Appendix 1

260603-PD-02 Tree Schedule 260603-P-01C Tree survey, Proposed Layout and Root Protection Areas.

LONDON BOROUGH OF RICHMOND LIPON THAMES

05 OCT 2007

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Site: 260603-PD-02, Waldegrave Arms, Teddington

DATE:06.06.06

Tree ref No	Species	Height (m)	Stem diameter (mm)	Branch spread (m)	Height of crown clearance (m)	Age class	Physiological condition	Structural condition	Preliminary management recommendations / comments	Estimated remaining contribution	Cat grading
T1	Sycamore	13	440	N 7.1 E 6.5 S 7.7 W 6.8	2	М	G F√ P	G F√ P		>20	B 1
T2	Eucalyptus	15	480	N 6.0 E 6.4 S 7.0 W 6.3	1	М	G F√ P	G F√ P		>20	B 1
G1	Mixed species	Up to 12	Up to 220	N - E - S - W -	-	Y	G F√ P	G F P√		>10	C 1



Age classes relate to Table 1 in British Standard 5837 Y - Young

MA - Middle aged

M - Mature

OM ~ Over mature

V - Veteran

Physical condition G – Good

F – Fair

P - Poor

D - Dead

Structural condition G -Good

F -Fair

P -Poor

TREES FOR REMOVAL Category and definition	Criteria	Identification on plan
Category R Those in such condition that any existing value would be lost within 10 years and which should, in the current context, be removed for reasons of sound arboricultural management	 Trees that have a serious, irremediable, structural defect, such that their early loss is expected to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other R category trees (i.e. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning) Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline. Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other nearby trees (e.g. Dutch elm disease), or very low quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality. NOTE Habitat reinstatement may be appropriate (e.g. R Category tress used as a bat root: installation of bat box in nearby tree) 	DARK RED



TREES TO BE CONSIDERED FOR RETENTION

Category and definition	Criteria-Subcategories						
	1 Mainly Arboricultural values	2 Mainly landscape values	3 mainly cultural values, including conservation	on plan			
Category A Those of high quality and value: in such a condition as to be able to make a substantial contribution (a minimum of 40 years is suggested)	Trees that are of particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual, or essential components of groups, or of formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominant and/or principle tree within an avenue)	Trees, groups or woodlands which provide a definite screening or softening effect to the locality in relation to views into or out of the site, or those of particular visual importance (e.g. avenues or other arboricultural features assessed as groups)	Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation, historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or wood-pasture)	LIGHT GREEN			
tegory B nose of moderate quality lue: Those in such a condition as to make a gnificant contribution (a inimum of 20 years is Trees that the high downgracy condition remediate unsympa	Trees that might be included in the high category, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of remediable defects including unsympathetic past management and minor storm damage)	Trees present in numbers, usually as groups or woodlands, such they form distinct landscape features, thereby attracting a higher collective rating than they might as individuals but which are not, individually, essential components of formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. trees of moderate quality within an avenue that includes better, A category specimens), or trees situated mainly internally to the site, therefore individually having little visual impact on the wider locality	Trees with clearly identifiable conservation or other cultural benefits	MID BLUE			
Category C Those of low quality and value: Currently in adequate condition to remain until new planting can be established (a minimum of 10 years is suggested), or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm	Trees not qualifying in higher categories	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater landscape value, and/or trees offering low or only temporary screening benefit	Trees with very limited conservation or other cultural benefits	GREY			

LONDON BOROUGH OF RICHMOND UPON THAMES

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Appendix 2

260603-P-02 Proposed layout, Root Protection Areas and Proposed Tree works.

LONDON BOROUGH OF

55 OCT 2007

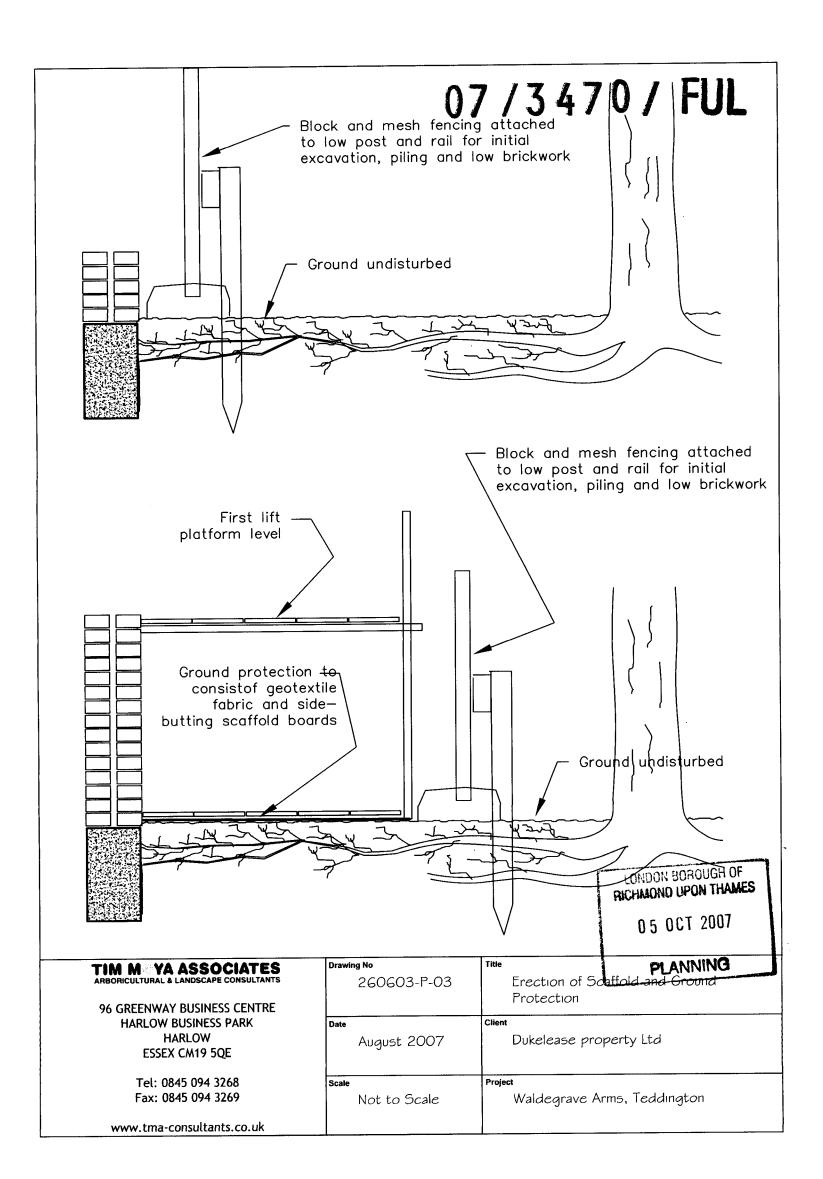
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Appendix 3 260603-P-03 Erection of Scaffold and Ground Protection

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Appendix 4

260603-P-04 Indicative Tree Protection Drawing

LONDON BOROUGH OF RICHMOND LIPON THAMES

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260603-PD-01A

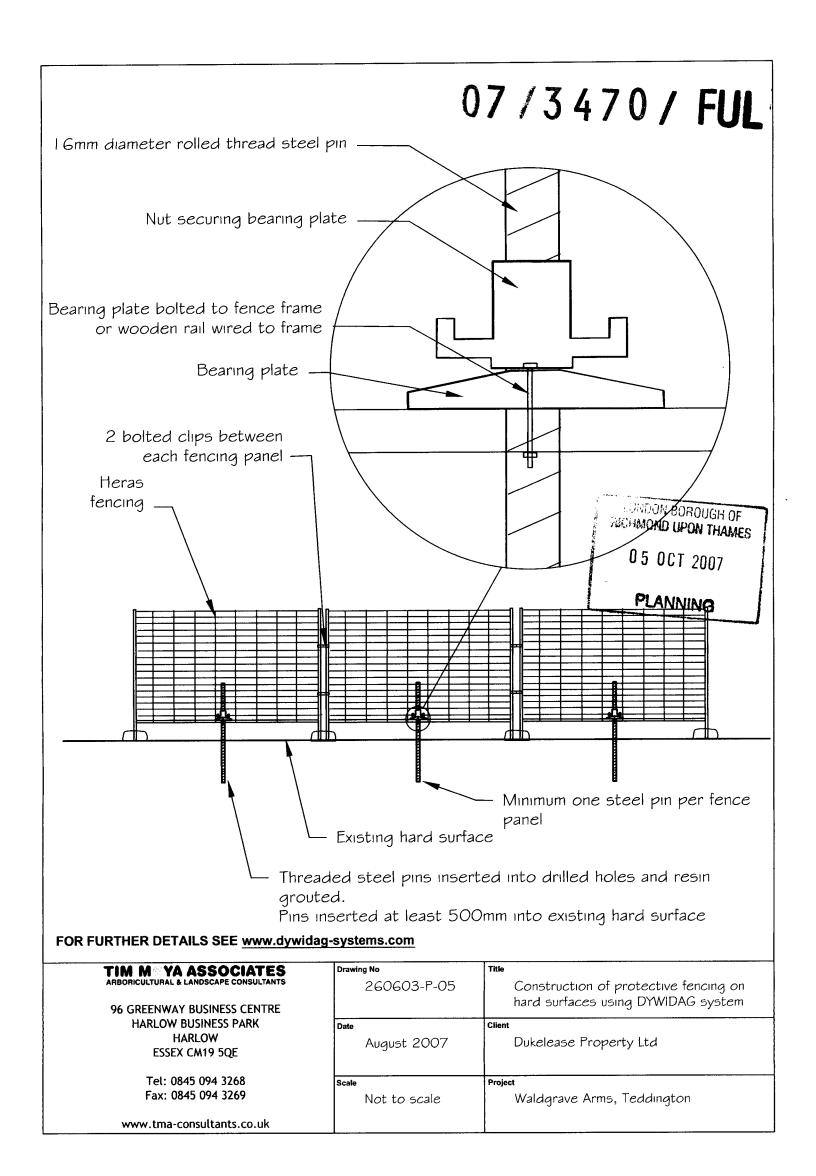
Appendix 5 260603-P-05 Protective Fencing Specification

LONDON BOROUGH OF THAMES

05 OCT 2007

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August 2007



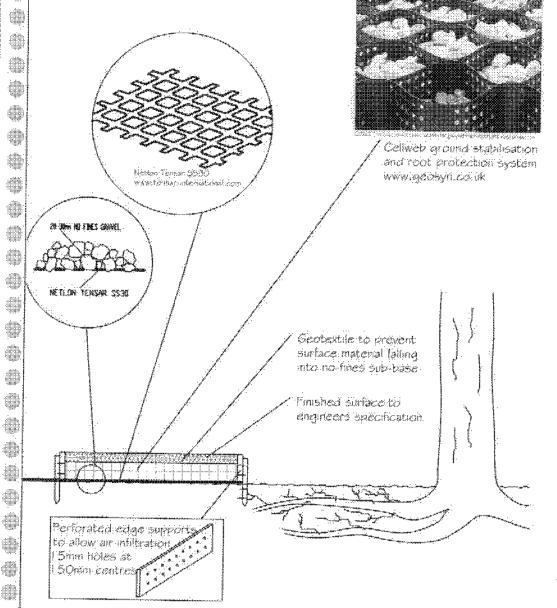
Appendix 6 260603-P-06 Principles of No Dig Construction

LONDON BOROUGH OF RICHMOND UPON THAMES

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260603-PD-01A August 2007



NO DIE CONSTRUCTION OF TEMPORARY HARD SURFACES

- 1) This illustration is not a specification for works but follows the principles contained in the advisory publication "Driveways Close to Trees" [Arboricultural Practice Note 1 - Tree: Advice Trust ISSN 1356-8249]. An engineers advice will be required to specify the load bearing capacity of the temporary readway.
- 2) it is essential that the soil containing roots is not deprived of air. Lack of air in the soil is one of the most common causes of root death. Compaction of the soil will destroy soil structure and prevent gas exchange.
- 3) No plant or vehicles will be permitted to drive over bare soil within the tree protection areas. The construction of the driveway will be take place at the same time as tree protection is installed.
- In order to construct the drive, the following sequence of operations will be followed;
- Bepressions in the natural soil auriace will be filled with sharp sand.

 Band will be transported onto site using wheelbarrows running on boards.
- b) The geogrid will be tald by land and the retaining edge supports (which must be permeable) will be installed using hand tools only.
- c) The geowek (which must be perforated to allow six circulation) will be laid by hand.
- d) No-fines 20-30mm gravel will be used to fill the geoweb working from the outrance of the site. Wheelbarrows and shovels will be used to transport the gravel.
- e) If a commit-based wearing surface is to be used, a further membrane will need to be installed above the geoweb to preserve the permeability of the sub-base.
- 4) No plant or equipment will enter the site until the driveway is constructed and the the protective fending is in place.

LONDON BOROUGH OF FEMALOND UPON THAMES

05 OCT 2007

CONSTRUCTION OF NO DIG DRIVEWAY (NOT TO SCALE)

PLANNING

TIM MOYA ASSOCIATES

ii X

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Ora	260603-P-06	Specialised No-dig hard surface:
Del	August 2007	Dukelease Properly Ltd
.543	NTŚ:	Project Waldedrave Arins, Teddington