



**ALPHA**

STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

## STRUCTURAL REPORT

<b>Project No</b>	24460
<b>Description</b>	NEW OUTBUILDING GARDEN SHED
<b>Client Name</b>	
<b>Address</b>	94 Temple Sheen Road London SW14 7RR
<b>Date</b>	12/2024
<b>Prepared By</b>	KE



ALPHA  
STRUCTURAL ENGINEERS

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# 1. Introduction



- THIS CALCULATION IS BASED UPON DRAWINGS PREPARED BY OTHER. DIMENSIONS USED HAVE BEEN SCALED FROM SUCH DRAWINGS.
- ALL DIMENSIONS TO BE RECONFIRMED ON SITE BY BUILDER AND ANY DISCREPANCIES SHALL BE NOTIFIED TO THE SURVEYOR/ENGINEER.
- THE CONTRACTOR IS ULTIMATELY RESPONSIBLE FOR ENSURING THE STABILITY AND SAFETY OF THE STRUCTURAL OPERATIONS, AND THERE FOR SHALL UNDERTAKE EVERY EFFORT NOT TO CAUSE DISTRESS TO THE STRUCTURAL FABRIC OF THE BUILDING.
- CONTRACTOR TO TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROP AND BRACE DURING CONSTRUCTION. HEALTH & SAFETY CONSULTANT SHOULD BE EMPLOYED.
- CONTRACTOR TO ISSUE METHOD STATEMENT (PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ALL WORK) FOR APPROVAL.
- IT IS THE CLIENT/ BUILDING OWNER RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY AND AGREE ADJOINING OWNER OF BUILDING, LINE OF BOUNDARY, OR OBTAIN PARTY WALL AGREEMENT.
- ANY DOUBLED-UP JOISTS (AROUND SKYLIGHT, STAIRCASE AND UNDER PARTITION, OR DESIGNED AS DOUBLED JOISTS) TO BE BOLTED TOGETHER BY M12 BOLTS EVERY 500MM -50MM ABOVE AND BELOW LONGITUDINAL CENTER
- IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACT TO INFORM THE DISTRICT SURVEYOR OF EACH STAGE OF WORKS AND TO ENSURE INSPECTIONS ARE MADE.
- ANY WORKS THAT COMMENCE BEFORE THE BUILDING REGULATION HAVE BEEN APPROVED IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CLIENT
- ALL TEMPORARY PROPPING AND SHORING OF NEIGHBORING BUILDING TO CONTRACTOR DETAILS AND APPROVAL OF LOCAL AUTHORITY
- IT IS THE CLIENT RESPONSIBILITY TO SEEK AN ENGINEER/ OR SURVEYOR CONSULTATIONS FOR THE POSSIBILITY OF REMOVING ANY STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS BEFORE THE DESIGN IS CARRIED OUT.
- ANY DOUBLED BEAMS (IF EXISTED) TO BE BOLTED TOGETHER WITH TUBE SPACERS OR SUITABLE CONNECTION AT MAX 1.5MC/S. USE M16 BOLTS
- STEEL BEAMS AND COLUMNS TO BE PROTECTED FROM FIRE. MINIMUM 1HOUR FIRE RESISTANCE IS REQUIRED. 2 COATS OF INTUMESCENT PAINT OR DOUBLE LAYER OF PLASTER BOARD TO BE PROVIDED
- DIMENSION OF STRUCTURAL OPENING TO BE CONFIRMED BEFORE ANY ORDERS ARE PLACE FOR WINDOWS/DOORS
- ANY DEVIATION FROM WHAT IS SHOWN ON THIS CALCULATION AND RELEVANT DRAWINGS, CONTRACTOR TO CONSULT THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER.
- THE ENGINEER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY EXISTING CRACK, DAMAGES OR STRESS THAT ARE NOT SHOWN IN THE DRAWINGS.





## 2. Loading



## LOADING TABLE

### DEAD LOADS

SUSPENDED TIMBER JOIST FLOOR	
TIMBER JOISTS	0.20 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
TIMBER BOARDS	0.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
PLASTERBOARD CEILING (2 LAYERS)	0.30 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
SERVICES	0.05 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
INSULATION	0.10 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
	0.80 kN/m <sup>2</sup>

SUSPENDED TIMBER JOIST FLAT ROOF	
TIMBER JOISTS	0.20 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
TIMBER BOARDS	0.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
PLASTERBOARD CEILING (2 LAYERS)	0.30 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
SERVICES	0.05 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
INSULATION	0.10 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
WATERPROOFING	0.50 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
	1.30 kN/m <sup>2</sup>

TIMBER PITCHED ROOF	
TIMBER RAFTERS	0.20 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
TIMBER BOARDS	0.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
PLASTERBOARD CEILING (2 LAYERS)	0.30 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
SERVICES	0.05 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
INSULATION	0.10 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
TILES, BATTENS AND FELT	0.70 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
	1.50 kN/m <sup>2</sup>

BRICK/BLOCK CAVITY MASONRY WALL	
100mm BLOCKWORK (1450kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1.50 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
102mm BRICKWORK (2000kg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2.20 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
PLASTERBOARD & SKIM (13mm ONE SIDE)	0.12 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
INSULATION & SERVICES	0.15 kN/m <sup>2</sup>
	3.97 kN/m <sup>2</sup>



<b>TIMBER STUD WALL (INTERNAL)</b>	
<b>TIMBER STUDS</b>	<b>0.15 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>PLASTERBOARD (2 LAYERS EACH FACE )</b>	<b>0.55 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>SERVICES</b>	<b>0.05 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>INSULATION</b>	<b>0.10 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
	<b>0.85 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>

<b>TIMBER STUD WALL (EXTERNAL)</b>	
<b>TIMBER STUDS</b>	<b>0.20 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TIMBER BOARDS</b>	<b>0.15 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>PLASTERBOARD (2 LAYERS )</b>	<b>0.30 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>SERVICES</b>	<b>0.05 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>INSULATION</b>	<b>0.10 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>TILES, BATTENS AND FELT</b>	<b>0.70 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
	<b>1.50 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>

<b>100mm BRICK MASONRY WALL</b>	
<b>100mm BRICKWORK (2000kg/m)</b>	<b>2.20 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>PLASTERBOARD &amp; SKIM (13mm ONE SIDE)</b>	<b>0.12 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>INSULATION &amp; SERVICES</b>	<b>0.15 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
	<b>2.47 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>

<b>215mm BRICK MASONRY WALL</b>	
<b>215mm BRICKWORK (2000kg/m)</b>	<b>4.30 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>PLASTERBOARD &amp; SKIM (13mm ONE SIDE)</b>	<b>0.12 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>INSULATION &amp; SERVICES</b>	<b>0.15 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
	<b>4.57 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>

#### **LIVE LOADS**

<b>OCCUPANCY - DOMESTIC/RESIDENTIAL</b>	<b>1.50 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>SNOW LOAD ON FLAT ROOF</b>	<b>0.60 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>
<b>SNOW LOAD ON PITCHED ROOF</b>	<b>0.60 kN/m<sup>2</sup></b>



### EuroBeam Project Summary

Site address: 94 Temple Sheen Road London SW14 7RR

Job: New Outbuilding

Client:

Job number: 24460

#### ITEMS:

- 1: Beam: Flat Roof Joists  
Span: 3.5 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 1.29/1.81 kN; R2: 1.29/1.81 kN  
Use 50 x 175 C24

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- 2: Beam: RB1 - Steel Beam  
Span: 5.2 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 16.02/22.46 kN; R2: 16.02/22.46 kN  
Use 152 x 152 x 37 UKC S355

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- 3: Beam: RB2 - Steel Beam  
Span: 4.8 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 11.61/16.26 kN; R2: 5.61/7.83 kN  
Use 203 x 133 x 25 UKB S355  
Bearing R1: 250 x 100 mm padstone  
Bearing R2: 134 x 100 mm padstone

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- 4: Beam: FLOOR JOISTS  
Span: 1.7 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 1.62/2.26 kN; R2: 1.62/2.26 kN  
Use 50 x 150 C24

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- 5: Beam: B1 - Steel Beam  
Span: 2.9 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 20.05/27.58 kN; R2: 20.05/27.58 kN  
Use 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355  
Bearing R1: 400 x 100 mm padstone  
Bearing R2: as R1

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- 6: Beam: B2 - Steel Beam  
Span: 2.6 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 17.98/24.73 kN; R2: 17.98/24.73 kN  
Use 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355  
Bearing R1: 400 x 100 mm padstone  
Bearing R2: as R1

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- 7: Beam: B3 - Steel Beam  
Span: 2.6 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 6.05/8.66 kN; R2: 6.05/8.66 kN  
Use 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355  
Bearing R1: 400 x 100 mm padstone  
Bearing R2: as R1

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- 8: Beam: B4 - Steel Beam  
Span: 1.8 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 12.07/16.50 kN; R2: 12.07/16.50 kN  
Use 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355  
Bearing R1: 400 x 100 mm padstone  
Bearing R2: as R1

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- 9: Beam: B5 - Steel Beam  
Span: 1.8 m.  
Reactions (unfactored/factored): R1: 0.98/1.41 kN; R2: 0.98/1.41 kN  
Use 127 x 76 x 13 UKB S355  
Bearing R1: 400 x 100 mm padstone  
Bearing R2: as R1



### Beam: Flat Roof Joists

Span: 3.5 m.

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.
O G	o.w.	0.1	0		L	0.17	0.17	0.20
U G	Roof Dead	1.0*0.4	0		L	0.70	0.70	0.78
U QA	Roof Live	0.6*0.4	0		L	0.42	0.42	0.47
Total load (unfactored):						<b>2.59 kN</b>	<b>1.29</b>	<b>1.45</b>
Dead/Permanent (unfactored):						1.75 kN	0.88	0.98
Live/Variable (unfactored):						0.84 kN	0.42	0.47
Factored (6.10):						3.62 kN	1.81	1.81

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; U:UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

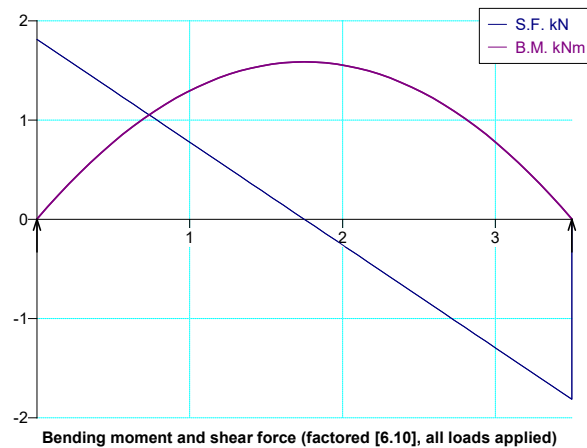
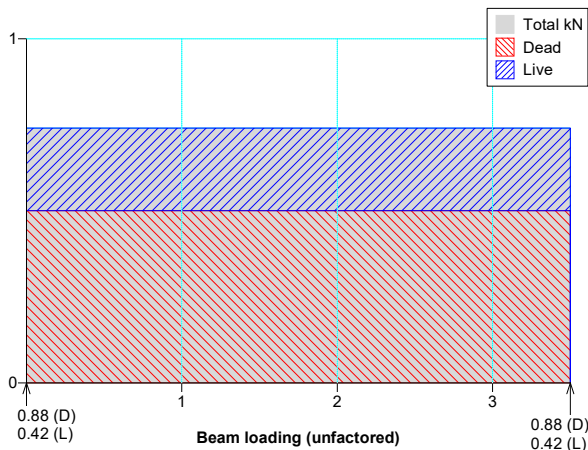
Maximum B.M. = 1.58 kNm (6.10) at 1.75 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 1.81 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $0.98 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $0.47 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $1.45 \times 10^8/EI$



Timber beam calculation to BS EN1995-1-1 using C24 timber

**Use 50 x 175 C24** 3.7 kg/m approx

$W_{el,y} = 255.2 \text{ cm}^3$   $I_y = 2,233 \text{ cm}^4$

Timber grade: C24

Grade bending strength,  $f_{m,k} = 24.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$  [BS EN 338: 2009 Table 1]

Grade shear strength,  $f_{v,k} = 4.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$  [BS EN 338: 2009 Table 1]

$E_{0,05} = 7,400 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $E_{0,mean} = 11,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$  [BS EN 338: 2009 Table 1]

Material partial factor,  $\gamma_M = 1.3$  [EC5 UK Table NA.3]

Loading modification factor,  $k_{mod} = 0.6$  (Service class 1; Live load duration: Permanent) [EC5 Tables 2.2/3.1]

Load sharing factor,  $k_{sys} = 1.1$  [EC5 6.6(2)]

Deflection modification factor,  $k_{def} = 0.60$  (Service class 1, solid timber/glulam/LVL) [EC5 Table 3.2]

### Bending

Height factor,  $k_h = 1.0$  [EC5 3.2(3)]

Design bending strength,  $f_{m,y,d} = f_{m,k} \cdot k_{mod} \cdot k_h \cdot k_{sys} / \gamma_M = 24.0 \times 0.60 \times 1.00 \times 1.1 / 1.30 = 12.18 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Design bending stress,  $\sigma_{m,y,d} = 1.58 \times 1000 / 255 = 6.21 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

Bending resistance =  $12.18 \times 255 / 1000 = 3.11 \text{ kNm}$

### Shear

Effective width for shear,  $b_{ef} = k_{cr} \cdot b = 0.67 \times 50 = 33.5 \text{ mm}$ . [A1:2008 (6.13a)]

Design shear strength,  $f_{v,d} = f_{v,k} \cdot k_{mod} \cdot k_{sys} / \gamma_M = 4.00 \times 0.60 \times 1.1 / 1.30 = 2.03 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Design shear stress,  $\sigma_{v,y,d} = 1.81 \times 1000 \times (3/2) / (33.5 \times 175) = 0.46 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

Shear resistance =  $2.03 \times 33.5 \times 175 \times (2/3) / 1000 = 7.94 \text{ kN}$





### Deflection

Final deflection limit =  $0.003L = 10.50$  mm

Final deflection,  $u_{fin} = \sum u_{inst}(1 + \psi_2 \cdot k_{def})$  [EC2 Eq.2.29/2.30]

Instantaneous mid-span shear deflection,  $u_{inst,v} = 1.2M_{unt}/(G_{mean}A)$  where ( $G = E/16$ )

$$u_{inst,v} = 1.2 \times 1.13 \times 10^6 / ((11,000/16) \times 50 \times 175) = 0.23 \text{ mm}$$

*Final shear deflection is assumed to increase in proportion to total bending deflection*

Mid-span deflections:	$\times 1e^8/EI$	Inst. mm	$k_{def}$	$\psi_2$	Final mm	
G:	0.98	3.98	0.60	1.00	6.36	
QA:	0.47	1.91	0.60	0.30	2.25	
Shear deflection:		<u>0.23</u>			<u>0.33</u>	
Total mm.		<u>6.11</u>			<u>8.95</u>	OK



**Beam: RB1 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 5.2 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.4	0		L	1.04	1.04	3.8	
U G	Roof Dead	1.0*7.2*0.5	0		L	9.36	9.36	34.3	
U QA	Roof Live	0.6*7.2*0.5	0		L	5.62	5.62	20.6	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>32.03 kN</b>	<b>16.02</b>	<b>16.02</b>	<b>58.6</b>
Dead/Permanent (unfactored):						20.80 kN	10.40	10.40	38.1
Live/Variable (unfactored):						11.23 kN	5.62	5.62	20.6
Factored (6.10):						44.93 kN	22.46	22.46	

Load types: O: Beam o.w.; U: UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

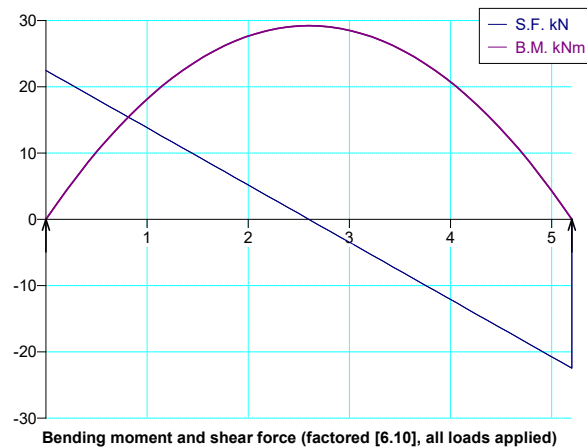
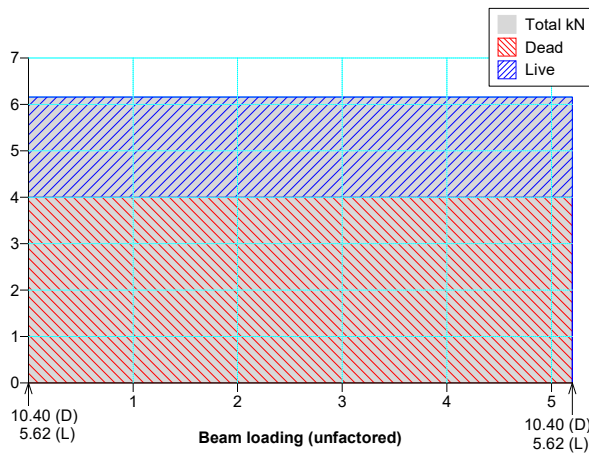
Maximum B.M. = 29.20 kNm (6.10) at 2.60 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 22.5 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $38.1 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $20.6 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $58.6 \times 10^8/EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 152 x 152 x 37 UKC S355**

D=161.8 mm B=154.4 mm t=8.0 mm T=11.5 mm  $I_y=2,210 \text{ cm}^4$   $i_z=3.87 \text{ cm}$   $W_{pl,y}=309 \text{ cm}^3$   $W_{el,y}=273 \text{ cm}^3$

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 65.6/11.5 = 5.70 \leq 9\epsilon$  (7.32): Class 1, plastic

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 123.6/8.0 = 15.4 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 22.46 \text{ kN}$

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w + 2r)t_f = 47.1 \times 100 - 2 \times 154 \times 11.5 + (8.00 + 2 \times 7.60) \times 11.5 = 1,426 \text{ mm}^2$  [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y/\sqrt{3})/\gamma_{M0} = 1,426 \times (355/\sqrt{3})/(1.0 \times 1000) = 292 \text{ kN}$  ( $\geq 22.46$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 138.8/8.0 = 17.35 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 29.2 \text{ kNm}$

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} = 355 \times 309/1000 = 110 \text{ kNm}$  OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT}/f$  (but  $\leq 1/\bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]

$f = 1 - 0.5(1-k_c)[1 - 2(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - 0.8)^2]$  6.3.2.3(2)  $k_c = 1/\alpha C_1$  [NA2.18]

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]

$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\Phi_{LT} + \sqrt{\Phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2}]$  [EC3 (6.57)]



$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta\bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as 1.0, conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 309.0 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.040 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 19.2 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 706 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT, mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$	
0.00-5.20	5.20	29.2	1.00d	1.00	100.2	1.759	1.046	1.020	0.671	0.671	109.7	73.6	OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $20.6 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 2,210) = 4.4 \text{ mm}$  (L/1174) OK

TL deflection =  $58.6 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 2,210) = 12.6 \text{ mm}$  (L/412)



**Beam: RB2 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 4.8 m.**

Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.
O G o.w.	0.25	0		L	0.60	0.60	1.7
P G Bm: B1 - Steel Beam : R1	10.40	1.5			7.15	3.25	19.5
P QA Bm: B1 - Steel Beam : R1	5.62	1.5			3.86	1.76	10.6
Total load (unfactored): <b>17.22 kN</b>					<b>11.61</b>	<b>5.61</b>	<b>31.8</b>
Dead/Permanent (unfactored):					11.60 kN	7.75	3.85
Live/Variable (unfactored):					5.62 kN	3.86	1.76
Factored (6.10):					24.09 kN	16.26	7.83

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; P:Point load; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed:

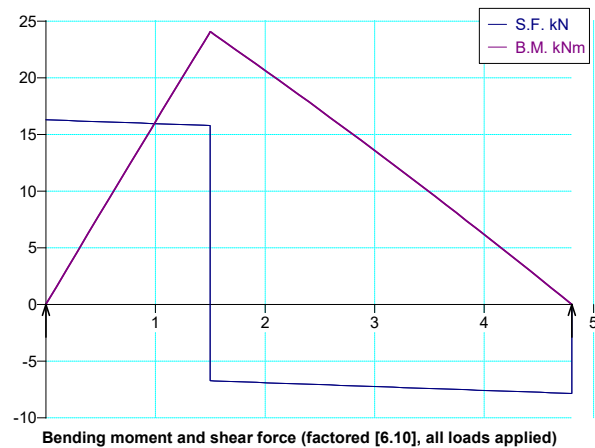
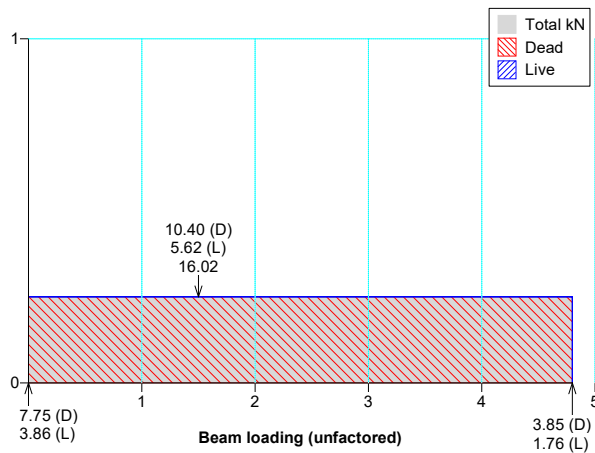
Maximum B.M. = 24.01 kNm (6.10) at 1.50 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 16.26 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $21.3 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $10.6 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $31.8 \times 10^8/EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 203 x 133 x 25 UKB S355**

D=203.2 mm B=133.2 mm t=5.7 mm T=7.8 mm  $I_y=2,340 \text{ cm}^4$   $i_z=3.10 \text{ cm}$   $W_{pl,y}=258 \text{ cm}^3$   $W_{el,y}=230 \text{ cm}^3$

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 56.1/7.8 = 7.20 \leq 9\epsilon$  (7.32): Class 1, plastic

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 172.4/5.7 = 30.2 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 16.26 \text{ kN}$

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w + 2r)t_f = 32.0 \times 100 - 2 \times 133 \times 7.80 + (5.70 + 2 \times 7.60) \times 7.80 = 1,285 \text{ mm}^2$  [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y / \sqrt{3}) / \gamma_{M0} = 1,285 \times (355 / \sqrt{3}) / (1.0 \times 1000) = 263 \text{ kN}$  ( $\geq 16.26$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 187.6/5.7 = 32.91 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 24.01 \text{ kNm}$

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / 1000 = 355 \times 258 / 1000 = 91.6 \text{ kNm}$  OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT} / f$  (but  $\leq 1/\bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]

$f = 1 - 0.5(1 - k_c)[1 - 2(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - 0.8)^2]$  6.3.2.3(2)  $k_c = 1/\sqrt{C_1}$  [NA2.18]

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]

$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\Phi_{LT} + \sqrt{(\Phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2)}]$  [EC3 (6.57)]



$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta\bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as 1.0, conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 258.0 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.029 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 5.96 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 308 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT, mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$	
0.00-4.80	4.80	23.6	1.00d	1.00	45.4	2.026	1.420	1.429	0.463	0.463	91.6	42.4	OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $10.6 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 2,340) = 2.1 \text{ mm}$  (L/2234) OK

TL deflection =  $31.8 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 2,340) = 6.5 \text{ mm}$  (L/741)

### Bearings

203 x 133 x 25 UB stiff bearing length,  $b_1 = t + 1.6r + 2T = 33.5 \text{ mm}$

Design masonry strength =  $0.700 \text{ N/mm}^2$  (User-entered value)

#### R1 (16.26 kN) : 250 x 100 mm padstone

Stress under padstone =  $16.26 \times 1000 / 250 \times 100 = 0.65 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (108mm): reinforcement required - not checked*

#### R2 (7.83 kN) : 134 x 100 mm padstone

Stress under padstone =  $7.83 \times 1000 / 134 \times 100 = 0.58 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (50mm): reinforcement required - not checked*



**Beam: FLOOR JOISTS**

**Span: 1.7 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.1	0		L	0.09	0.09	0.01	
U G	FLOOR DEAD	0.4*0.5	0		L	0.17	0.17	0.02	
U G	PARTITION	1	0		L	0.85	0.85	0.11	
U QA	FLOOR LIVE	0.4*1.5	0		L	0.51	0.51	0.07	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>3.23 kN</b>	<b>1.62</b>	<b>1.62</b>	<b>0.21</b>
Dead/Permanent (unfactored):						2.21 kN	1.11	1.11	0.14
Live/Variable (unfactored):						1.02 kN	0.51	0.51	0.07
Factored (6.10):						4.51 kN	2.26	2.26	

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; U:UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed: QA: Residential

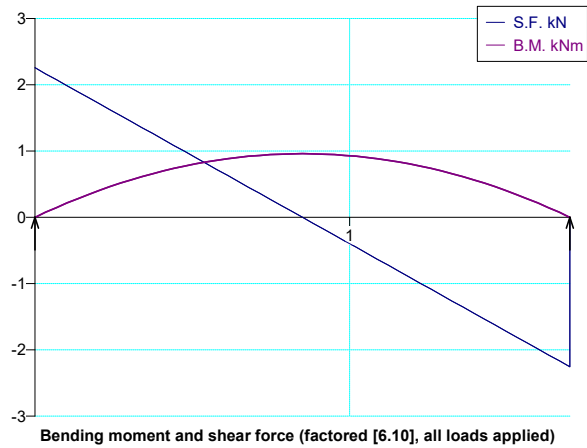
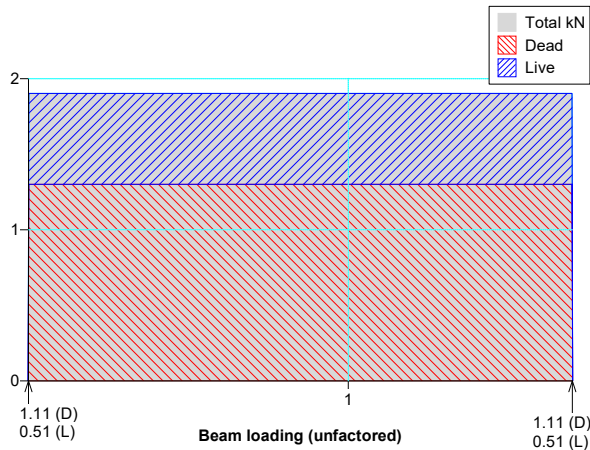
Maximum B.M. = 0.959 kNm (6.10) at 0.85 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 2.26 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $0.14 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $0.07 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $0.21 \times 10^8/EI$



Timber beam calculation to BS EN1995-1-1 using C24 timber

**Use 50 x 150 C24** 3.2 kg/m approx

$W_{el,y} = 187.5 \text{ cm}^3$   $I_y = 1,406 \text{ cm}^4$

Timber grade: C24

Grade bending strength,  $f_{m,k} = 24.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$  [BS EN 338: 2009 Table 1]

Grade shear strength,  $f_{v,k} = 4.0 \text{ N/mm}^2$  [BS EN 338: 2009 Table 1]

$E_{0,05} = 7,400 \text{ N/mm}^2$ ;  $E_{0,mean} = 11,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$  [BS EN 338: 2009 Table 1]

Material partial factor,  $\gamma_M = 1.3$  [EC5 UK Table NA.3]

Loading modification factor,  $k_{mod} = 0.6$  (Service class 1; Live load duration: Permanent) [EC5 Tables 2.2/3.1]

Load sharing factor,  $k_{sys} = 1.1$  [EC5 6.6(2)]

Deflection modification factor,  $k_{def} = 0.60$  (Service class 1, solid timber/glulam/LVL) [EC5 Table 3.2]

### Bending

Height factor,  $k_h = 1.0$  [EC5 3.2(3)]

Design bending strength,  $f_{m,y,d} = f_{m,k} \cdot k_{mod} \cdot k_h \cdot k_{sys} / \gamma_M = 24.0 \times 0.60 \times 1.00 \times 1.1 / 1.30 = 12.18 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Design bending stress,  $\sigma_{m,y,d} = 0.96 \times 1000 / 188 = 5.12 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

Bending resistance =  $12.18 \times 188 / 1000 = 2.28 \text{ kNm}$

### Shear

Effective width for shear,  $b_{ef} = k_{cr} \cdot b = 0.67 \times 50 = 33.5 \text{ mm}$ . [A1:2008 (6.13a)]

Design shear strength,  $f_{v,d} = f_{v,k} \cdot k_{mod} \cdot k_{sys} / \gamma_M = 4.00 \times 0.60 \times 1.1 / 1.30 = 2.03 \text{ N/mm}^2$

Design shear stress,  $\sigma_{v,y,d} = 2.26 \times 1000 \times (3/2) / (33.5 \times 150) = 0.67 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

Shear resistance =  $2.03 \times 33.5 \times 150 \times (2/3) / 1000 = 6.80 \text{ kN}$



### Deflection

Final deflection limit =  $L/250 = 6.80$  mm

Final deflection,  $u_{fin} = \sum u_{inst}(1 + \psi_2 \cdot k_{def})$  [EC2 Eq.2.29/2.30]

Instantaneous mid-span shear deflection,  $u_{inst,v} = 1.2M_{unt}/(G_{mean}A)$  where ( $G = E/16$ )

$$u_{inst,v} = 1.2 \times 0.69 \times 10^6 / ((11,000/16) \times 50 \times 150) = 0.16 \text{ mm}$$

*Final shear deflection is assumed to increase in proportion to total bending deflection*

Mid-span deflections:	$\times 10^8/EI$	Inst. mm	$k_{def}$	$\psi_2$	Final mm	
G:	0.14	0.91	0.60	1.00	1.46	
QA:	0.07	0.42	0.60	0.30	0.50	
Shear deflection:		<u>0.16</u>			<u>0.23</u>	
Total mm.		<u>1.50</u>			<u>2.19</u>	OK



**Beam: B1 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 2.9 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.25	0		L	0.36	0.36	0.23	
U G	ROOF DEAD	1.8*1	0		L	2.61	2.61	1.66	
U QA	ROOF LIVE	1.8*0.6	0		L	1.57	1.57	0.99	
U G	WALL	3.6*2.5	0		L	13.05	13.05	8.29	
U G	FLOOR DEAD	0.85*0.5	0		L	0.62	0.62	0.39	
U QA	FLOOR LIVE	0.85*1.5	0		L	1.85	1.85	1.17	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>40.1 kN</b>	<b>20.05</b>	<b>20.05</b>	<b>12.74</b>
					Dead/Permanent (unfactored):	33.3 kN	16.64	16.64	10.57
					Live/Variable (unfactored):	6.8 kN	3.41	3.41	2.17
					Factored (6.10):	55.2 kN	27.58	27.58	

Load types: O: Beam o.w.; U: UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

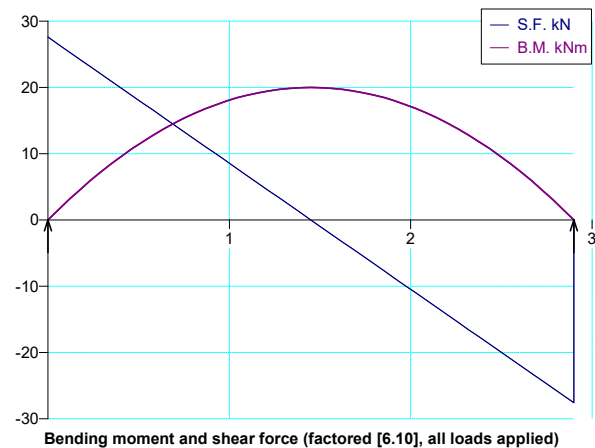
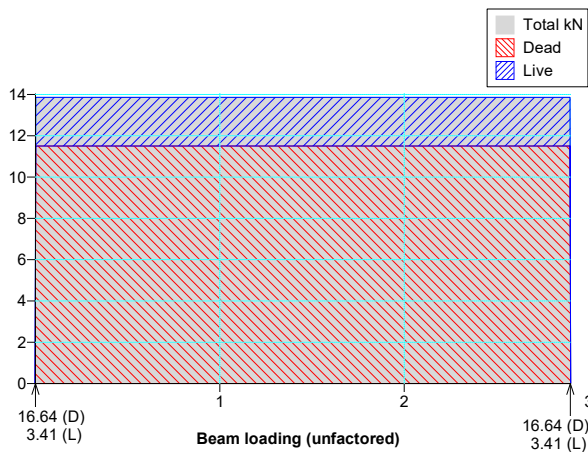
Maximum B.M. = 20.00 kNm (6.10) at 1.45 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 27.58 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $10.57 \times 10^8 / EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $2.17 \times 10^8 / EI$

Total:  $12.74 \times 10^8 / EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355**

D=152.4 mm B=152.2 mm t=5.8 mm T=6.8 mm  $I_y=1,250 \text{ cm}^4$   $i_z=3.70 \text{ cm}$   $W_{pl,y}=182 \text{ cm}^3$   $W_{el,y}=164 \text{ cm}^3$

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 65.6/6.8 = 9.65 \leq 14\epsilon$  (11.39): Class 3, semi-compact

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 123.6/5.8 = 21.3 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 27.6 \text{ kN}$

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w + 2r)t_f = 29.2 \times 100 - 2 \times 152 \times 6.80 + (5.80 + 2 \times 7.60) \times 6.80 = 993 \text{ mm}^2$  [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y / \sqrt{3}) / \gamma_{MO} = 993 \times (355 / \sqrt{3}) / (1.0 \times 1000) = 204 \text{ kN}$  ( $>=27.6$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 138.8/5.8 = 23.93 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 20.00 \text{ kNm}$

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{el,y} / 1000 = 355 \times 164 / 1000 = 58.2 \text{ kNm}$  OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT} / \beta$  (but  $\leq 1/\lambda_{LT}^2$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]





$$f = 1 - 0.5(1 - k_c)[1 - 2(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - 0.8)^2] \quad 6.3.2.3(2) \quad k_c = 1/\sqrt{C_1} \quad [\text{NA2.18}]$$

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]

$$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\phi_{LT} + \sqrt{(\phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2)}] \quad [\text{EC3 (6.57)}]$$

$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as } 1.0, \text{ conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 164.0 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.021 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 4.63 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 400 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT, mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$
0.00-2.90	2.90	20.0	1.00d	1.00	93.7	1.026	0.788	0.799	0.824	0.824	58.2	48.0 OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $2.17 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 0.8 \text{ mm}$  (L/3508) OK

TL deflection =  $12.74 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 4.9 \text{ mm}$  (L/598)

### Bearings

152 x 152 x 23 UC stiff bearing length,  $b_1 = t + 1.6r + 2T = 31.6 \text{ mm}$

Design masonry strength =  $0.700 \text{ N/mm}^2$  (User-entered value)

**R1 (27.6 kN) : 400 x 100 mm padstone**

Stress under padstone =  $27.6 \times 1000 / (400 \times 100) = 0.69 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (184mm): reinforcement required - not checked*

**R2 as R1**



**Beam: B2 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 2.6 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.25	0		L	0.32	0.32	0.15	
U G	ROOF DEAD	1.8*1	0		L	2.34	2.34	1.07	
U QA	ROOF LIVE	1.8*0.6	0		L	1.40	1.40	0.64	
U G	WALL	3.6*2.5	0		L	11.70	11.70	5.36	
U G	FLOOR DEAD	0.85*0.5	0		L	0.55	0.55	0.25	
U QA	FLOOR LIVE	0.85*1.5	0		L	1.66	1.66	0.76	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>35.96 kN</b>	<b>17.98</b>	<b>17.98</b>	<b>8.23</b>
Dead/Permanent (unfactored):						29.83 kN	14.92	14.92	6.83
Live/Variable (unfactored):						6.12 kN	3.06	3.06	1.40
Factored (6.10):						49.46 kN	24.73	24.73	

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; U:UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

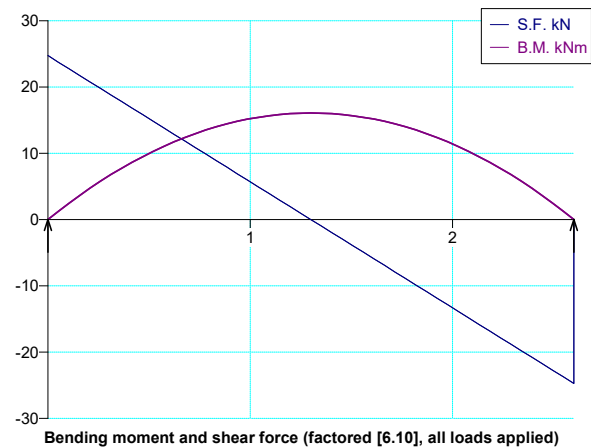
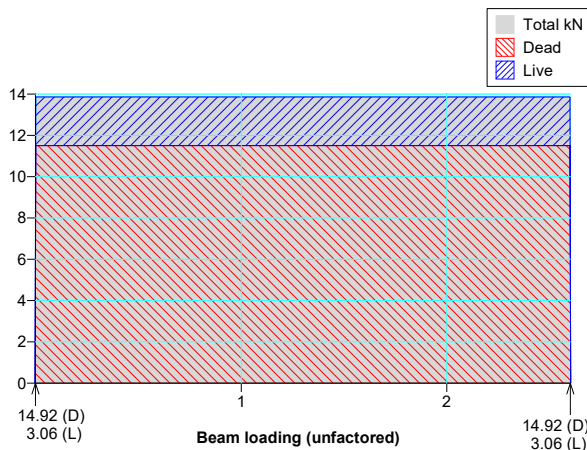
Maximum B.M. = 16.08 kNm (6.10) at 1.30 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 24.73 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $6.83 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $1.40 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $8.23 \times 10^8/EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355**

D=152.4 mm B=152.2 mm t=5.8 mm T=6.8 mm  $I_y=1,250 \text{ cm}^4$   $i_z=3.70 \text{ cm}$   $W_{pl,y}=182 \text{ cm}^3$   $W_{el,y}=164 \text{ cm}^3$

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 65.6/6.8 = 9.65 \leq 14\epsilon$  (11.39): Class 3, semi-compact

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 123.6/5.8 = 21.3 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 24.73 \text{ kN}$

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w+2r)t_f = 29.2 \times 100 - 2 \times 152 \times 6.80 + (5.80+2 \times 7.60) \times 6.80 = 993 \text{ mm}^2$  [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y/\sqrt{3})/\gamma_{M0} = 993 \times (355/\sqrt{3})/(1.0 \times 1000) = 204 \text{ kN}$  ( $\geq 24.73$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 138.8/5.8 = 23.93 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 16.08 \text{ kNm}$

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{el,y} = 355 \times 164/1000 = 58.2 \text{ kNm}$  OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT}/\eta$  (but  $\leq 1/\lambda_{LT}^2$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]



$$f = 1 - 0.5(1 - k_c)[1 - 2(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - 0.8)^2] \quad 6.3.2.3(2) \quad k_c = 1/\sqrt{C_1} \quad [\text{NA2.18}]$$

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]

$$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\phi_{LT} + \sqrt{(\phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2)}] \quad [\text{EC3 (6.57)}]$$

$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as } 1.0, \text{ conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 164.0 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.021 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 4.63 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 400 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT, mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$
0.00-2.60	2.60	16.1	1.00d	1.00	111.7	0.920	0.722	0.750	0.859	0.859	58.2	50.0 OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $1.40 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 0.5 \text{ mm}$  (L/4875) OK

TL deflection =  $8.23 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 3.1 \text{ mm}$  (L/829)

### Bearings

152 x 152 x 23 UC stiff bearing length,  $b_1 = t + 1.6r + 2T = 31.6 \text{ mm}$

Design masonry strength =  $0.700 \text{ N/mm}^2$  (User-entered value)

**R1 (24.73 kN) : 400 x 100 mm padstone**

Stress under padstone =  $24.73 \times 1000 / (400 \times 100) = 0.62 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (184mm): reinforcement required - not checked*

**R2 as R1**



**Beam: B3 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 2.6 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.25	0		L	0.32	0.32	0.15	
U G	PARTITION	1	0		L	1.30	1.30	0.60	
U G	FLOOR DEAD	1.7*0.5	0		L	1.11	1.11	0.51	
U QA	FLOOR LIVE	1.7*1.5	0		L	3.31	3.31	1.52	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>12.09 kN</b>	<b>6.05</b>	<b>6.05</b>	<b>2.77</b>
					Dead/Permanent (unfactored):	5.46 kN	2.73	2.73	1.25
					Live/Variable (unfactored):	6.63 kN	3.31	3.31	1.52
					Factored (6.10):	17.32 kN	8.66	8.66	

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; U:UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

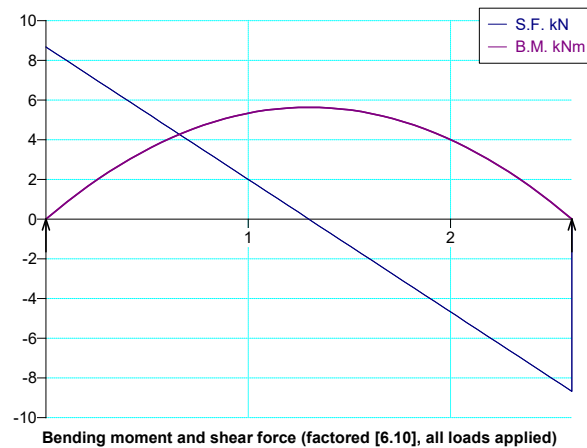
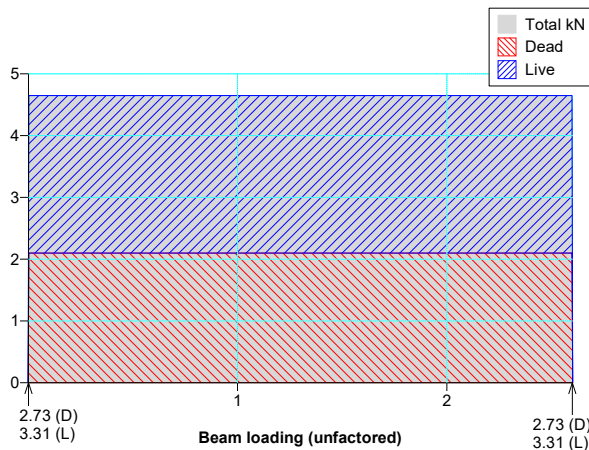
Maximum B.M. = 5.63 kNm (6.10) at 1.30 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 8.66 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $1.25 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $1.52 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $2.77 \times 10^8/EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355**

D=152.4 mm B=152.2 mm t=5.8 mm T=6.8 mm  $I_y=1,250 \text{ cm}^4$   $i_z=3.70 \text{ cm}$   $W_{pl,y}=182 \text{ cm}^3$   $W_{el,y}=164 \text{ cm}^3$

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 65.6/6.8 = 9.65 \leq 14\epsilon$  (11.39): Class 3, semi-compact

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 123.6/5.8 = 21.3 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 8.66 \text{ kN}$

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w + 2r)t_f = 29.2 \times 100 - 2 \times 152 \times 6.80 + (5.80 + 2 \times 7.60) \times 6.80 = 993 \text{ mm}^2$  [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y/\sqrt{3})/\gamma_{M0} = 993 \times (355/\sqrt{3})/(1.0 \times 1000) = 204 \text{ kN}$  ( $\geq 8.66$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 138.8/5.8 = 23.93 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 5.63 \text{ kNm}$

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{el,y} = 355 \times 164/1000 = 58.2 \text{ kNm}$  OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT}/f$  (but  $\leq 1/\sqrt{\lambda_{LT}^2}$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]

$f = 1 - 0.5(1-k_c)[1 - 2(\sqrt{\lambda_{LT}} - 0.8)^2]$  6.3.2.3(2)  $k_c = 1/\sqrt{C_1}$  [NA2.18]

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]



$$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\phi_{LT} + \sqrt{(\phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2)}] \quad [\text{EC3 (6.57)}]$$

$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as 1.0, conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 164.0 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.021 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 4.63 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 400 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT,mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$	
0.00-2.60	2.60	5.6	1.00d	1.00	111.7	0.920	0.722	0.750	0.859	0.859	58.2	50.0	OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $1.52 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 0.6 \text{ mm}$  (L/4490) OK

TL deflection =  $2.77 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 1.1 \text{ mm}$  (L/2464)

### Bearings

152 x 152 x 23 UC stiff bearing length,  $b_1 = t + 1.6r + 2T = 31.6 \text{ mm}$

Design masonry strength =  $0.700 \text{ N/mm}^2$  (User-entered value)

**R1 (8.66 kN) : 400 x 100 mm padstone**

Stress under padstone =  $8.66 \times 1000 / (400 \times 100) = 0.22 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (184mm): reinforcement required - not checked*

**R2 as R1**



**Beam: B4 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 1.8 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.25	0		L	0.22	0.22	0.03	
U G	ROOF DEAD	2.6*1	0		L	2.34	2.34	0.36	
U QA	ROOF LIVE	2.6*0.6	0		L	1.40	1.40	0.21	
U G	WALL	3.6*2.5	0		L	8.10	8.10	1.23	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>24.14 kN</b>	<b>12.07</b>	<b>12.07</b>	<b>1.83</b>
Dead/Permanent (unfactored):						21.33 kN	10.66	10.66	1.62
Live/Variable (unfactored):						2.81 kN	1.40	1.40	0.21
Factored (6.10):						33.01 kN	16.50	16.50	

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; U:UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

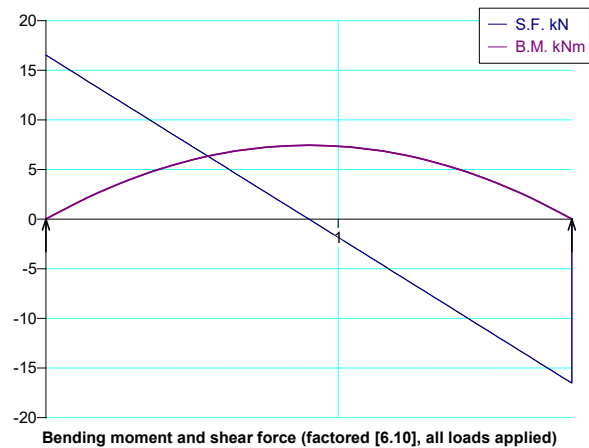
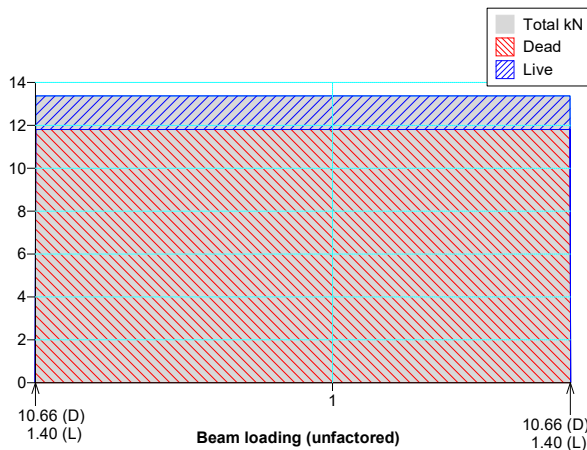
Maximum B.M. = 7.43 kNm (6.10) at 0.90 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 16.50 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $1.62 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $0.21 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $1.83 \times 10^8/EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 152 x 152 x 23 UKC S355**

D=152.4 mm B=152.2 mm t=5.8 mm T=6.8 mm  $I_y=1,250 \text{ cm}^4$   $i_z=3.70 \text{ cm}$   $W_{pl,y}=182 \text{ cm}^3$   $W_{el,y}=164 \text{ cm}^3$

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 65.6/6.8 = 9.65 \leq 14\epsilon$  (11.39): Class 3, semi-compact

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 123.6/5.8 = 21.3 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 16.50 \text{ kN}$

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w + 2r)t_f = 29.2 \times 100 - 2 \times 152 \times 6.80 + (5.80 + 2 \times 7.60) \times 6.80 = 993 \text{ mm}^2$  [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y/\sqrt{3})/\gamma_{M0} = 993 \times (355/\sqrt{3})/(1.0 \times 1000) = 204 \text{ kN}$  ( $>=16.50$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 138.8/5.8 = 23.93 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 7.43 \text{ kNm}$

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{el,y} = 355 \times 164/1000 = 58.2 \text{ kNm}$  OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT}/\eta$  (but  $\leq 1/\sqrt{\lambda_{LT}^2}$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]

$f = 1 - 0.5(1-k_c)[1 - 2(\sqrt{\lambda_{LT}} - 0.8)^2]$  6.3.2.3(2)  $k_c = 1/\sqrt{C_1}$  [NA2.18]

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]



$$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\phi_{LT} + \sqrt{(\phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2)}] \quad [\text{EC3 (6.57)}]$$

$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as 1.0, conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 164.0 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.021 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 4.63 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 400 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT,mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$	
0.00-1.80	1.80	7.4	1.00d	1.00	209.6	0.637	0.527	0.626	0.949	0.949	58.2	55.2	OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $0.21 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 0.1 \text{ mm}$  OK

TL deflection =  $1.83 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 1,250) = 0.7 \text{ mm}$  (L/2578)

### Bearings

152 x 152 x 23 UC stiff bearing length,  $b_1 = t + 1.6r + 2T = 31.6 \text{ mm}$

Design masonry strength =  $0.700 \text{ N/mm}^2$  (User-entered value)

#### R1 (16.50 kN) : 400 x 100 mm padstone

Stress under padstone =  $16.50 \times 1000 / (400 \times 100) = 0.41 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (184mm): reinforcement required - not checked*

R2 as R1



**Beam: B5 - Steel Beam**

**Span: 1.8 m.**

	Load name	Loading w1	Start x1	Loading w2	End x2	R1comp	R2comp	Defl.	
O G	o.w.	0.25	0		L	0.22	0.22	0.03	
U G	FLOOR DEAD	0.4*0.6	0		L	0.22	0.22	0.03	
U QA	FLOOR LIVE	1.5*0.4	0		L	0.54	0.54	0.08	
Total load (unfactored):						<b>1.96 kN</b>	<b>0.98</b>	<b>0.98</b>	<b>0.15</b>
					Dead/Permanent (unfactored):	0.88 kN	0.44	0.44	0.07
					Live/Variable (unfactored):	1.08 kN	0.54	0.54	0.08
					Factored (6.10):	2.81 kN	1.41	1.41	

Load types: O:Beam o.w.; U:UDL; Load positions: m. from R1

Load durations: G: Dead; Qx: Imposed; QA: Residential

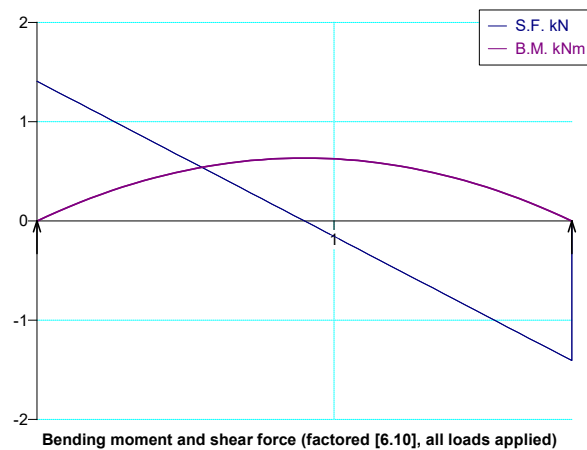
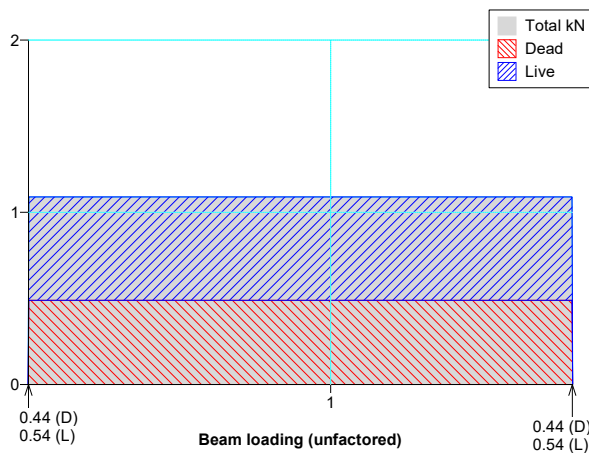
Maximum B.M. = 0.632 kNm (6.10) at 0.90 m. from R1

Maximum S.F. = 1.41 kN (6.10) at R1

Mid-span deflections: Dead:  $0.07 \times 10^8/EI$  ( $E$  in  $N/mm^2$ ,  $I$  in  $cm^4$ )

Live:  $0.08 \times 10^8/EI$

Total:  $0.15 \times 10^8/EI$



Beam calculation to BS EN1993.1.1 using S355 steel

**SECTION SIZE : 127 x 76 x 13 UKB S355**

$D=127.0$  mm  $B=76.0$  mm  $t=4.0$  mm  $T=7.6$  mm  $I_y=473$  cm<sup>4</sup>  $i_z=1.84$  cm  $W_{pl,y}=84.2$  cm<sup>3</sup>  $W_{el,y}=74.6$  cm<sup>3</sup>

Classification: Flange:  $c/t = 28.4/7.6 = 3.74 \leq 9\epsilon$  (7.32): Class 1, plastic

EC3 Table 5.2 Web:  $c/t = 96.6/4.0 = 24.1 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.6): Class 1, plastic

**Shear**

Design shear force,  $V_{Ed} = 1.41$  kN

Shear area,  $A_v = A - 2bt_f + (t_w + 2r)t_f = 16.5 \times 100 - 2 \times 76.0 \times 7.60 + (4.00 + 2 \times 7.60) \times 7.60 = 641$  mm<sup>2</sup> [EC3 6.2.6 (3)]

Shear resistance,  $V_{pl,Rd} = A_v \cdot (f_y / \sqrt{3}) / \gamma_{M0} = 641 \times (355 / \sqrt{3}) / (1.0 \times 1000) = 131$  kN ( $\geq 1.41$ ) OK [EC3 6.2.6]

Shear buckling:  $h_w/t_w = 111.8/4.0 = 27.95 \leq 72\epsilon$  (58.58): check not required [EC3 6.2.6(6)]

**Bending**

**Moment resistance**

Design moment,  $M_{Ed} = 0.63$  kNm

Moment resistance,  $M_{c,y,Rd} = f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} = 355 \times 84.2 / 1000 = 29.9$  kNm OK

**Lateral-torsional buckling check**

Beam is laterally restrained at supports only

Support conditions R1/R2: Compression flange laterally restrained. Nominal torsional restraint. Both flanges free to rotate on plan (1.0L)

Design buckling resistance moment,  $M_{b,Rd} = \chi_{LT,mod} \cdot M_{c,Rd}$

$\chi_{LT,mod} = \chi_{LT}/f$  (but  $\leq 1/\bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2$  and  $\leq 1.0$ ) [Eq.6.58]

$f = 1 - 0.5(1 - k_c)[1 - 2(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - 0.8)^2]$  6.3.2.3(2)  $k_c = 1/\sqrt{C_1}$  [NA2.18]

Use buckling curve b:  $\alpha = 0.340$  [EC3 Tables 6.3/6.4 NA 2.17]

$\chi_{LT} = 1/[\phi_{LT} + \sqrt{(\phi_{LT}^2 - \beta \bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2)}]$  [EC3 (6.57)]





$$\Phi_{LT} = 0.5[1 + \alpha_{LT}(\bar{\lambda}_{LT} - \bar{\lambda}_{LT,0}) + \beta\bar{\lambda}_{LT}^2]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT,0} = 0.4 \quad \beta = 0.75 \quad [\text{EC3 UK NA 2.17}]$$

$$\bar{\lambda}_{LT} = \sqrt{(f_y \cdot W_{pl,y} / M_{cr})}$$

$$M_{cr} = C_1(\pi^2 E I_z / L_e^2) \sqrt{(I_w / I_z + L_e^2 G I_T / \pi^2 E I_z)} \quad [\text{SN003: } k \text{ and } k_w \text{ taken as 1.0, conservative}]$$

$$W_y = 84.20 \text{ cm}^3 \quad I_w = 0.002 \text{ dm}^6 \quad I_T = 2.85 \text{ cm}^4 \quad I_z = 55.7 \text{ cm}^4 \quad G = 81,000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Segment	$L_e$	$M_{Max}$	$C_1$	$k_c$	$M_{cr}$	$\bar{\lambda}_z$	$\bar{\lambda}_{LT}$	$\phi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT}$	$\chi_{LT,mod}$	$M_{c,Rd}$	$M_{b,Rd}$	
0.00-1.80	1.80	0.6	1.00d	1.00	35.7	1.280	0.915	0.901	0.751	0.751	29.9	22.5	OK

C1 derivation: d: taken as 1.0 (conservative)

### Combined bending and shear

$V_{Ed} \leq 0.5 V_{c,Rd}$  : Check for bending/shear interaction not required [EC3 6.2.8(2)]

Web buckling and crushing have not been checked

### Deflection

LL deflection =  $0.08 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 473) = 0.1 \text{ mm}$  OK

TL deflection =  $0.15 \times 1e8 / (210,000 \times 473) = 0.1 \text{ mm}$

### Bearings

127 x 76 x 13 UB stiff bearing length,  $b_1 = t + 1.6r + 2T = 31.4 \text{ mm}$

Design masonry strength =  $0.700 \text{ N/mm}^2$  (User-entered value)

**R1 (1.41 kN) : 400 x 100 mm padstone**

Stress under padstone =  $1.41 \times 1000 / 400 \times 100 = 0.04 \text{ N/mm}^2$  OK

*Padstone height is less than projection (184mm): reinforcement required - not checked*

**R2 as R1**