


# Report in Accordance with BFRC Guidelines and Regulations

## Energy Rating Performance of Windows & Doors

**CONFIDENTIAL**

Report reference:	3-014-2
Prepared for:	London Box Sash Windows 9 Tramsheds Coomber Way Croydon CR0 4TQ
Product Description:	Box Sash Vertical Sliding Window
Date:	31 August 2023
Prepared by:	Sue Peatey BFRC Technical Officer



Approved Simulator S166

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## 1 Introduction

This document details the energy rating performance of the window configuration as detailed below.


The frame profile results detailed below are provided by computer simulation using LBL software program THERM 5.2 and validated against proofs in Annex I (I1 to I10) of BS EN ISO 10077-2:2017.

The frame profile results detailed below are provided from methods contained in BS EN ISO 10077-1:2017 and in accordance with thermal transmittance requirements detailed in BS EN 14351-1:2006 +A1:2010. Cavities are calculated in accordance with BS EN ISO 10077-2 section 6.4.3 Treatment of cavities using the single equivalent thermal conductivity method.

## 2 Summary of Results

<b>BFRC Rating</b>	A	
<b>Energy Rating Index</b>	+5	kWh(m <sup>2</sup> ·yr)
<b>Thermal transmittance (U<sub>window</sub>)</b>	1.4	W/(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)
<b>Solar Factor (g<sub>window</sub>)</b>	0.47	
<b>Window Air Leakage Heat Loss (L<sub>factor</sub>)</b>	0.01	W/(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)

## 3 Authorisation

<b>Report Issued By:</b>	Sue Peatey Technical Officer	
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## 4 Technical Specification

<b>System &amp; Manufacturer</b>	London Box Sash Windows – Box Sash
<b>Window Type</b>	Vertical Sliding Sash Window

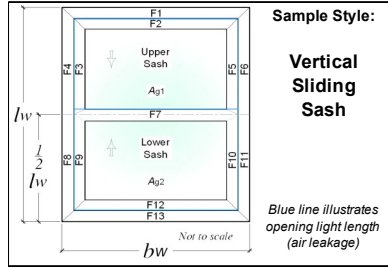
Frame		Reference	Size (mm) h x w
Outer Frame	Head	Accoya and MDF (Tricoya)	77 x 155
	Sill	Accoya	75 x 155
	Jambs	Accoya and MDF (Tricoya)	95 x 154
Sash	Head	Accoya	55 x 52
	Sill	Accoya	97 x 52
	Jambs	Accoya	55 x 52
Bead	Glazing bead	Accoya	16 x 6.5
	Parting bead	Accoya	25 x 8

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<b>Weather Seals / Gaskets</b>	<b>Reference</b>	<b>Material</b>
Frame Rebate	SP5920 Deventer seal	EPDM
Sash	SP5920 Deventer seal	EPDM
Glazing Rebate	Glazing tape	EPDM
Glazing Bead	Glazing tape	EPDM

<b>Glazing Unit</b>	<b>Description</b>
Overall Size	24mm
Outer Pane	4mm St Gobain, Diamant
Cavity	16mm 90% Argon
Inner Pane	4mm St Gobain, Planitherm Total+
Spacer Bar	St Gobain, Swisspacer Ultimate
Secondary Sealant	Polysulfide / Polyurethane

# 5 BFRC Spreadsheet



Report Number: **3-014-2** Report Issue No.15.3: 04/01/2016  
 Report Date: **08/08/2023**  
 Project Details: **Box sash VSS**

**THIS SPREADSHEET IS THE PROPERTY OF THE BFRC AND CAN ONLY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH A BFRC LICENCE APPLICATION**

**Input Values:**  
 Yellow input, green intermediary, blue finals X' DP is no.of decimal place to enter

Frame offset: **No**

Parameter	Symbol	Units
Total window height <b>ODP</b>	$I_w$	1480 mm
Total window width <b>ODP</b>	$b_w$	1230 mm

Nominal 4mm etc to **ODP**, others **1DP**

**Glazing dimensions and properties:**

Thickness of pane 1, $d_{p1}$	4.0 mm
Glazing fill thickness 1/2, $d_{gf1}$	16.0 mm
Gas fill (1/2)	Argon 90%
Thickness of pane 2, $d_{p2}$	4.0 mm
Complete next 3 cells for TG IGU	
Glazing fill thickness 2/2, $d_{gf2}$	
Gas fill (2/3)	
Thickness of pane 3, $d_{p3}$	
Glazing Trans. - <b>3DP</b>	$U_g$ 1.195 W/(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)
g-value - <b>2DP</b>	$g_u$ 0.73

	Frame height, $b_f$ (mm)		Gasket protrusion (mm)	With gasket (mm)	Total
	Internal	External			
F1 fixed top rail	77	78	n/a	77.0	121.0
F2 moving top rail	44	43	0.0	44.0	
F3 top (LH) jamb (moving sash)	42	42	0.0	42.0	137.0
F4 top (LH) jamb (fixed frame)	95	95	n/a	95.0	
F5 top (RH) jamb (moving sash)	42	42	0.0	42.0	137.0
F6 top (RH) jamb (fixed frame)	95	95	n/a	95.0	
F7 mid rail (upper)	37		0.0	37.0	37.0
(lower)			0.0		
F8 bottom (LH) jamb (fixed frame)	95	95	n/a	95.0	137.0
F9 bottom (LH) jamb (moving sash)	42	42	0.0	42.0	
F10 bottom (RH) jamb (moving sash)	42	42	0.0	42.0	137.0
F11 bottom (RH) jamb (fixed frame)	95	95	n/a	95.0	
F12 bottom moving rail	76		0.0	76.0	151.0
F13 bottom fixed rail	75		n/a	75.0	
Total gasket area			0	m <sup>2</sup>	

Thermal transmittance of window from hot box test  
 $U_w$  - **2DP** W/(m<sup>2</sup>·K)

**Window Dimensions:**

Section	Length, l (m)	Width, b (m)	Area, A	
			No gasket (m <sup>2</sup> )	With gasket (m <sup>2</sup> )
Upper glazing	0.6005	0.9560	0.5741	0.5741
Lower glazing	0.5705	0.9560	0.5454	0.5454
Total of glazing			1.1195	1.1195
Frame	m	m	m <sup>2</sup>	m <sup>2</sup>
F1	1.2300	0.0770	0.0874	0.0874
F2	1.0400	0.0440	0.0439	0.0439
F3	0.6630	0.0420	0.0265	0.0265
F4	0.7400	0.0950	0.0666	0.0666
F5	0.6630	0.0420	0.0265	0.0265
F6	0.7400	0.0950	0.0666	0.0666
F7	1.0400	0.0370	0.0369	0.0369
F8	0.7400	0.0950	0.0667	0.0667
F9	0.6650	0.0420	0.0259	0.0259
F10	0.6650	0.0420	0.0259	0.0259
F11	0.7400	0.0950	0.0667	0.0667
F12	1.0400	0.0760	0.0758	0.0758
F13	1.2300	0.0750	0.0851	0.0851
Total Frame			0.7009	0.7009
Total Window, $A_w$			1.8204	1.8204
Percentage upper glass area			31.54%	31.54%
Percentage lower glass area			29.96%	29.96%
Percentage glass area (total)			61.50%	61.50%

Where a  $U_w$  value from hot box testing is available, no  $L_f^{2D}$  or  $L_{\psi}^{2D}$  values need to be entered

**Frame conductance:**

Section	All L values to <b>4DP</b> . All b values to <b>ODP</b>		$L_{\psi}^{2D}$	$L_{\psi}^{2D}$
	$L_f^{2D}$	$L_{\psi}^{2D}$		
F1+F2 top rail	0.4262	190	0.4662	190
F3+F4 top (LH) jamb	0.3928	190	0.4322	190
F5+F6 top (RH) jamb	0.3928	190	0.4322	190
F7 mid rail	0.5669	380	0.6516	380
F8+F9 bottom (LH) jamb	0.3914	190	0.4314	190
F10+F11 bottom (RH) jamb	0.3914	190	0.4314	190
F12+F13 bottom rail	0.4369	190	0.4770	190

**Frame:**

Section	Frame width, $b_f$ (m)	Frame U-value, $U_f$ (W/(m <sup>2</sup> ·K))	Frame areas, $A_f$ (m <sup>2</sup> )	Frame heat flow, $H_U$ (W/K)	Linear trans, $\psi$ (W/(m·K))	Linear length, $l_{\psi}$ (m)	Junction heat flow, $H_{\psi}$ (W/K)
F1+F2 top rail	0.1210	1.6873	0.1313	0.2216	0.0350	0.9560	0.0334
F3+F4 top left jamb	0.1370	1.2464	0.0932	0.1161	0.0344	0.6005	0.0206
F5+F6 top right jamb	0.1370	1.2464	0.0932	0.1161	0.0344	0.6005	0.0206
F7 mid rail	0.0370	3.3196	0.0369	0.1226	0.0747	0.9560	0.0714
F8+F9 btm left jamb	0.1370	1.2362	0.0927	0.1146	0.0350	0.5705	0.0200
F10+F11 btm right jamb	0.1370	1.2362	0.0927	0.1146	0.0350	0.5705	0.0200
F12+F13 bottom rail	0.1510	1.4229	0.1610	0.2291	0.0351	0.9560	0.0335
Totals		0.7009	1.0346			Total	0.2196

**Solar Factor, g-value:**

glazing area $A_g$ (m <sup>2</sup> )	1.3063
$F_w$	0.9
$g_w$	0.47

Other parameters needed for calculation, taken from simulations:

$\lambda_{p1} = 0.035$  W/(m·K)  $R_{se} = 0.04$  m<sup>2</sup>·K/W  $d_p = d_g = 0.024$  m  
 $R_{p1} = 0.6857$  m<sup>2</sup>·K/W  $R_{tot} = 0.8557$  m<sup>2</sup>·K/W  $R_{se} = 0.13$  m<sup>2</sup>·K/W  
 $U_p = 1.1686$  W/(m<sup>2</sup>·K)

**U<sub>window</sub>**

No bars; or attached bars	1.42	W/(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)
Single cross bar in IGU	1.5	
Multiple cross bar in IGU	1.6	
Glazing bar (Georgian bar)	1.8	

**Air Leakage loss:**

Opening light length, $l_{opening}$ (m)	Total air leakage (m <sup>3</sup> /h)
6.2220	0.622
$L_{50} = 0.34$ m <sup>2</sup> /(m <sup>2</sup> ·h)	Heat loss = 0.0165 $L_{50}$ W/(m <sup>2</sup> ·K)

**Energy Window**  
Energy Index

**5**  
Window Rating

**A**

**BFRC Rating**  
kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>·yr)

≥20	A++
>10 to 20	A+
0 to <10	A
-10 to <0	B
-20 to <-10	C
-30 to <-20	D
-50 to <-30	E

**BFRC Rating =**  
 $218.6g_{window} - 68.5 \times (U_{window} + \text{Effective } L_{50}) = 5.14$

Climate zone is: **UK**

Thermal transmittance, $W/(m^2 \cdot K)$	$U_{window}$	1.4
Solar factor	$g_{window}$	0.47
Window air leakage heat loss, $W/(m^2 \cdot K)$	$L_{factor}$	0.01

**BFRC**  
BFRC Certified Simulator No

Simulator Name: **Sue Peatey** **S166**

## 6 BS EN 673 Spreadsheet

Version 12 18/06/2015. Calculations according to BS EN 673:2011

Number of spaces	Help		
1			
Glazing orientation		Spaces 1	
Vertical			
Resistivity panes	1 m·K/W		
Outside			
		P a n e 1      90%      P a n e 2	
Calculate		Gas	
		Argon	
Thickness (mm)	4.0	16	4.0
Normal emissivity	0.89	0.05	
$\sum d_i \cdot \tau_i =$	0.008 Uncoated		

For uncoated surfaces input 0.89 for normal emissivity, which corresponds to a corrected emissivity of 0.837



External, $R_{se}$	0.04	$(m^2 \cdot K)/W$
Internal, $R_{si}$	0.13	$(m^2 \cdot K)/W$
Iteration number	U value	$\sum 1/h_s$
	$W/(m^2 \cdot K)$	$(m^2 \cdot K)/W$
1	1.195	0.65864
2	1.195	0.65864

$\lambda_{eff}$	$\Delta T$
$W/(mK)$	
0.0243	15
0.0243	15

## 7 Conductivity of Spacer

April 2013 - No. W19 - Revision index 5-06/2023 - valid until June 30th, 2025


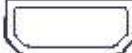
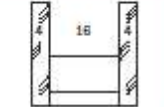

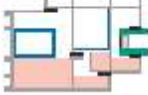


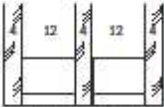
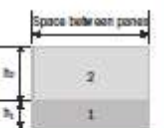
'WARM EDGE' WORKING PARTY

### Data sheet Psi values for windows

based on determination of the equivalent thermal conductivity of spacers by measurement


**SWISSPACER**  
 Vetrotech Saint-Gobain (International) AG  
 Zweigniederlassung Kreuzlingen  
 Sonnenwiesenstrasse 15  
 CH-8280 Kreuzlingen

Product description			Spacer height in mm	Material	Thickness d in mm
			6.5	Metalized multilayer polyester film "High Tech Gas Barrier Foil" SAN-GF	~ 0.05 1.0
	Representative glass constructions	Metal with thermal break	Plastic	Wood	Wood/Metal
Representative psi value double-shoot insulating glass W/m <sup>2</sup> K	 Double-shoot insulating glass $U_g = 1.1 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$	 0.036	 0.032	 0.031	 0.032
Representative psi value triple-shoot insulating glass W/m <sup>2</sup> K	 Triple-shoot insulating glass $U_g = 0.7 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$	0.031	0.030	0.029	0.030
No size model Characteristic values		Space between panes in mm	$\lambda_{0.25}$ in W/mK		
			Box 1 - $h_x = 3 \text{ mm}$	Box 2 - $h_y = 6.5 \text{ mm}$	
		Can be used for all spacer widths	0.40	0.14	

**Application**

The equivalent thermal conductivity has been determined in accordance with the ift guideline WA-17eng/1 "Thermally improved spacers - Determination of the equivalent thermal conductivity by measurement". The representative linear heat transfer coefficients calculated in this way (representative psi values) apply to typical frame profiles and glazing for the determination of the heat transfer coefficient  $U_w$  of windows. They have been determined under the boundary conditions (frame profiles, glazing, glass mounting depth, back covering, primary and secondary sealant) defined in the ift guideline WA-08eng/3 "Thermally improved spacers - Part 1: Determination of the representative Psi value for window frame profiles". This guideline also governs the area of validity and application of the representative psi values. In order to avoid rounding errors, the psi values in the data sheet have been given at 0.001 W/mK. The method for the arithmetical determination of the psi values has an accuracy of  $\pm 0.003 \text{ W/mK}$ . Differences of less than 0.005 W/mK are not significant. For further information, refer to the Bulletin 004/2008 "Guide to Warm Edge" of Bundesverband Flachglas.

Characteristic values determined by:



ROSCINI ICIIM

## 8 G-Value Data



### 4 DIAMANT (16 Argon 90) 4

PLANITHERM TOTAL+ FG #3

Computed by: Sue Peatey

Computed on: 07/08/2023

Location: United Kingdom

#### Glazing type

**Glazing 1**  
DIAMANT (4mm) - Annealed

**Cavity 1**  
Argon 90% 16 mm

**Glazing 2**  
PLANITHERM TOTAL+ FG  
PLANICLEAR (4mm) - Annealed

#### Simulated performance datas

	<b>Luminous Factors</b>	<b>CIE (15-2004)</b>
	Light Transmittance (TL)	80%
	Outdoor Reflectance (RLe)	13%
	Indoor Reflectance (RLi)	13%
	<b>Energy Factors</b>	<b>EN410 (2011-04)</b>
	Transmittance (TE)	63%
	Outdoor Reflectance (Ree)	23%
	Indoor Reflectance (Rei)	21%
	Absorptance A1 (AE1)	3%
	Absorptance A2 (AE2)	11%
	<b>Solar Factors</b>	<b>EN410 (2011-04)</b>
	Solar Factor (g)	0.73
	Shading Coefficient (SC)	0.83
	<b>Thermal Transmission (Ug)</b>	<b>EN673-2011</b>
	Ug	1.2 W/(m2.K)
	Angle relative to the vertical	0°
	<b>Acoustics</b>	<b>EN 12758</b>
	<i>Acoustic values according to EN 12758 and from notified body</i>	
	Rw	31 (-1; -4) dB
	STC (ASTM E413)	N/A
	OITC (ASTM E1332)	N/A
	<b>Color Rendering</b>	<b>CIE (15-2004)</b>
	Transmission (Ra)	99.1
	Reflection (Ra)	90.4
	<b>Safety Class</b>	<b>EN 12600</b>
	Pendulum Body Resistance	NPD
	<b>Anti-Burglary</b>	<b>EN 356</b>
	Burglar Resistance	NPD
	<b>Manufacturing Sizes</b>	
	Nominal Thickness	24.0 mm
	Weight	20 kg/m <sup>2</sup>
	<b>Sustainability</b>	
	<b>Carbon footprint</b>	
	<i>The value is calculated regarding the composition computed based on the standard EN 15804+A2 (2019)</i>	
	Global Warming Potential (GWP) - A1-A3 (kg. CO <sub>2</sub> eq./m <sup>2</sup> ) European average	34




Calumen® calculates the photometric characteristics and thermal transmission of glass using calculation algorithms which comply with the following standards: the European standards EN 410 and EN 673, the international standard ISO9250, the Japanese standard JS R 3106/2107 and the Korean standard KS L 2514/2323. The functional output and calculation rules of Calumen® for standards EN 410 and EN 673 have been validated by TÜV Rheinland (report 85232159-01). The technical performances obtained according to these standards are provided for information only and are subject to amendment.

Only the values entered in the performance declaration available on the CE marking site of Saint-Gobain Glass are official. The sound absorption indices are measured under laboratory conditions according to the standards EN ISO 10140 and EN 12758. The calculated indices are provided for information only. The accuracy for the index lies within a range of +/-2dB. The glass thickness calculations comply with the 2012 version of the DIN EN 12139-44 description. The user is responsible for ensuring that the correct calculation hypotheses are entered and the G1033 is applied appropriately for the project concerned.



## 9 Copy of Air Leakage Test Evidence

	TEL 506 Rev 2 – Test Report BS 6375-1:2015+A1:2016 Test Report No: R4790904574-1 Rev 1 Project No: 4790904574-1 Date: July 17, 2023	Page 12 of 19

### 6. Test Results

#### 6.1 Lab Conditions

The conditions measured inside the laboratory were as follows:

Temperature (°C)	Humidity (%RH)	Atmospheric Pressure (kPa)
21.1	47.4	100.1

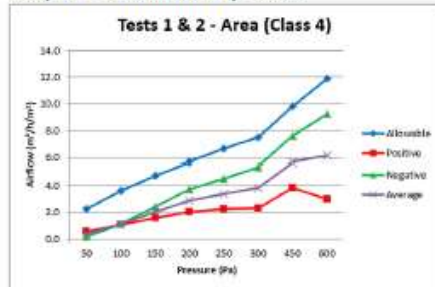
#### 6.2 Air Permeability

Calculated area of test sample            1.54 m<sup>2</sup>  
 Measured length of opening joints        6.00 m

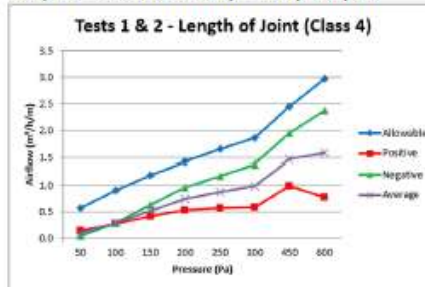
##### 6.2.1 Initial Air Permeability Tests 1 & 2

Pressure Differential Pa	Air Permeability Rate Infiltration & Exfiltration Tests m <sup>3</sup> /hr/m <sup>2</sup> - Area			Air Permeability Rate Infiltration & Exfiltration Tests m <sup>3</sup> /hr/m - Length of Joint		
	Test No. 1	Test No. 2	Average	Test No. 1	Test No. 2	Average
50	0.57	0.19	0.38	0.15	0.05	0.10
100	1.09	1.15	1.12	0.28	0.30	0.29
150	1.60	2.43	2.01	0.41	0.62	0.52
200	2.04	3.70	2.87	0.53	0.95	0.74
250	2.23	4.53	3.38	0.57	1.17	0.87
300	2.30	5.36	3.83	0.59	1.38	0.98
450	3.83	7.60	5.72	0.98	1.95	1.47
600	3.00	9.26	6.13	0.77	2.38	1.58

Graph 1 – Air Permeability – Area



Graph 2 – Air Permeability – Length of joint



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## 10 Thermal Conductivity Values Test Evidence - Accoya

### Evidence of Performance Thermal conductivity

Test Report  
Nr. 10-000788-PR01  
(PB-K23-06-en-01)



Client	Titan Wood B.V. PO Box 2147 Westervoortsedijk 73 6802 Arnhem Netherlands
Product / Construction	Modified wood - product
Designation	ACCOYA® HOLZ
Material	Pinus radiata, modified by acetylation
Thickness	30 mm
Density	514.4 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (average) 495 - 541 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (range)
Conditioning	23 °C / 50 % rh up to constant mass (0.1 % / 24 h)
Special features	--

#### Basis

EN 12664: 2001  
Building materials - Determination of thermal resistance by means of guarded hot plate and heat flow meter methods - Dry and moist products of medium and low thermal resistance

EN ISO 10456: 2008  
Building materials and products - Hydrothermal properties - Tabulated design values and procedures for determining declared and design thermal values

#### Instructions for use

This test report serves to demonstrate the declared value of the equivalent thermal conductivity  $\lambda_D$ . The declared value can be used within the calculation acc. to prEN ISO 10077-2: 2011.

The declared value acc. to EN ISO 10456 doesn't represent the design value acc. to DIN V 4108-4. The determination of the design value has to take into account the national regulations.

#### Validity

The data and results given relate solely to the tested and described specimen.

Testing for thermal conductivity  $\lambda$  does not allow any statement to be made on any further characteristics relevant to performance and quality of the present construction.

#### Notes on publication

The ift Guidance Sheet "Conditions and Guidance for the Use of ift Test Documents" applies. The cover sheet can be used as abstract.

#### Contents

The report comprises a total of 15 pages  
1 Object  
2 Procedure  
3 Detailed results

#### Thermal conductivity (declared value)



$$\lambda_D = 0.120 \text{ W}/(\text{m} \cdot \text{K})^*$$

\* determined at mean temperature of 10 °C

ift Rosenheim  
07. November 2011

Dr. Joachim Hessinger, Dipl.-Phys.  
Head of Testing Department  
Building Physics

Konrad Huber, Dipl.-Ing. (FH)  
Assistant Head of Testing Department  
Building Physics



ift Rosenheim GmbH

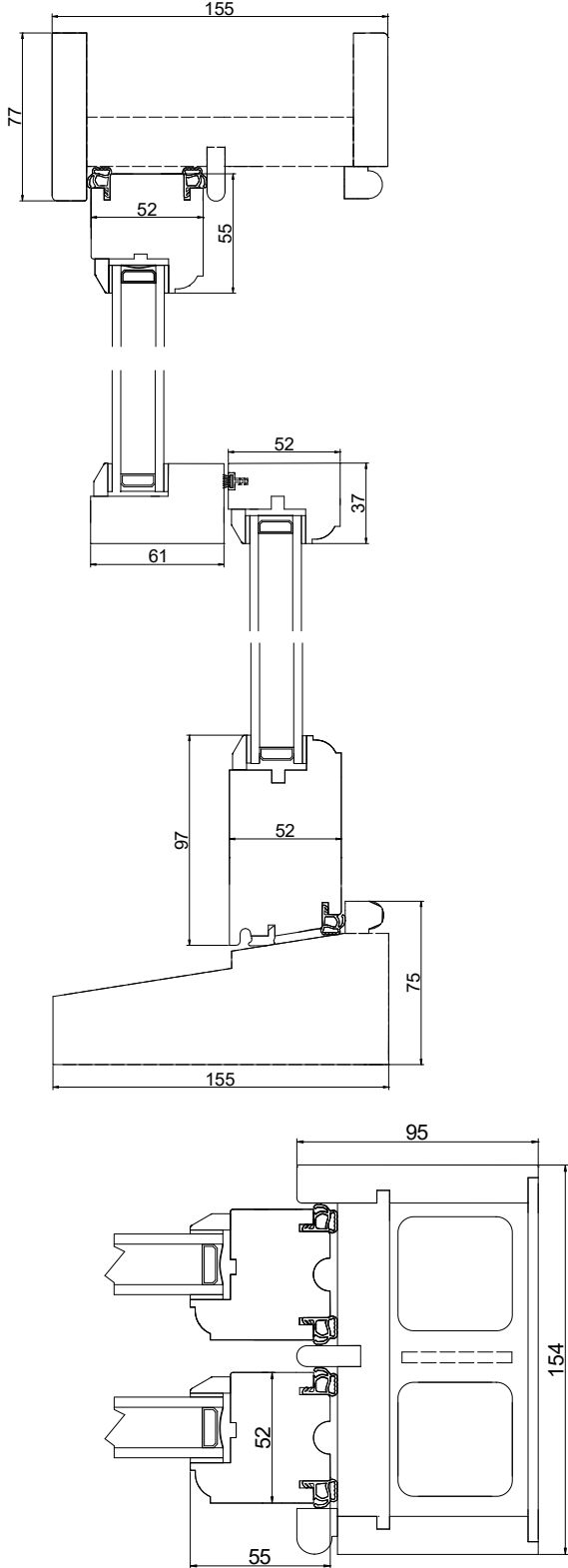
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Kto. 3822  
BLZ 711 500 00

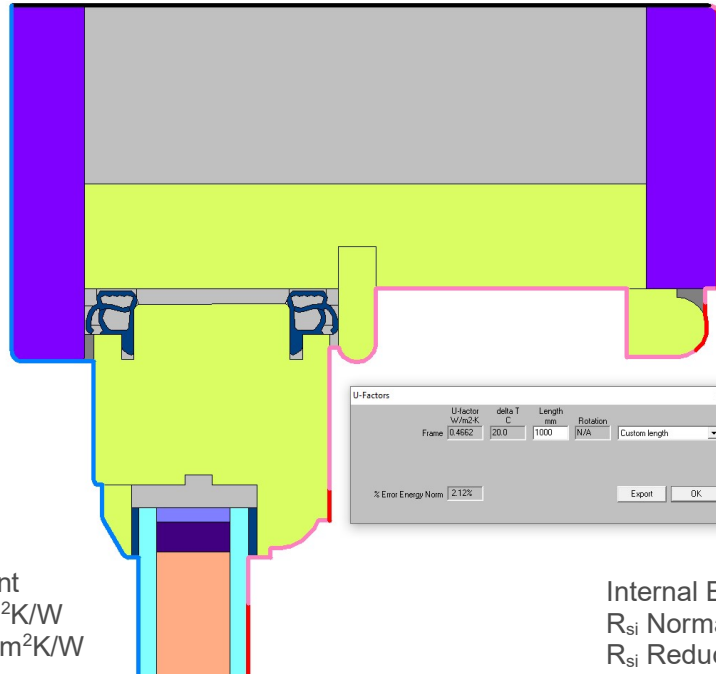
Notified Body Nr.: 0757  
Anerkannte F0Z-Stelle: BAY 18  
  
DAkk Nr. 0028 89  
DAkk Nr. 2198 00  
TÜV SÜD 19-25 00  
TÜV SÜD 19-03 00

### Appendix 1 – Technical Drawings



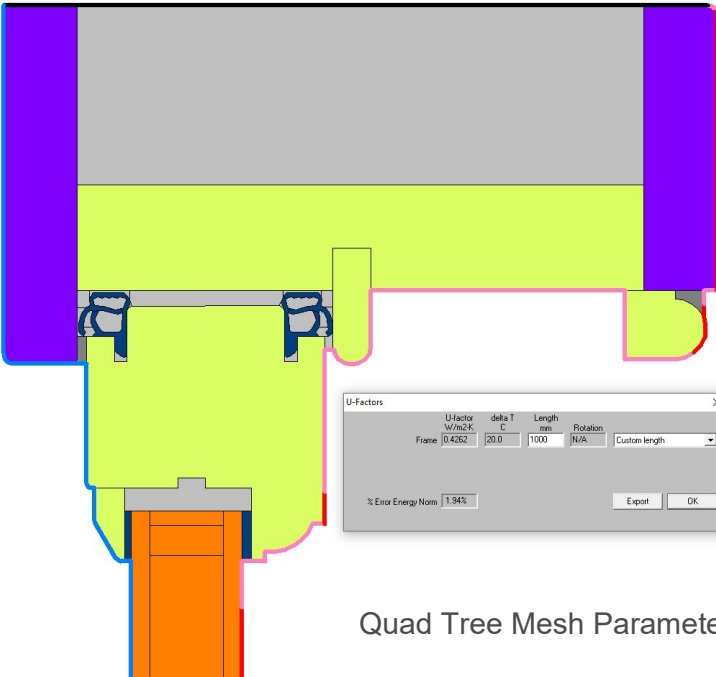
## Appendix 2 – Simulations

### 1. Head profile



External Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal = 0.04 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
 $R_{si}$  Reduced = 0.04 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
Temperature = 0 °C

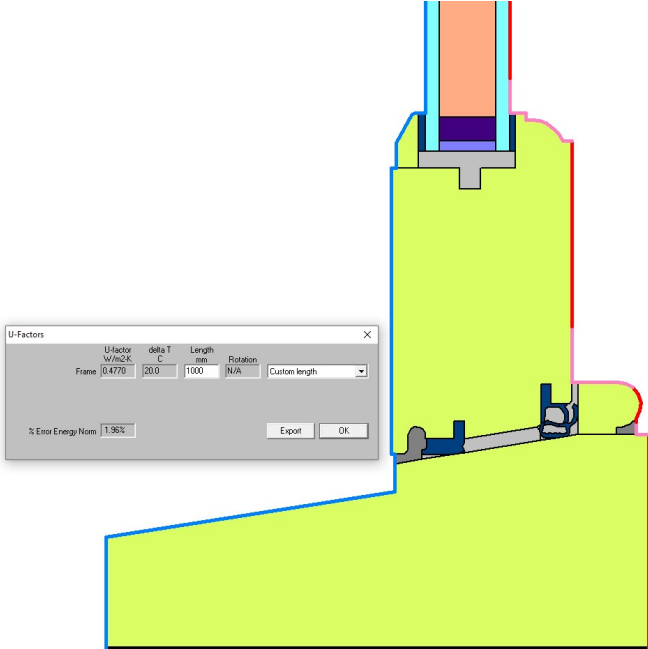
Internal Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal = 0.13 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
 $R_{si}$  Reduced = 0.20 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
Temperature = 20 °C



Quad Tree Mesh Parameter 9

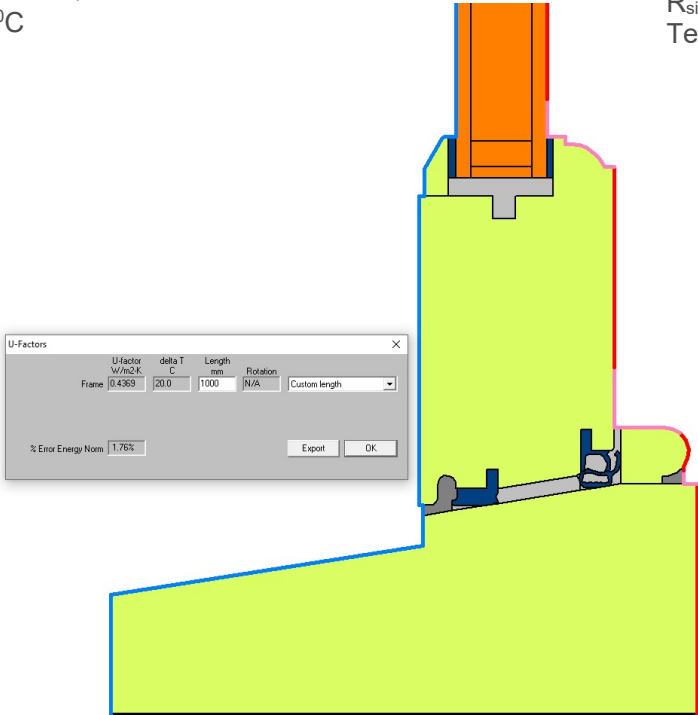
## 2. Sill profile.

Quad Tree Mesh Parameter 9



External Environment  
R<sub>si</sub> Normal = 0.04 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
R<sub>si</sub> Reduced = 0.04 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
Temperature = 0 °C

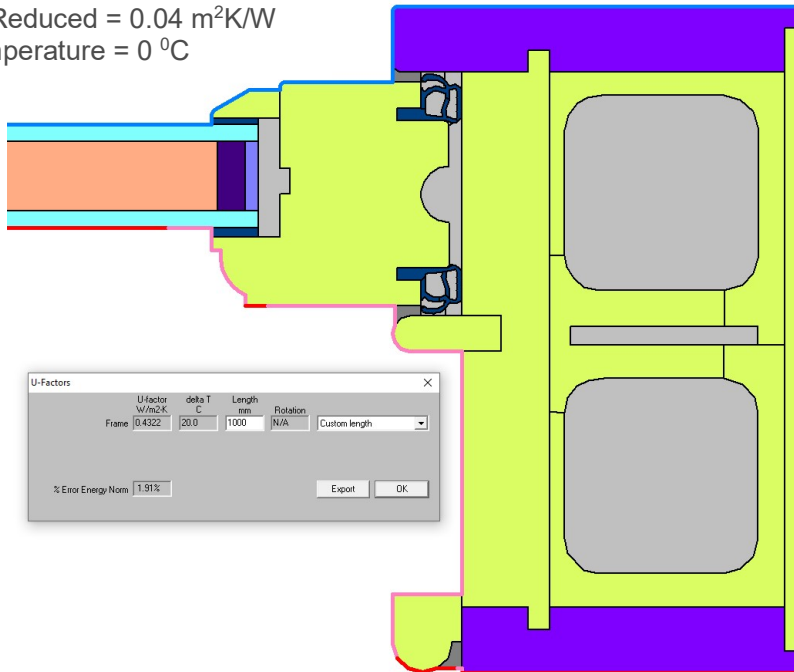
Internal Environment  
R<sub>si</sub> Normal = 0.13 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
R<sub>si</sub> Reduced = 0.20 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
Temperature = 20 °C



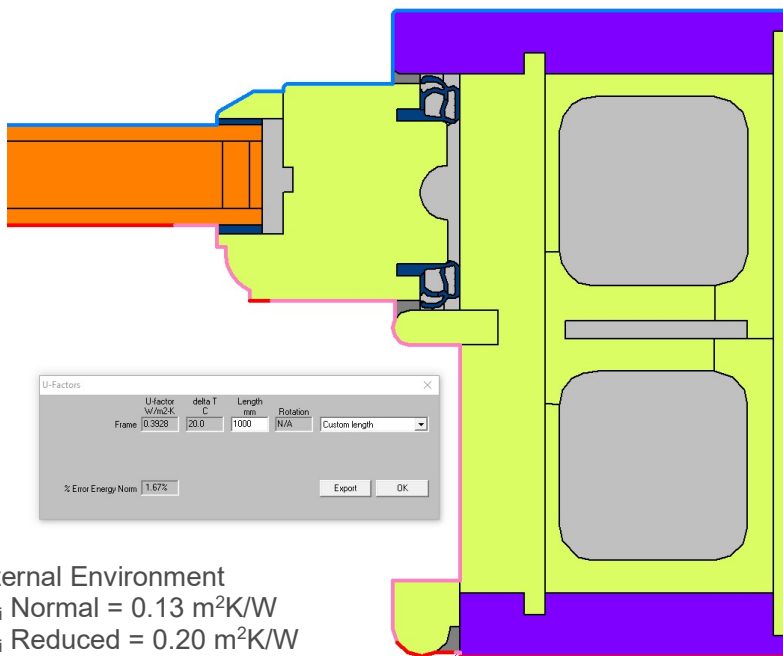
### 3. Upper Jamb profile.

Quad Tree Mesh Parameter 9

External Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal =  $0.04 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
 $R_{si}$  Reduced =  $0.04 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
Temperature =  $0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



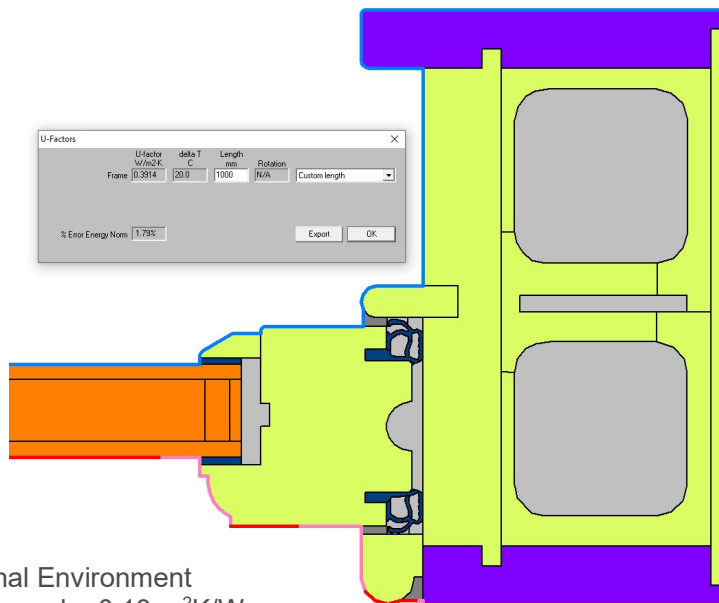
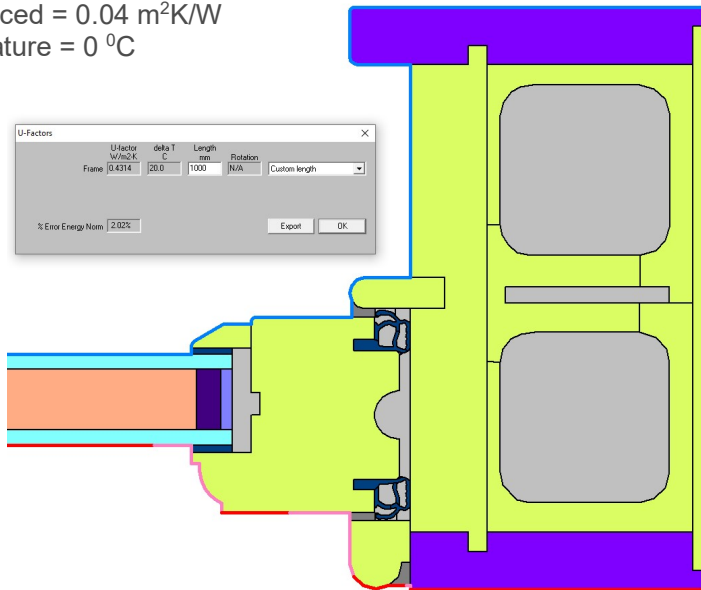
Internal Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal =  $0.13 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
 $R_{si}$  Reduced =  $0.20 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
Temperature =  $20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



## 4. Lower Jamb profile.

### Quad Tree Mesh Parameter 9

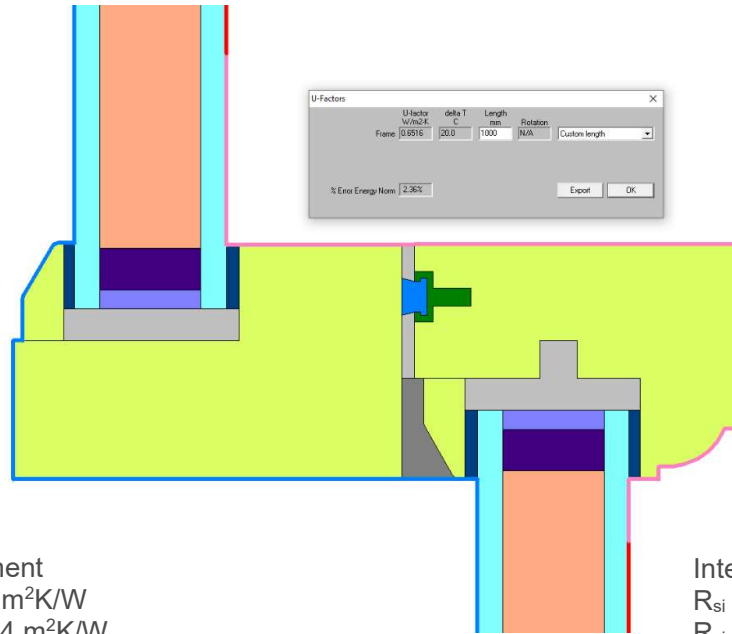
External Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal =  $0.04 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
 $R_{si}$  Reduced =  $0.04 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
Temperature =  $0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$



Internal Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal =  $0.13 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
 $R_{si}$  Reduced =  $0.20 \text{ m}^2\text{K/W}$   
Temperature =  $20 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

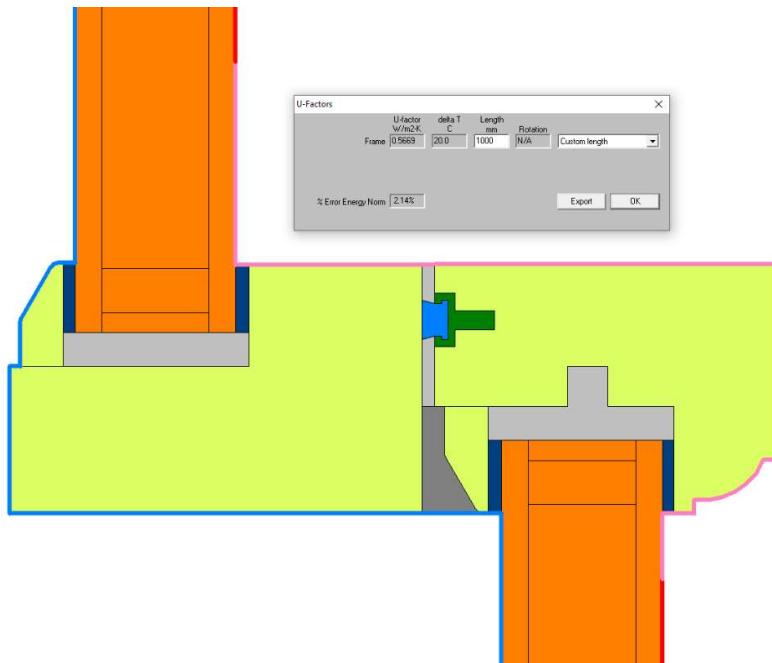
## 5. Meeting rail profile.

Quad Tree Mesh Parameter 9



External Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal = 0.04 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
 $R_{si}$  Reduced = 0.04 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
Temperature = 0 °C

Internal Environment  
 $R_{si}$  Normal = 0.13 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
 $R_{si}$  Reduced = 0.20 m<sup>2</sup>K/W  
Temperature = 20 °C





## Key to Materials

	Material	Thermal Conductivity W/(m.K)	Source
	Accoya	0.12 (declared value)	IFT report 10-000788-PR01
	MDF (max density 800kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.18	BS EN 10456
	EPDM	0.25	Annex D of BS 10077-2
	Soda Lime Glass	1.0	Annex D of BS 10077-2
	Swisspacer Ultimate	0.14	BF Datasheet W19
	Polysulfide / Polyurethane	0.40	Annex D of BS 10077-2
	Mohair	0.14	Annex D of BS 10077-2