

42 Teddington High St TW11

CONSTRUCTION METHOD STATEMENT Including Structural Impact Assessment

March 2024

Project Ref: J001237

REVISION HISTORY

Rev	Purpose	Date	Issued By	Approved
Rev 0	Initial report	29-10-18	GG	РВ
Rev A	Updated to reflect new scheme	25-03-24	GG	РВ

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APPENDICES

The following appendices are included with this report:

Appendix A-Geotechnical report by GabrielGeoAppendix B-GSE Design Calculations for BasementAppendix C-GSE Structural Drawings For New BasementAppendix D-GSE Temporary Works Outline SchemeAppendix E-GSE Construction Sequence

CONSTRUCTION METHOD STATEMENT

This Construction Method Statement is produced for submission to the London Borough of Richmond upon Thames planning department for planning application purposes only and should not be used for any other purposes, e.g. Party Wall Awards.

SCOPE OF WORKS

The existing building on the site is to be demolished to make way for a new mixed-use scheme. The new scheme will be built up against the Teddington Arms on one side but is open on the other three sides due to the plot being located on a corner.

The new scheme will be built over four levels including a basement. At ground and basement level it is proposed to create retail space, while the first to fourth floors will be residential.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY AND ADJOINING PROPERTIES

The existing property is built over two stories and was a former bank. It is of masonry construction with concrete floors.

Although the property looks to be in a sound condition structurally, it is not an attractive building architecturally and is proposed to be demolished to make way for the new development.

Being on a corner plot the building is only adjacent to the Teddington Arms to the West, the East side and to the rear is clear. The adjoining property is of masonry construction with timber floors and roof and looks to be in sound condition from an external visual examination.

SOIL CONDITIONS

Please see attached report by GabrielGeo Consulting for site investigations and the site-specific report to include:

- 1. A desk top study.
- 2. Site specific site investigation.
- 3. Report on geology and hydrology across the site.
- 4. Analysis of the upper aquifer.
- 5. An assessment of ground movements expected and how these will affect adjoining or adjacent properties.

STRUCTURAL DESIGN PROPOSALS

The proposed structural works to 42 Teddington High St will involve the following structural works:

- i) Underpinning the existing party wall with the Teddington Arms in shallow reinforced concrete 'L'- shaped underpins cast in 1 m wide sections and designed to be stable in their own right.
- ii) Excavating for the new basement.

The new basement will be constructed in reinforced concrete with the basement slabs tied into the new retaining walls to provide lateral support in the permanent case. The basement slab will be designed to resist uplift pressures due to heave and accidental water pressure.

The stability of the reinforced concrete underpins in the permanent case is provided by designing them as monolithic cantilever retaining walls propped at basement level by the slab and at ground level by the proposed floor. The vertical loads from the party walls and structure over are allowed for in the designs but considered differently in the permanent and temporary conditions. In the permanent condition the full load is considered as this generates the maximum soil pressures under the walls while in the temporary condition only the self-weight of the wall is considered.

As stated previously, the 'L'-shaped reinforced concrete underpins are designed to be stable in both the temporary and permanent conditions which reduces the amount of temporary works required. These walls will be carried out using an underpinning type method, with each pin constructed no wider than 1000 mm and no adjacent underpin shall be constructed within a 48 hour period.

Based on the site investigations the following soil parameters have been used for initial structural calculations:

	Made ground	Kempton Park Gravels
Bulk density, kg/m ³	1800	1900
Effective cohesion, kN/m ²	0	0
Effective friction angle, degrees	25	30
Allowable bearing pressure, kN/m ²		150

Bearing capacities at the depth of the proposed basement from the geotechnical report are stated as 140kPA and this value has been adopted.

The borehole was also noted to contain standing water at 3.3m below ground level on completion. The new walls will be designed for groundwater up to ground level in the permanent condition. This allows for any variation in the groundwater level and any accidental events, such as burst water mains, which may occur.

CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

Structural drawings for the new basement are included in the appendices. The basement drawings indicate the proposed basement structural layout, sequencing and structural sections for the party walls of the property.

TEMPORARY WORKS

The temporary works required during construction will be designed such that the stability of the adjacent buildings is maintained and will be the responsibility of the contractor, once the contractor is appointed they are to confirm the full temporary works proposals.

In the temporary condition propping will be required to the new basement walls until the new structure is completed.

The scope of the Temporary Works included within this project can be separated into the following parts:

- i) Underpinning the existing party walls using reinforced concrete retaining walls, in order to transfer the loads from the party wall down to suitable bearing strata;
- ii) Lateral support across site during formation of the new basement.

Existing party walls are to be underpinned in short sections in fully shored shafts. This will be achieved by maintaining a central berm which can be propped from. At low level the magnitude of the earth forces means that the propping, required to prevent sliding of the wall, until the basement slab is cast will need to be in structural steelwork. Typically this will be set 500mm above the basement slab level.

Any local ingress of groundwater into excavations will be dealt with using temporary local sumps and pumping.

An outline temporary works scheme is included in the appendices for information only as the temporary works will need careful consideration and discussion with the contractor to ensure that the design meets the requirements of their proposed method of working. Temporary works will be designed and specified in accordance with BS 5975. 2011. "Code of Practice for Temporary Works Procedures and the Permissible Stress Design of Falsework" and other relevant design codes. This will reduce the impact on the neighbouring properties by stabilizing excavations, load bearing walls and party walls of the property under construction.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE FOR PROPOSED BASEMENT EXTENSION

The outline construction sequence below sets out the sequence assumed in the scheme design and will help minimise the impact on neighbouring properties by streamlining the works, reducing time on site and therefore reducing the risk of movement during the construction phase whilst ensuring the works are undertaken in a safe manner by the contractor.

The following sequence has been assumed for the formation of the new basement in the preparation of this CMS. The sequencing of works in the basement in relation to those for the superstructure requires a contractor's input and it has been assumed that any works above ground will follow on from the newly constructed basement.

CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS

See drawings GA/01, S/01 and 02, MS/01 and MS/02 in the Appendices for underpinning layout, sequencing and sections to the party walls of the property.

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. Site setup will be established with hoarding and welfare facilities erected and installed on site.
- 2. The existing building will be demolished carefully from top down taking note of the surveys undertaken on the existing building. Particular attention will be given to the demolition of the existing bank wall adjacent to the Teddington Arms (gridline E) as it has been assumed this wall is independent of the neighbouring wall.
- 3. Once the site is cleared, excavation will commence from the location where the new basement abuts the boundary wall of the Teddington Arms. The excavations and construction will then work away from that location.
- 4. The existing boundary wall will be underpinned in a 1 to 5 'hit and miss' underpinning sequence using mass concrete. A new RC retaining wall will be constructed in front of this mass concrete underpinning as part of the basement.
- 5. See drawing MS/01 & MS/02 for the construction sequence of a typical underpin.
- 6. The underpins to form the new basement will require horizontal propping until completion of the basement slab.
- 7. As excavation progresses, any existing foundations discovered will be broken out and removed from site to make way for the new basement construction.
- 8. New concrete pad foundations and strip foundations will be constructed, where specified on the structural drawings.
- 9. New concrete beams and columns will be installed, as specified on the structural drawings. These will be supported on the underpins or on the new concrete foundations.
- 10. The ground floor RC concrete floor will be poured and supported by the RC structure in the basement.
- 11. When all the underpins across the site have been completed, bulk excavation to the whole site will be carried out.
- 12. Once the bulk excavation is down to approximately 500mm above the proposed basement level, a second level of horizontal props will be installed, if required by the design.
- 13. Excavation will then be carried out down to formation level.
- 14. The below slab drainage for foul & ground water, sumps and pumps will then be installed. The pumps will discharge the foul / ground water into the existing sewer system to the front of the property.
- 15. The new basement RC slab (ground bearing slab) will then be constructed.
- 16. Once the new basement slab has gained sufficient strength, the horizontal propping across the site will be removed.

- 17. After the new basement slab has cured, a drained cavity layer will be laid to the slab and walls.
- 18. A layer of insulation will be placed on top of the drained cavity layer on the slab, and in front of the drained cavity layer on the walls.
- 19. Finally a layer of screed will be laid to form the finished basement floor.

POTENTIAL IMPACT ON THE PROPERTY AND ADJOINING PROPERTIES

The proposed basement will be formed using an underpinning method, constructed in sections each no wider than 1000mm, with no adjacent underpins constructed within a 48-hour period. This method of construction reduces the amount of potential ground movement and so minimises the effects of settlement of the adjacent structures.

The proposed works, if executed correctly and in accordance with the appointed Engineer's details and procedures, will pose no significant threat to the structural stability of the property or indeed adjoining properties.

POTENTIAL IMPACT ON EXISTING AND SURROUNDING UTILITIES, INFRASTRUCTURE AND MAN – MADE CAVITIES

Any local services on the property's land will be maintained during construction and re – routed if necessary. The exact location of these services will not be known until the works commence. However, the impact will be negligible as these services will be maintained. If it is necessary to relocate or divert any utilities, the Contractor and Design Team will be under a statutory obligation to notify the utility owner prior to any works. This will be so that they can assess the impact of the works and grant or refuse their approval. There is no known man – made cavities (e.g. tunnels) in the vicinity of the proposed basement.

POTENTIAL IMPACT ON DRAINAGE, SEWAGE, SURFACE AND GROUND WATER LEVELS AND FLOWS

The proposed drainage for the new development will make use of the existing drainage system, where it will feed under gravity in to the existing sewer. All pumps will be fitted with non-return valves to prevent flooding in the event of the surcharging of the public sewer.

Please see the report by GabrielGeo for impacts on the drainage and hydrology across the site.

POTENTIAL IMPACT ON EXISTING AND PROPOSED TREES

No existing trees will be felled during the construction of the proposed basement.

Prepared By

Geoff Green B.Eng (Hons)

Approved by



Paul Bennett B.Sc (Hons), C. Eng, MICE

Green Structural Engineering Ltd.

APPENDIX A

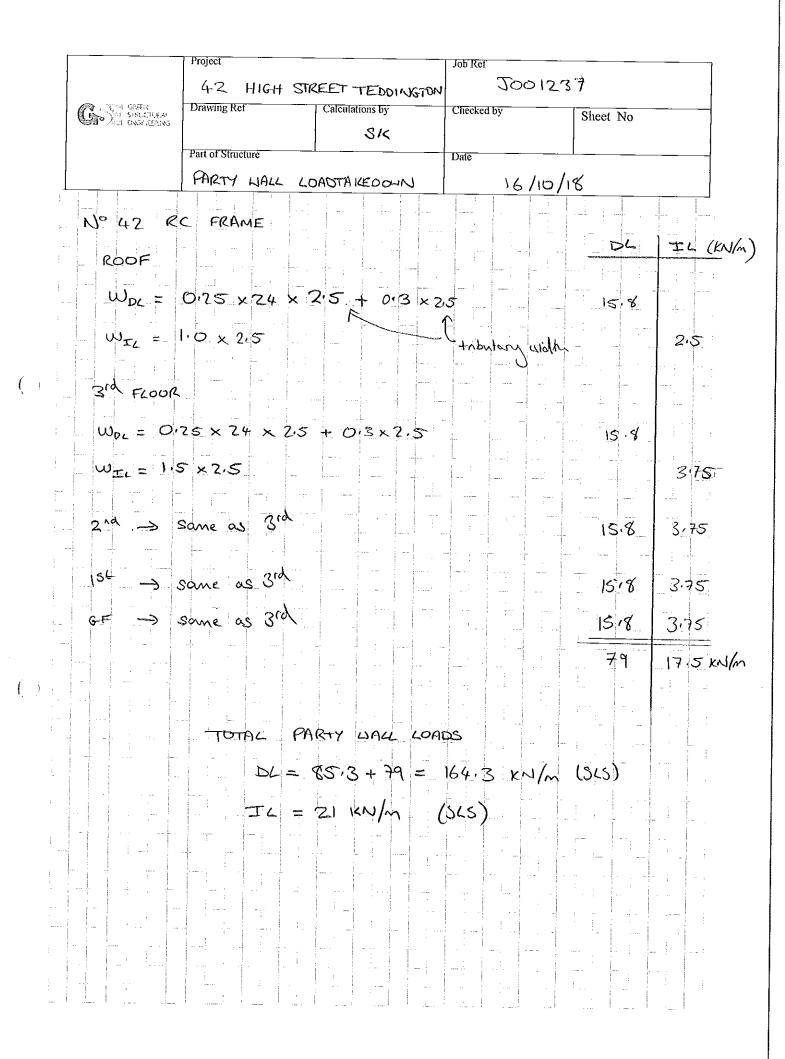
GEOTECHNICAL REPORT

APPENDIX B

GSE INITIAL DESIGN CALCULATIONS FOR BASEMENT

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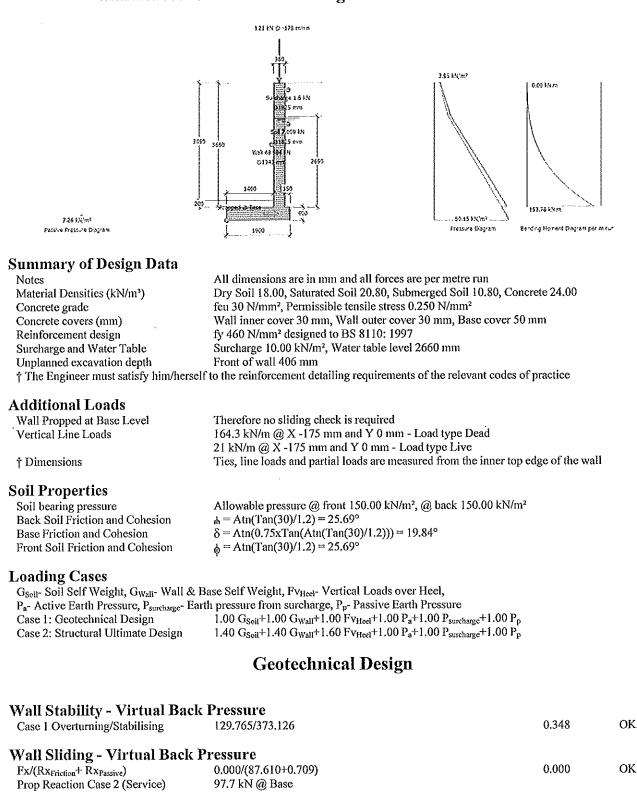
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Reinforced Concrete Retaining Wall with Reinforced Base



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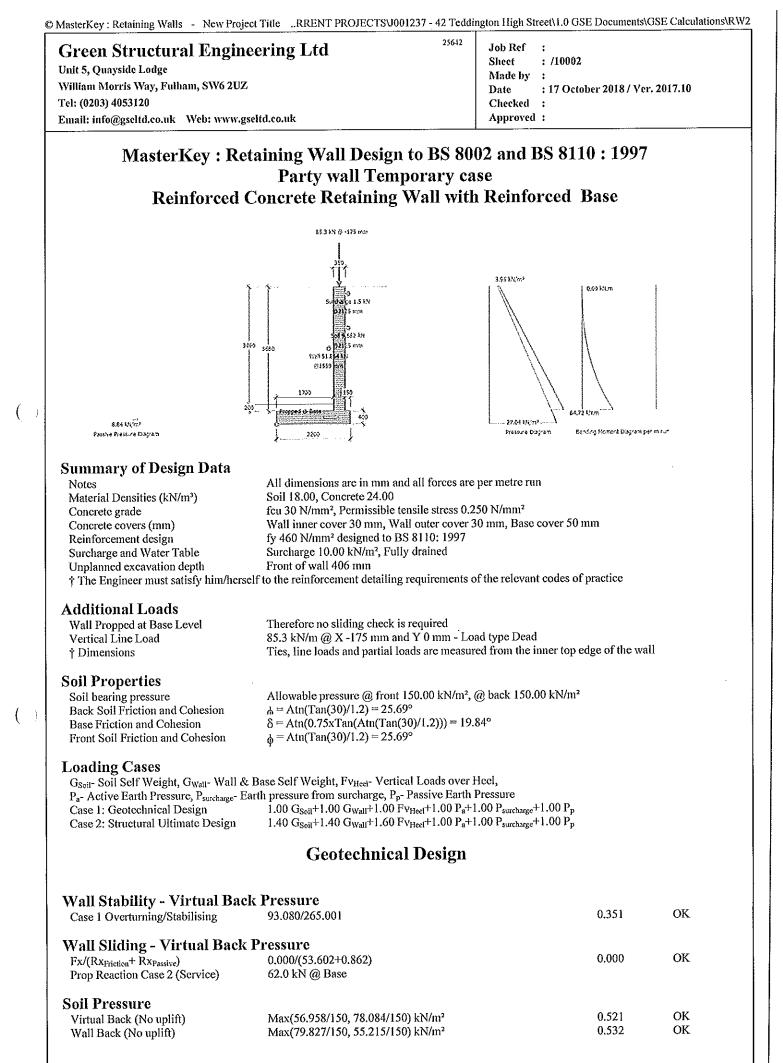
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Soil Pressure			
Virtual Back (No uplift)	Max(106.664/150, 148.907/150) kN/m ²	0.993	OK
Wall Back (No uplift)	Max(133.497/150, 122.075/150) kN/m ²	0.890	OK

Software produced by www.MasterSeries.com © Civil and Structural Computer Services Limited.

Green Structural Engine Unit 5, Quayside Lodge William Morris Way, Fulham, SW6 2UZ Tel: (0203) 4053120 Email: info@gseltd.co.uk Web: www.gse	Sheet Made by Date Checked	: 17 October 2018 / Vei :	·. 2017.10
	Structural Design		
At Rest Earth Pressure At rest earth pressures magnification	$(1+Sin(\phi)) \times \sqrt{OCR} = (1+Sin(25.69)) \times \sqrt{1}$		1.43
Prop Reaction Maximum Prop Reaction (Ultimate)	152.4 kN @ Base		
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Base Top Steel Design Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr∓fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	Main B10@125 (50 mm) Dist. B10@125 (60 mm) Main B25@125 (50 mm) Dist. B10@125 (75 mm) 345 mm, 1000 mm, 628 mm², 460 N/mm², 30 N/mm² 3927 mm², 63 mm, 23 mm, 0.07	628 mm² 3927 mm² 328 mm 90.0 kN.m	OK
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr) Shear Capacity Check	M 0.0 kN.m, Mr 90.0 kN.m F 0.0 kN, vc 0.395 N/mm², Fvr 136.3 kN	0.000 0.00	OK OK
Base Bottom Steel Design Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	. Main B25@125 (50 mm) Dist. B10@125 (75 mm) Main B10@125 (50 mm) Dist. B10@125 (60 mm) 338 mm, 1000 mm, 3927 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 30 N/mm ² 628 mm ² , 55 mm, 142 mm, 0.42	3927 mm² 628 mm² 274 mm 469.4 kN.m	ОК
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr) Shear Capacity Check	M 170.1 kN.m, Mr 469.4 kN.m F 239.1 kN, vc 0.737 N/mm², Fvr 248.7 kN	0.362 0.96	OK OK

()



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Green Structural Engineering Ltd Unit 5, Quayside Lodge William Morris Way, Fulham, SW6 2UZ Tel: (0203) 4053120 Email: info@gseltd.co.uk Web: www.gseltd.co.uk	25642	Job Ref : Sheet : /10003 Made by : Date : 17 October 2018 / Ver. 2 Checked : Approved :	2017.10

Structural Design

Prop Reaction

(1

() Maximum Prop Reaction (Ultimate)

72.4 kN @ Base

Wall Design (Inner Steel)

Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)

Shear Capacity Check

Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr)

(Tan Dough (Innier 2000-)	_		
Critical Section	Critical @ 0 mm from base, Case 2	1 (00)	OV
Steel Provided (Cover)	Main B16@125 (30 mm) Dist. B10@150 (46 mm)	1608 mm ²	OK.
Compression Steel Provided (Cover)	Main B10@300 (30 mm) Dist. B10@300 (40 mm)	262 mm ²	
Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu)	312 mm, 1000 mm, 1608 mm², 460 N/mm², 30.0 N/mm²	286 mm	
Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	262 mm ² , 35 mm, 58 mm, 0.19	200.9 kN.m	
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr)	M 84.7 kN.m, Mr 200.9 kN.m	0.422	OK
Wall Axial Design (N/Ncap)	N 162.5 kN, Ncap 4200.0 kN	0.039	OK
Wall Slenderness	Leff/tk =2.00x3660.0/350.0	20.9	OK
Kmin = (Nuz-N)/(Nuz-Nbal)	Min(1.0, 4666.7 - 162.5)/(4666.7 - 1602.1)	1.0	
$M_{add} = N.Kmin.h.\lambda^2/2000$	162.5x1.0x350.0x20.9²/2000	12.4kN.m	
(M+Madd)/Mr _{Axial}	M+Madd 97.1 kN, Mr _{Axeil} 220.0 kN.m	0.441	OK
Shear Capacity Check	F 62.1 kN, vc 0.573 N/mm ² , Fvr 178.8 kN	0.35	OK
Shear Capacity Check			
Base Top Steel Design			
Steel Provided (Cover)	Main B10@150 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (60 mm)	524 mm ²	OK.
Compression Steel Provided (Cover)	Main B25@100 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (75 mm)	4909 mm²	
Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu)	345 mm, 1000 mm, 524 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 30 N/mm ²	328 mm	
Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	4909 mm ² , 63 mm, 19 mm, 0.05	75.0 kN.m	
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr)	M 0.0 kN.m, Mr 75.0 kN.m	0.000	OK.
	F 0.0 kN, vc 0.372 N/mm ² , Fvr 128.2 kN	0.00	OK
Shear Capacity Check	1 0.0 KN, 10 0.372 Turinit, 1 11 12012 http://		
Base Bottom Steel Design			
•	Main B25@100 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (75 mm)	4909 mm²	OK.
Steel Provided (Cover)	Main B10@150 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (60 mm)	524 mm ²	
Compression Steel Provided (Cover)	338 mm, 1000 mm, 4909 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 30 N/mm ²	261 mm	
Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu)	536 mm, 1000 mm, 4909 mm, 400 Winni, 50 Winni	533 A kN m	

524 mm², 55 mm, 169 mm, 0.50

F 123.2 kN, vc 0.794 N/mm², Fvr 268.0 kN

M 90.4 kN.m, Mr 533.4 kN.m

533.4 kN.m

0.170

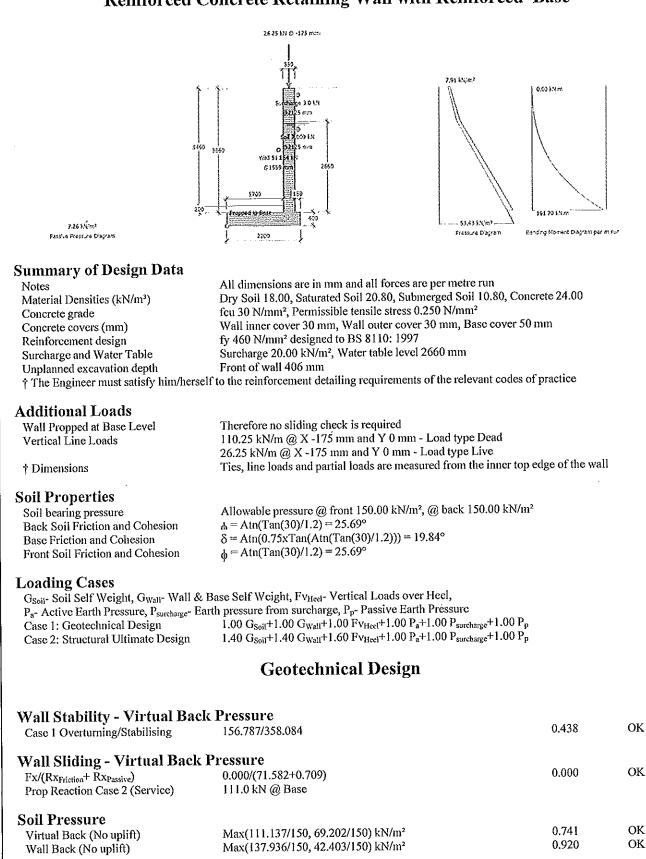
0.46

OK

OK

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Eman: mooggeru.co.un men. man.geru.co.un		

MasterKey : Retaining Wall Design to BS 8002 and BS 8110 : 1997 'Non' party wall Permanent case Reinforced Concrete Retaining Wall with Reinforced Base



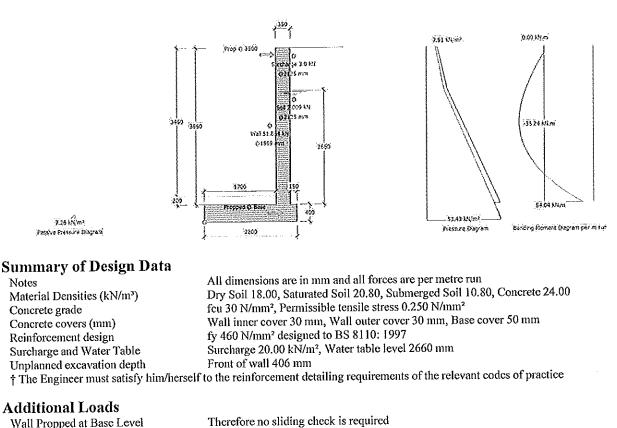
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Green Structural Engine Unit 5, Quayside Lodge William Morris Way, Fulham, SW6 2UZ Tel: (0203) 4053120 Email: info@gseltd.co.uk Web: www.gse	Made by Date Checked	Sheet : /10005 Made by :				
	Structural Design					
At Rest Earth Pressure At rest earth pressures magnification	$(1+\sin(\phi)) \times \sqrt{OCR} = (1+\sin(25.69)) \times \sqrt{1}$		1.43			
Prop Reaction Maximum Prop Reaction (Ultimate)	174.9 kN @ Base					
Wall Design (Inner Steel) Critical Section Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d) Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr) Wall Axial Design (N/Ncap) Wall Slenderness λ Kmin = (Nuz-N)/(Nuz-Nbal) M _{add} = N.Kmin.h. $\lambda^2/2000$ (M+Madd)/Mr _{Axial} Shear Capacity Check	Critical @ 0 mm from base, Case 2 Main B16@125 (30 mm) Dist. B10@150 (46 mm) Main B10@300 (30 mm) Dist. B10@300 (40 mm) 312 mm, 1000 mm, 1608 mm², 460 N/mm², 30.0 N/mm 262 mm², 35 mm, 58 mm, 0.19 M 191.7 kN.m, Mr 200.9 kN.m N 239.4 kN, Ncap 4200.0 kN Leff/tk =2.00x3660.0/350.0 Min(1.0, 4666.7 - 239.4)/(4666.7 - 1602.1) 239.4x1.0x350.0x20.9²/2000 M+Madd 209.9 kN, Mr _{Axaii} 228.2 kN.m F 146.0 kN, vc 0.573 N/mm², Fvr 178.8 kN	1608 mm ² 262 mm ² 286 mm 200.9 kN.m 0.954 0.057 20.9 1.0 18.2kN.m 0.920 0.82	OK OK OK OK			
Base Top Steel Design Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarın z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d) Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr) Shear Capacity Check	Main B10@150 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (60 mm) Main B20@100 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (70 mm) 345 mm, 1000 mm, 524 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 30 N/mm ² 3142 mm ² , 60 mm, 19 mm, 0.05 M 0.5 kN.m, Mr 75.0 kN.m F 6.9 kN, vc 0.372 N/mm ² , Fvr 128.2 kN	524 mm² 3142 mm² 328 mm 75.0 kN.m 0.007 0.05	OK OK OK			
Base Bottom Steel Design Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d) Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr) Shear Capacity Check	Main B20@100 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (70 mm) Main B10@150 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (60 mm) 340 mm, 1000 mm, 3142 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 30 N/mm ² 524 mm ² , 55 mm, 114 mm, 0.33 M 214.8 kN.m, Mr 396.5 kN.m F 222.7 kN, vc 0.681 N/mm ² , Fvr 231.6 kN	3142 mm² 524 mm² 289 mm 396.5 kN.m 0.542 0.96	OK OK OK			

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	Tel: (0203) 4053120		Checked	•	
	Email: info@gseltd.co.uk Web: www.gseltd.co.uk		Approved	. :	

MasterKey : Retaining Wall Design to BS 8002 and BS 8110 : 1997 'Non' party wall Temporary case Reinforced Concrete Retaining Wall with Reinforced Base



Wall Propped at Base LevelTherefore no sliding check is requiredAdditional Wall PropProp @ 3.5 m† DimensionsAll props are measured from the top of the base

Soil Properties

 $\left.\right)$

(__)

Soil bearing pressure Back Soil Friction and Cohesion Base Friction and Cohesion Front Soil Friction and Cohesion

Loading Cases

Gsoil- Soil Self Weight, Gwall- Wall & Base Self Weight, FvHeel- Vertical Loads over Heel,Pa- Active Earth Pressure, Psurcharge- Earth pressure from surcharge, Pp- Passive Earth PressureCase 1: Geotechnical Design1.00 Gsoil+1.00 Gwall+1.00 FvHeel+1.00 Pa+1.00 Psurcharge+1.00 PpCase 2: Structural Ultimate Design1.40 Gsoil+1.40 Gwall+1.60 FvHeel+1.00 Pa+1.00 Psurcharge+1.00 Pp

 $h = Atn(Tan(30)/1.2) = 25.69^{\circ}$

 $h = Atn(Tan(30)/1.2) = 25.69^{\circ}$

Geotechnical Design

 $\delta = Atn(0.75xTan(Atn(Tan(30)/1.2))) = 19.84^{\circ}$

Allowable pressure @ front 150.00 kN/m2, @ back 150.00 kN/m2

Wall Stability - Virtual Bac		0.007	OV
Case 1 Overturning/Stabilising	156.787/194.555	0.806	OK
Wall Sliding - Virtual Back	z Pressure		
Fx/(Rxfriction+ RxPassive)	0.000/(22.327+0.709)	0.000	OK
Prop Reactions Case 2 (Service)	87.3 kN @ Base, 23.7 kN @ 3.900 m		
Soil Pressure		0.451	ОК
Virtual Back	67.575/150 kN/m ² , Length under pressure 1.831 m	0.451	
Wall Back	83.003/150 kN/m ² , Length under pressure 1.491 m	0.553	OK
Note:	Length under pressure is less than 75% of the base width		Warning

Green Structural Engine init 5, Quayside Lodge Villiam Morris Way, Fulham, SW6 2UZ el: (0203) 4053120 mail: info@gseltd.co.uk Web: www.gse	Sheet Made by	: 17 October 2018 / Ver. 2017.10 :			
	Structural Design				
At Rest Earth Pressure					
At rest earth pressures magnification	$(1+Sin(_{\phi})) \times \sqrt{OCR} = (1+Sin(25.69)) \times \sqrt{1}$			1.43	
Prop Reactions Maximum Prop Reactions (Ultimate)	135.6 kN @ Base, 39.3 kN @ 3.500 m				
Wall Design (Inner Steel) Critical Section	Critical @ 0 mm from base, Case 2				
Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu)	Main B10@150 (30 mm) Dist. B10@150 (Main B10@150 (30 mm) Dist. B10@150 (315 mm, 1000 mm, 524 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 3 524 mm ² , 35 mm, 19 mm, 0.06	40 mm)	524 mm² 524 mm² 299 mm	OK	
Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d) Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr) Shear Capacity Check	68.5 kN.m 0.789 0.86	OK OK			
Wall Design (Outer Steel)					
Critical Section Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover)	Critical @ 1901 mm from base, Case 2 Main B10@150 (30 mm) Dist. B10@150 (Main B10@150 (30 mm) Dist. B10@150 (40 mm)	524 mm ² 524 mm ²	ОК	
Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	315 mm, 1000 mm, 524 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 3 524 mm ² , 35 mm, 19 mm, 0.06	0.0 N/mm ²	299 mm 68.5 kN.m		
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr)	M 35.2 kN.m, Mr 68.5 kN.m F 0.5 kN, vc 0.392 N/mm², Fvr 123.5 kN		0.515 0.00	OK OK	
Shear Capacity Check	F 0.5 KW, VC 0.392 Willing, FVI 123.5 KW		0.00	01t	
Base Top Steel Design Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	Main B10@150 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (Main B10@125 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (345 mm, 1000 mm, 524 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 3 628 mm ² , 55 mm, 19 mm, 0.05	60 mm)	524 mm² 628 mm² 328 mm 75.0 kN.m	OK	
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr)	M 1.2 kN.m, Mr 75.0 kN.m		0.017	OK	
Shear Capacity Check	F 16.6 kN, vc 0.372 N/mm², Fvr 128.2 kN		0.13	OK	
Base Bottom Steel Design	Main B10@125 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (60 mm	628 mm²	OK	
Steel Provided (Cover) Compression Steel Provided (Cover) Leverarm z=fn(d,b,As,fy,Fcu) Mr=fn(above,As',d',x,x/d)	Main B10@123 (30 mm) Dist. B10@130 (Main B10@150 (50 mm) Dist. B10@150 (345 mm, 1000 mm, 628 mm ² , 460 N/mm ² , 3 524 mm ² , 55 mm, 23 mm, 0.07	60 mm)	524 mm ² 328 mm 90.0 kN.m	UN	
Moment Capacity Check (M/Mr)	M 85.7 kN.m, Mr 90.0 kN.m		0.953	OK	
Shear Capacity Check	F 67.8 kN, vc 0.395 N/mm ² , Fvr 136.3 kN		0.50	OK.	

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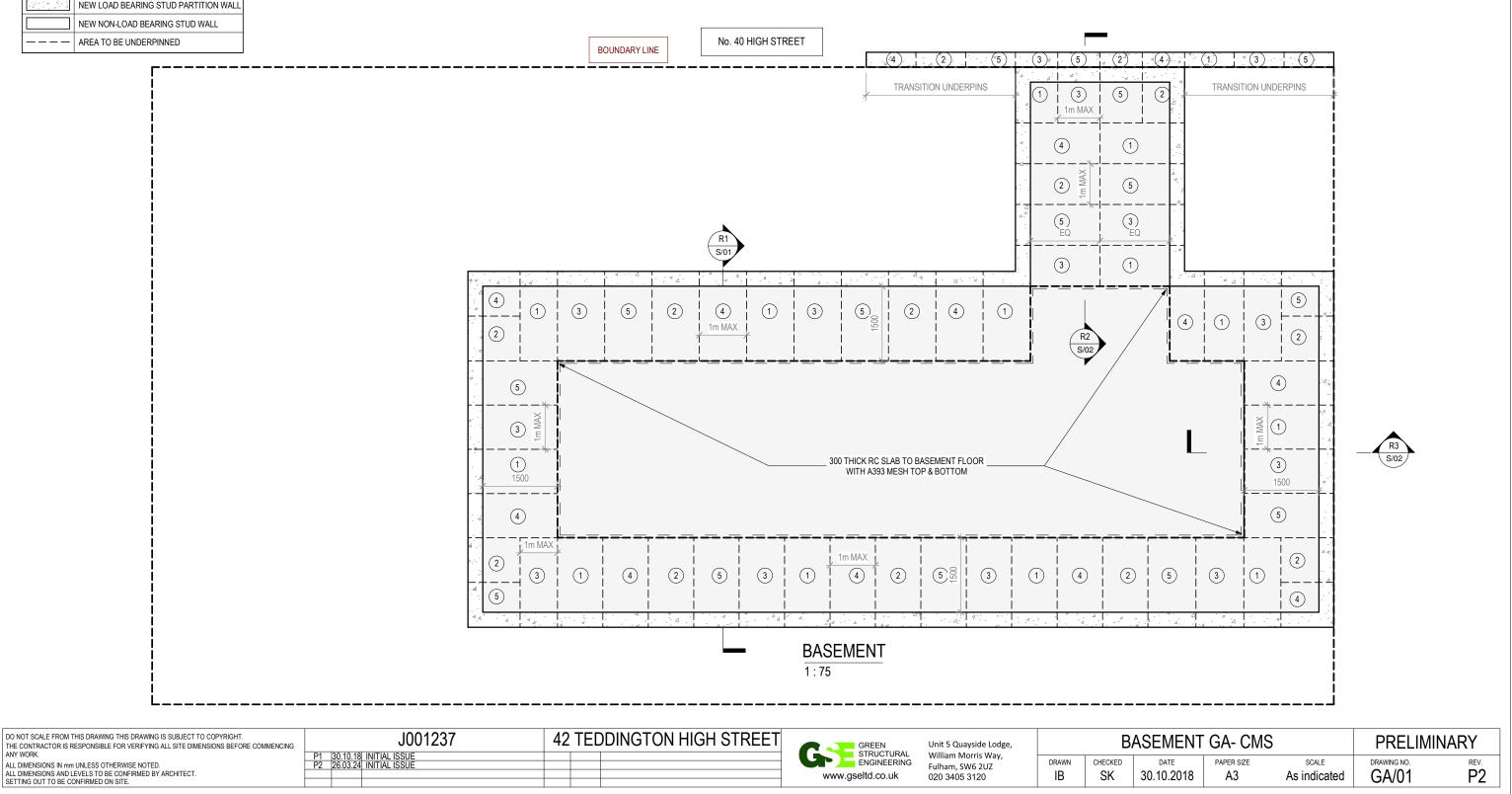
APPENDIX C

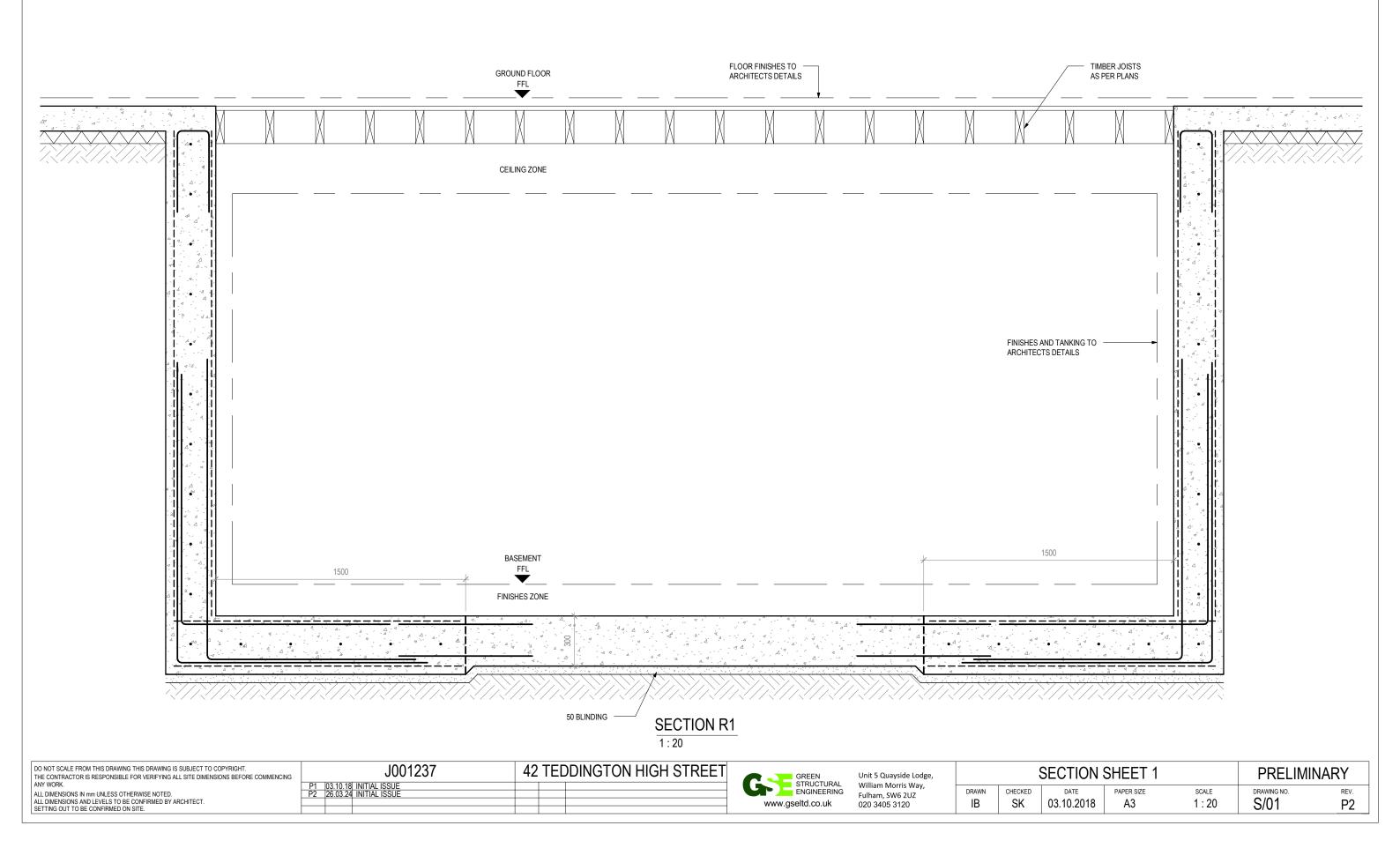
GSE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS FOR NEW BASEMENT

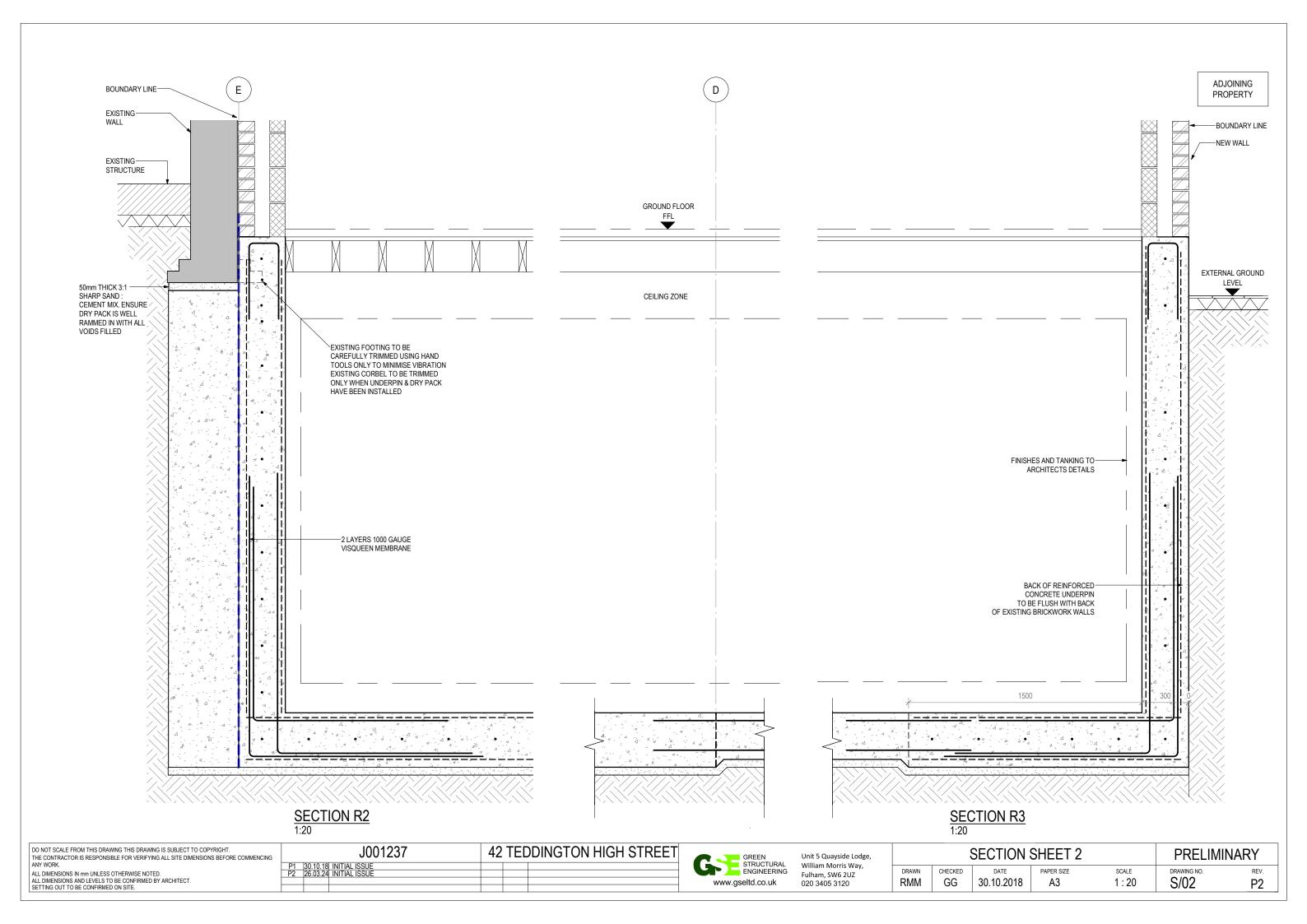


- NOTES: 1. BELOW GROUND WATERPROOFING AND DRAINAGE BY OTHERS.
- 2. UNDERPINS WILL NOT BE STABLE WHILST UNDER CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR MUST PROVIDE ADEQUATE LATERAL SUPPORT TO ALL PINS UNTIL BASEMENT SLAB HAS BEEN CAST.
- 3. NON COMPRESSIBLE WATER RESISTANT CEMENTITIOUS BOARD LINER TO BACK OF ALL UNDERPIN SUPPORTING PARTY WALLS.
- 4. RAISE RETAINING WALL LOCALLY (440 LONG x 100 WIDE) TO SUPPORT NEW STEEL WORK.

<u>KEY:</u>	
	EXISTING STRUCTURE
· ··· 、	NEW LOAD BEARING CONCRETE
	NEW LOAD BEARING BRICKWORK (20N/mm
	NEW LOAD BEARING BLOCKWORK (7N/mm ²
1212	NEW LOAD BEARING STUD PARTITION WAL
	NEW NON-LOAD BEARING STUD WALL
	AREA TO BE UNDERPINNED





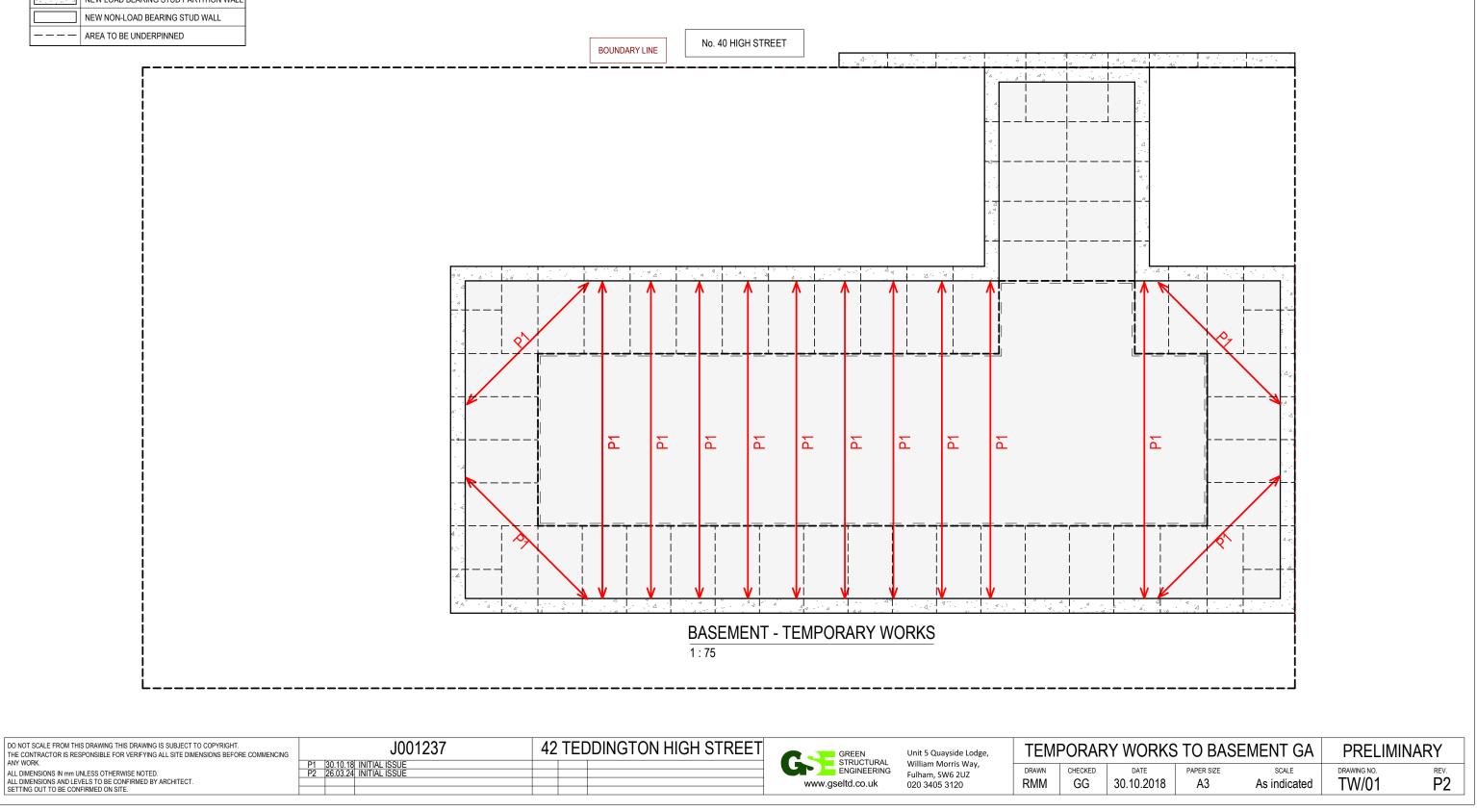


APPENDIX D

GSE TEMPORARY WORKS OUTLINE SCHEME

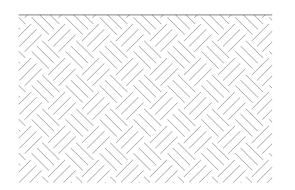
SK - W1 -	GB - GALLOWS BRACKET SK - SHEAR KEY W1 - RMD SLIMSHORE WALER TP - SUPERSLIM TILT PLATE				
<u>KEY:</u>					
	EXISTING STRUCTURE				
· · · · ·	NEW LOAD BEARING CONCRETE				
	NEW LOAD BEARING BRICKWORK (20N/mm ²				
	NEW LOAD BEARING BLOCKWORK (7N/mm²)				
	NEW LOAD BEARING STUD PARTITION WAL				
	NEW NON-LOAD BEARING STUD WALL				

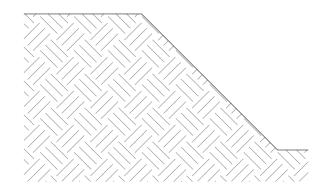
P1 - RMD SUPER SLIM SOLDIER



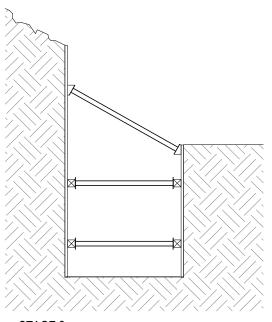
APPENDIX E

GSE TYPICAL CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

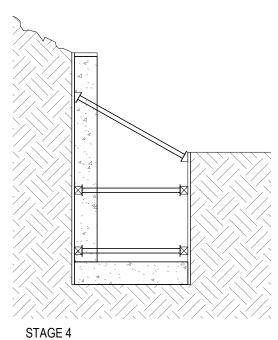




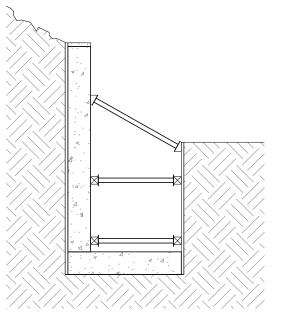


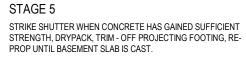


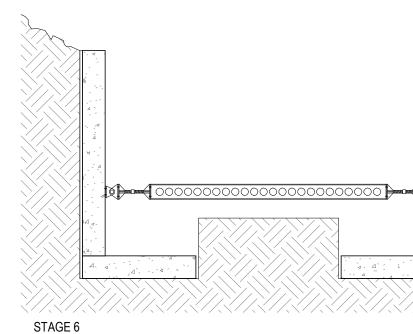
STAGE 2 EXCAVATE TO FORM UNDERPIN



STAGE 4 ERECT SHUTTER CONCRETE STEM OF UNDERPIN



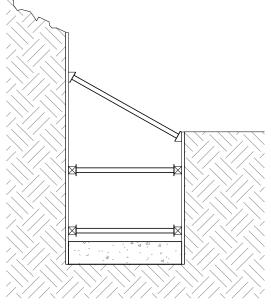


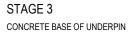


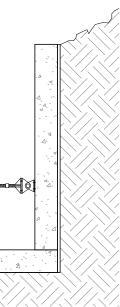
COMMENCE EXCAVATION OF CENTRAL BERM. ONCE EXCAVATION IS 500mm ABOVE FORMATION LEVEL ISNTALL SUPER SLIM SOLDIER ACROSS SITE AT LOW LEVEL.

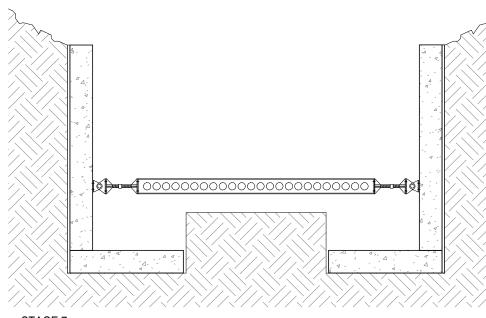
DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING THIS DRAWING IS SUBJECT TO COPYRIGHT. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING ALL SITE DIMENSIONS BEFORE COMMENCING	J001237	42 TEDDINGTON HIGH STREET	GREEN Unit 5 Quayside L	~BC)	CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE FOR TYP. UNDERPIN SECTION PRELIMINA						
ANY WORK. ALL DIMENSIONS IN mm UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL DIMENSIONS AND LEVELS TO BE CONFIRMED BY ARCHITECT. SETTING OUT TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE.	P1 30.10.18 INITIAL ISSUE		William Morris W ENGINEERING www.gseltd.co.uk William Morris W Fulham, SW6 2UZ 020 3405 3120	γ,	IB S		PAPER SIZE A3	scale 1:50	drawing no.	rev. P1	

STAGE 0 EXISTING CONDITION

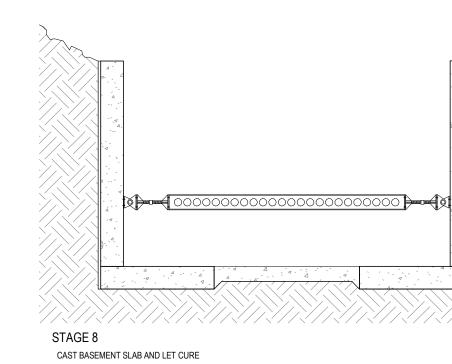


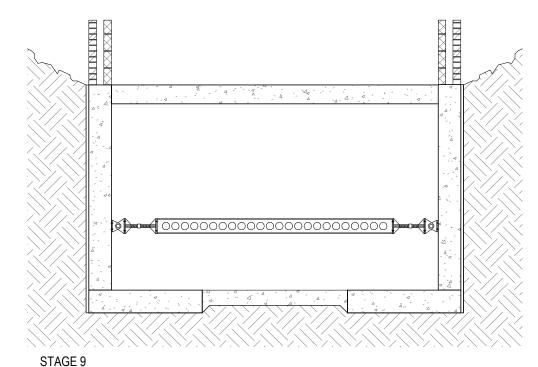


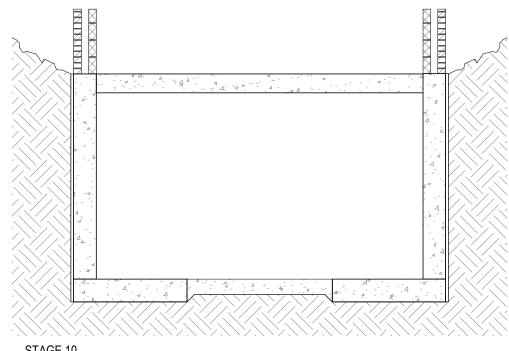












STAGE 9

POUR GROUND FLOOR SLAB.

STAGE 10 ALL PROPS REMOVED.

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ANT WORK. ALL DIMENSIONS IN mm UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL DIMENSIONS AND LEVELS TO BE CONFIRMED BY ARCHITECT. SETTING OUT TO BE CONFIRMED ON SITE.	P1 30.10.1					www.gseltd.co.uk	William Morris Way, Fulham, SW6 2UZ 020 3405 3120	DRAWN IB	CHECKED SK	DATE 30.10.2018	PAPER SIZE	scale 1:50	DRAWING NO.	P1

