-40mm)
- Depth: 70mm (subject to system build-up/depth)
 - Width: 300mm minimumExecution

- Installation Generally**
- Preparation: Clear all surfaces of debris
 - Timing: After certification of waterproof membrane integrity
 - Surface condition: Visually inspect waterproof membrane, report any damage
 - Faults in waterproof membrane: Report prior to commencement of works
 - Contamination: Do not use materials detrimental to healthy growth of plants
 - Storage: Do not overload - point loads avoided
 - Outlets: Do not block
 - Outlet grilles: Installed

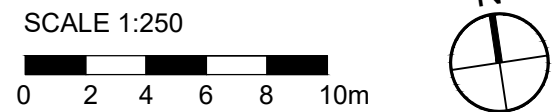
- Adverse Weather**
- Unfinished work: Secure for damage and wind uplift
 - Conditions: Do not install or work with frozen materials

- Drainage Layer Installation**
- Extent: Loose lay continuously over entire roof area
 - Fitting: Close butt-joint boards or rolls; staggering joints if applicable
 - Upstands: Cut to fit 300mm from penetrations and outlets, using a heavy duty knife or smooth-toothed saw

- Filter Membrane Installation**
- Extent: Loose lay continuously over entire roof area
 - Fitting: Loose laid (bonded to drainage board)
 - Joints: Minimize
 - Overlaps (minimum): 150mm overlap excess on drainage roll



- Material Key:**
- Biodiverse Roof with 500mm gravel strip to perimeter
 - Photovoltaic panels on proprietary feet system Brown roof below PV Panels. 170Nr panels - Area circa 300sqm.
 - Kingspan - Topdeck. Single ply membrane
 - Lift Overrun, insulated panel lined in single ply membrane
 - Mansard Roof
 - Smoke vent & access hatch
 - Smoke Vent shaft louvres



PLANNING

SCALE	DATE	DRAWN	CHECKED
1:250@A3	MAR'24	AF	DA

PROJECT
Shurgard
Oldfield Road
Hampton: TW12 2HR

DRAWING
Roof Plan
As Proposed

Threesixty Architecture
10 MONTROSE STREET
GLASGOW
G1 1RE
t 0141 229 7575
www.360architecture.com

DRAWING No.
23053GA-D-006A

- Growing Medium Installation**
Handling: Minimize handling. Deliver to roof in small sacks, bulk bag or pump.spreading the specified depth on to filter sheet, allowing the settlement factor of 20%

- Conditions: Handle in the driest condition possible. Do not handle or install when wet or frozen

- Layers:
- Depth: 80-150 mm settled
 - Sequence: Gently firm each layer before spreading the next.Vegetation Installation

- Handling Seeds:
- Extent: Continuous and even across area to be planted
 - Timing: Not to be installed if temperature is below 0C
 - Storage: Must be stored in a cool and shaded area; not to be stacked excessively

- Application
- Wildflower seeds to be installed within 48 hours of delivery. Irrigate to saturation.
 - Watering: Thoroughly, after laying and account for climatic variation and seasonality.

- Edge Retaining Profile Installation**
Cutting: Neat, accurate and without spalling
- Junctions: vertical, secured using proprietary connectors
 - Position: True to line and level. Smooth continuous lines
 - Fixing: Loose laid onto fleece, ballasted by weight on foot plate, or secured to waterproof membrane using proprietary fixing system
 - Suitable for pitched roofs of 5 degrees or less

- Inspection Chamber Installation**
Location: Install centrally over rainwater outlet
- Orientation: Align parallel with adjacent features
 - Bedding: Position flanges on to crowns of drainage layer
 - Backfill: Ballast flanges with pebbles
 - Surround: 300mm diameter circle/square of 20-40 rounded pebbles

- COMPLETION**
Inspection
Timing: Prior to handover
Notice period (minimum): 3 working days
Completion
General: Leave the works in a clean and tidy condition
Surfaces: Clean immediately prior to handover
Outlets: Clean and clear of any obstructions
Completed green roofs: Protect from adjacent or high level working as best as possible.

- Documentation**
Timing: Submit at handover
Contents:
- Growing Medium declaration of analysis
 - Manufacturers guarantees and warranties
 - Maintenance Procedures
 - Record Drawings showing the location of planting and associated features
 - Number of copies: 1

- Green Roofs Maintenance Procedure**
This set of procedures is a guide outlining the minimum maintenance measures required to keep a green roof in its designed state.

- The plant selection includes a species mix which will provide a balanced plant community on the roof. This will require basic maintenance to ensure a sustainable system for the long term.

- Living roof maintenance is best carried out twice to four times annually, during springtime and in late autumn, or as required. Monitoring/controlling the effect of leaf litter to the vegetation is important; this can be deemed to be beneficial to biodiversity, but may need to be removed if this begins to affect plant life.

EGR SPECIES MIX
[subject to specialist contractor design]

- Wildflower Species Flower**
Birdsfoot Trefoil - Lotus corniculatus
Black Medick - Medicago lupulina
Common Knapweed - Centaurea nigra
Corn Chamomile - Anthemis arvensis
Corn Cockle - Agrostemma githago
Corn Marigold - Chrysanthemum segetum
Comflower- Centaurea cyanus
Cowslip- Primula veris
Field Forget-Me-Not - Myosotis arvensis
Field Poppy - Papaver rhoas
Foxglove- Digitalis purpurea
Goatsbeard - Tragopogon
Greater Knapweed- Centaurea scabiosa
Hoary Plantain- Plantago media
Ladys Bedstraw- Galium verum
Meadow Buttercup- Ranunculus acris
Musk Mallow - Malva moschata
Night-flowering Catchfly Silene noctiflora
Ox-eye Daisy- Leucantherum vulgare
Red Campion- Silene dioica
Ribwort Plantain- Plantago lanceolata
Salad Burnet- Sanguisorba minor ssp minor
Self Heal Prunella- vulgaris
Sorrel- Rumex acetosa
White Campion- Silene alba
Wild Carrot- Daucus carota
Wild Clary- Agrimonia
Yarrow- Achillea millefolium

- Companion grasses:**
Common Bentgrass- Agrostis castellana
Crested Dogtail- Cynosurus cristatus
Sheep's Fescue- Festuca ovina
Smooth Stalked Meadow Grass- Poa pratensis
Strong Creeping Red Fescue- Festuca rubra rubra

- Sedum species:**
Sedum Acre Aureum
Sedum Album Athoum
Sedum Reflexum
Sedum Voodoo
Sedum Album Coral Carpet